

# **Pro-face**

# PL-5900 Series User Manual



# Introduction

Thank you for purchasing Proface's PL-5900 series Panel Computer, hereafter referred to as "the PL". This unit embodies Proface's latest, cost-effective architecture and is designed for Industrial Automation users.

Prior to using your PL, be sure to read this manual thoroughly to familiarize yourself with the unit's operation procedures and functions.

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# **Essential Safety Precautions**

This manual includes the following cautions concerning procedures that must be followed to operate the PL correctly and safely. Prior to operating the PL, be sure to read this manual and any related materials thoroughly to understand the correct operation and functions of this unit.

#### **Safety Icons**

To allow you to use the PL correctly, throughout this manual, the following icons are provided next to items requiring special attention.

These icons indicate the following levels of danger:





Indicates situations where severe bodily injury, death or major equipment damage may occur.

Indicates situations where slight bodily injury or machine damage can occur.

# **⚠ WARNINGS**

- To avoid the possiblity of an electric shock, be sure to connect the power cord to the PL before connecting it to the main power supply.
- A fire or electrical shock may occur if voltages used with the PL are beyond the specified range. Be sure to use only the specified voltage.
- Before opening the PL's protective cover, be sure to turn the unit's power OFF. This is because the PL's internal parts carry high voltages.
- To avoid fires or electrical hazards, do not modify the PL in any way.
- Do not create touch panel switches that are used to either control or to ensure the safety of equipment and personnel. Mechanical switches, such as an emergency stop switch, a deadman (two-handed) start switch, etc., must be installed and operated via a separate control system.

# **WARNINGS**

After the PL's backlight burns out, unlike the PL's
 "Standby Mode", the touch panel is still active. If the operator fails to notice that the backlight is burned out and touches the panel, a potentially dangerous machine operation mistake can occur.

If your PL's backlight suddenly turns OFF, use the following steps to determine if the backlight is actually burned out.

- 1) If your PL is <u>not</u> set to "Standby Mode" and the screen has gone blank, your backlight is burned out.
- 2) Or, if your PL <u>is</u> set to Standby Mode, but touching the screen does not cause the display to reappear, your backlight is burned out.
- If metal particles, water or other types of liquids contact any of the PL's internal parts, immediately turn the unit's power OFF, unplug the power cord, and contact either your PL distributor or the Digital Electronics Corporation.
- Read and understand Chapter 4 "Installation and Wiring" thoroughly in order to select an appropriate installation location for the PL.
- Before either plugging in or unplugging a board or interface connector, be sure to turn the PL's power OFF.
- To prevent a possible explosion, do not install the PL in areas containing flammable gases.
- The PL is not appropriate for use with aircraft control devices, aerospace equipment, central trunk data transmission (communication) devices, nuclear power control devices, or medical life support equipment, due to these devices' inherent requirements of extremely high levels of safety and reliability.
- When using the PL with transportation vehicles (trains, cars and ships), disaster and crime prevention devices, various types of safety equipment, non-life support related medical devices, etc. redundant and/or failsafe system designs should be used to ensure the proper degree of reliability and safety.

# **A**CAUTIONS

- Never strike the touch panel with a hard, heavy or pointed object, or press on the touch panel too strongly, since it may damage the unit.
- Avoid exposing the PL to, or operating the PL in direct sunlight, high temperatures and humidity, and in areas where excessive dust and vibration will occur.
- Avoid using the PL in areas where sudden, extreme changes in temperature can occur. This may cause condensation to form inside the unit, possibly leading to an accident.
- To prevent the PL from overheating, be sure its air circulation vents are clear and clean, and keep the unit's operation area well-ventilated.
- Avoid operating or storing the PL near chemicals, or where chemicals can come into contact with the unit.
- When the Standard display is connected to the PL, after turning the display OFF, be sure to wait at least three (3) seconds before turning it ON again.

## When PL Hard Disk (HDD) data is lost:

- The Digital Electronics Corporation cannot be held responsible or provide any compensation for damage(s) caused by the loss of data stored in the PL's hard disk drive (HDD). It is therefore strongly suggested that all important data and software be backed up regularly to an external data backup device.
- Please be aware that the Digital Electronics Corporation bears no responsibility for any damages resulting from the customer's application of this unit's hardware or software.
- Since the PL unit's hard disk drive (HDD) is a consumable item, i.e. it has a limited lifetime, be sure to back up its data regularly and prepare a spare HDD unit.
- To prevent file data damage, be sure to shut down the PL's OS before turning OFF the main power.
- After turning OFF the PL's power, wait until the internal HDD stops spinning before turning on the power again (approx. 5 seconds).

### ■ About the PL's Display Panel

- The PL's currently displayed data, its voltage and brightness setting each affect the intensity of *Contouring*. (i.e, when some parts of the screen are brighter than others, creating a wavelike pattern)
- There are minute grid-points (dark and light) on the Display Panel's surface. This is part of the PL's design and not a defect.
- Shadows may appear at the top of the LCD. This is normal for an LCD display.
- Sometimes the display area may look as if the display colors have changed. This is a common attribute of LCD's and is not a defect.
- Displaying a single image for long periods can cause an afterimage to remain when the display is changed to another screen. To prevent this, periodically turn the PL OFF and then ON again to remove this afterimage.

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# **Documentation Conventions**

The list below describes the documentation conventions used in this manual.

| Symbol               | Meaning  |
|----------------------|--|
| Important            | Indicates important information or procedures that must be followed for correct and risk-free software/device operation. |
| Note:                | Provides useful or important supplemental information.   |
| *1                   | Indicates useful or important supplemental information.  |
| <b>▼</b> Reference ▲ | Refers to useful or important supplemental information   |
| 1) , 2)              | Indicates steps in a procedure. Be sure to perform these steps in the order given.                                       |
| PL                   | Abbreviation for the PL-5900 Series Industrial Computers.  |

# **PL Series Panel Types**

DC24V Series Unit Model Numbers:

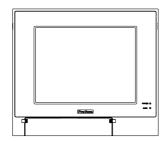
| Item | Code  | Meaning                           |  |  |
|------|-------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Α    | PL590 | PL-5900 Series Unit               |  |  |
| В    | 0     | 3-slot type                       |  |  |
| В    | 1     | 1-slot type                       |  |  |
| С    | Т     | TFT Color LCD display             |  |  |
|      | 1     | AC100V Model (no certification)   |  |  |
| "    | 4     | CE Marking, UL/c-UL(CSA) Approval |  |  |
| E    | *     | Revision No.                      |  |  |

# **Package Contents**

The PL's packing box contains the items listed below. Please check to confirm that all items shown below have been included.

#### **■ PL Unit**

#### PL-5900T/PL-5901T



#### ■ Power Cord

(included in the PL5900-T12/PL5901-T12



■ Installation Fasteners (4 brackets/set)



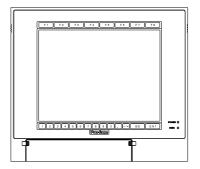
■ Installation Gasket



**■** Function Labels



Attach the function labels as shown below.



■PL-5900 Series User Manual & Driver CD





- Be careful when handling the PL not to damage the built-in HDD
- This cord is designed only for AC100V use. Any other voltage will require a different cord.
- If your PL unit contains a built-in accessory, that accessory's Installation Guide will also be included in the PL's packing box. Please check that all items normally included with that accessory are also included in this box.



The CD-ROM contains User Manual and PL-5900 Series Utility and Driver. Fordetails, Chapter6 -Setting Up Your PL OS.

# **Special Features**

The PL-5900 series displays are equipped with the following features:

#### **■** The Latest, High-Performance Architecture

Designed around the AMD-K6®-III E+ 500 MHz CPU, the PL utilizes the type of high-performance architecture that offers you superior compatibility.

#### ■ Bright 10.4" LCD with a Wide Viewing Angle

The PL's large 10.4-inch 640 x 480 dot TFT LCD display offers excellent visibility and brightness.



This top of the line TFT color LCD model allows you to create detailed and powerful visual images, with excellent brightness, a wide viewing angle, and a display capable of 64k colors.

#### **■** Easy Front Panel Installation

The PL is designed to be installed easily into the front of any panel or device. It is also rugged enough for use in harsh, industrial environments, such as those found in the factory automation industry and its front panel boasts an IP65f equivalent rating.

#### ■ High Resolution, Analog Type Resistive Film Touch Panel

Standard equipment with the PL is a high resolution 1024 x 1024 touch panel. Also, the separately sold mouse emulation utility provides mouse-like functionality and pointer control.

#### **■** Highly Expandable

The PL units consist of two types; a 1-slot type (with 1 PCI bus also available), and a 3-slot type (with 2 PCI buses available). These slots can accommodate both Digital's own optional boards as well as other commercially available expansion boards.

Digital also offers a wide variety of optional products, such as FDD units, DIM memory modules and others.

# **UL/c-UL(CSA)** Application Notes

The PL5900-T42-24V/PL5901-T42-24V series units are UL/c-UL (CSA) 1950 recognized products. (UL File No. E171486). Please pay special attention to the following instructions when applying for UL/c-UL approval for machinery which includes any of these PL units.

Equipment with a PL mounted in it requires UL/c-UL evaluation for the combination of the PL and equipment.

#### The PL conforms as a component to the following standards:

UL 1950, Third Edition, dated March 1,1998 (Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment, including Electrical Business Equipment)

CSA-C22.2 No. 950-M95 (Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment, including Electrical Business Equipment)

PL5900-T4\* (UL Registration Model: 2880065-02)

PL5901-T4\* (UL Registration Model: 2880065-01)

- The PL should be used as a built-in component of another product.
- Use the PL indoors only.
- When connecting the PL's power cord, be sure to use a cord that is appropriate for the current and voltage used, and that has conductive wires that are 0.75 mm<sup>2</sup> or larger.
- When an end-use product will include the PL, be sure to design the PL's power cut-off switch as a separate disconnect device and locate it where the operator can easily reach it.
- Danger of explosion if backup battery is incorrectly replaced. Replaced only with same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.
- Be sure the unit the PL is built into is a (c)UL1950 approved structure.

# **CE Marking Notes**

The PL5900-T42-24V/PL5901-T42-24V series units are CE marked product that conforms to EMC directive EN55011 (Group 1 Class A) and EN61000-2.

# Memo

# Chapter

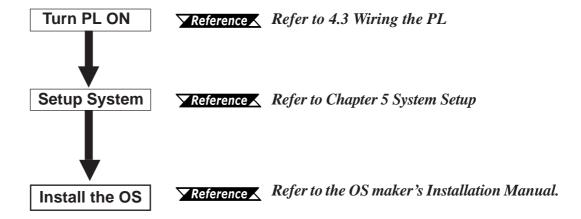
## 1. PL System Design

- 2. Optional Items
- 3. PL Series Panel Types

# 1 PL Basics

# 1.1 PL System Design

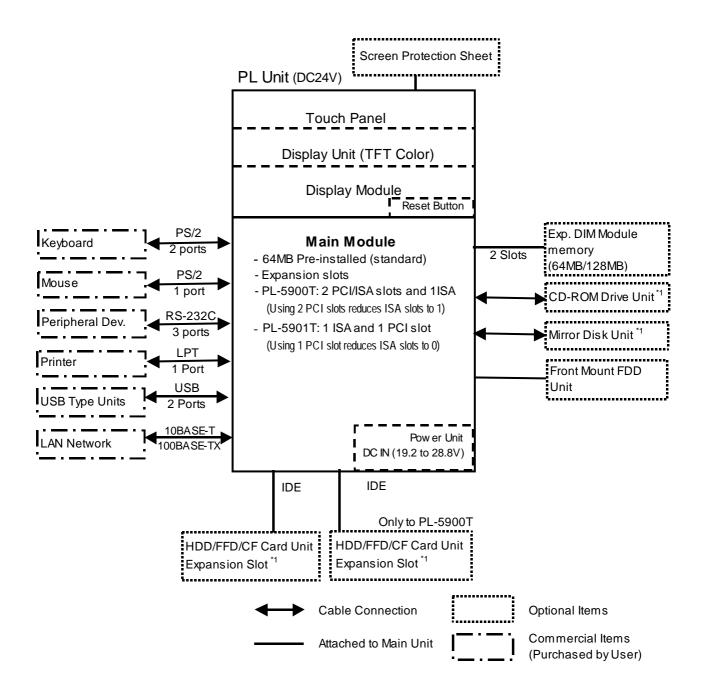
Prior to actual use, be sure to setup your PL as follows.





- After completing the hardware setup, before any data or applications can be installed on the hard disk drive, the OS (Windows® or MS-DOS®) must be used to initialize the HDD and create partitions. For details concerning these procedures, refer to the OS maker's installation manual.
- After turning the PL OFF, be sure to wait at least 5 seconds before turning ON again. If the unit is stated within 5 seconds, it may not start up correctly.
- The PL is designed for use with the MS-DOS®, Windows®98 (SR2), or WindowsNT® 4.0, Windows®2000 operating systems. Other operating systems are not supported by this PL's driver software.

## 1.2 PL System Design





The above system configuration illustrates the PL's internal design and range of connectable peripherals. The user's actual configuration may differ.

<sup>\*1</sup> Certain limitations exist for the combinations of the HDD Unit, FDD Unit, the CF Card unit, the Mirror Disk Unit and the CD-ROM drive.

**<sup>▼</sup>Reference** 1.3 Optional Items

# 1.3 Optional Items

## **■** Options

| Name                                  | Model<br>number | Description   |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|---|--|--|--|
| DIM Module                            | PL-EM500        | SDRAM (DIMM) Provides 64MB of memory  |  |  |  |
| Diw Wodule                            | PL-EM128        | SDRAM (DIMM) Provides 128MB of memory                                       |  |  |  |
| HDD Unit                              | PL-HD220        | 10GB 2.5" HDD Unit (OS not included)  |  |  |  |
| FDD Unit                              | PL-FD500        | IBM PC Compatible 3.5" FDD unit (Attaches to front slot)                    |  |  |  |
| FFD Unit<br>(Flash File Disk)         | PL-FF210        | Flash File Disk Provides 32MB of memory, connected to IDE I/F. Used as HDD. |  |  |  |
|                                       |                 | IDE (AT API) compatible CD-ROM drive unit                                   |  |  |  |
| CD-ROM Unit                           | PL-DK200        | – for development and maintenance use.                                      |  |  |  |
|                                       |                 | (special connection cable is included with CD-ROM unit)                     |  |  |  |
| CF Card Unit                          | PL-CF200        | Designed exclusively for 5V type cards.                                     |  |  |  |
| CF Card                               | GP077-CF20      | CF card (16M). CF Card Unit PL-CF200 is required.                           |  |  |  |
| Or Gard                               | GP077-CF30      | CF card (32M). CF Card Unit PL-CF200 is required.                           |  |  |  |
| Mirror Disk Unit                      | PL-MD200-       | IDE compatible mirror disk unit without OS for data protection              |  |  |  |
| mirror Brok Grit                      | HU01            | in case of HDD malfunction. Contains 2 2.5inch, 2.1GB drives.               |  |  |  |
| Soft Mirror Utility                   | PL-SM500        | Provides RAID Level 1 protection, without Mirror Disk unit.                 |  |  |  |
| RS-232C/RS-485                        | PL-RC500        | Converts an RS-232C interface to an RS-485 interface.                       |  |  |  |
| Adaptor                               |                 | Connects to COM3.   |  |  |  |
| Screen<br>Protection                  | PL-CS001        | Disposable, dirt-resistant sheet for screen protection. The                 |  |  |  |
| Sheet                                 | FL-03001        | Touch Panel can be used through this sheet. (10 sheets/set)                 |  |  |  |
| Glare Resistant                       | PL-NGS01        | Disposable, glare-resistant sheet for screen protection. The                |  |  |  |
| Sheet                                 | FL-NGSUT        | Touch Panel can be used through this sheet. (10 sheets/set)                 |  |  |  |
|                                       |                 | This software adds mouse and keyboard-like functionality to                 |  |  |  |
| Mouse Emulator<br>V2                  | PL-TD000        | the Touch Panel. (Windows <sup>®</sup> 98, Windows <sup>®</sup> 2000 and    |  |  |  |
| \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ |                 | WindowsNT <sup>®</sup> 4.0 only)  |  |  |  |



- Since the PL's hard disk drive (HDD) is a consumable item, i.e. it has a finite usage lifetime, be sure to back up its data frequently and perform regular maintenance.
- The Hard Disk lifetime given here may be reduced due to unforeseen environmental factors, however, generally speaking, at an operating temperature of 20°C the disk should last for 20,000 hours (of operation) or approximately 5 years, whichever comes first.



• The PL is equipped with three IDE interfaces, two of which can be used by the HDD or FFD units (PL-5901T can use only one), and one which can be used by either the CD-ROM drive or the Mirror Disk unit. Physically, even though up to three IDE drive units can be connected at the same time, IDE interface specifications require that a controller's simultaneous operation be limited to a single master and slave unit, for a total of two devices. The following chart shows the combinations available when using two IDE units (PL-5901T can use only one).

| HDD Unit          | MS | М | М | М | М | S |    |   |   |   | S |   |   |   | S |   |   |   |
|-------------------|----|---|---|---|---|---|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| FFD Unit          |    | S |   |   |   | М | MS | М | М | М |   | S |   |   |   | S |   |   |
| Mirror Disk Unit  |    |   | S |   |   |   |    | S |   |   | М | М | М | М |   |   | S |   |
| CD-ROM Drive Unit |    |   |   | S |   |   |    |   | S |   |   |   | S |   |   |   |   | S |
| CF Card Unit      |    |   |   |   | S |   |    |   |   | S |   |   |   | S | М | М | М | М |

MS: Combination of 2 units - Master or Slave, is possible.

M: Used only for Master.S: Used only for Slave.

### **■** Maintenance Options

| Name                                   | Model<br>number     | Description  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Mirror Disk Unit<br>Replacement<br>HDD | PL-MD200-<br>MD01   | Mirror Disk Unit's replacement HDD (1).  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Installation<br>Fasteners              | GP070-AT01          | Used to install the PL into a panel or cabinet. Same as original equipment brackets. (4 brackets/set)            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Installation<br>Gasket                 | PL-WS500            | Used to prevent moisture from entering into the PL's case fro the front face. Same as original equipment gasket. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Backlight                              | GP577T -<br>BL00-MS | Spare Backlight for maintenance. (2 bulbs/set)   |  |  |  |  |  |  |



- Since the PL's hard disk drive (HDD) is a consumable item, i.e. it has a finite usage lifetime, be sure to back up its data frequently and perform regular maintenance.
- The Hard Disk lifetime given here may be reduced due to unforeseen environmental factors, however, generally speaking, at an operating temperature of 20°C the disk should last for 20,000 hours (of operation) or approximately 5 years, whichever comes first.

### **■** Commercially Available Items

The PL-5900 Series units can all use commercially available expansion boards (PCI/ISA compatible) as well as a standard keyboard, mouse, printer, etc. However, among the commercially available USB devices, not all will be compatible with the PL unit. For a list of the USB devices that can be used with your PL, please contact your local PL distributor.



- Be sure to use only DIM modules manufactured by Digital. Installing other DIM modules may result in either damage to or failure of the PL, and will void your warranty.
- When using USB type devices, be sure they are USB compatible, and be sure to read that device's installation guide prior to connecting it to the PL.

# Memo



- 1. General Specifications
- 4. PL Part Names and Features
- 2. Functional Specifications
- 5. PL Dimensions
- 3. Interface Connector Specifications

# 2 Specifications

# 2.1 General Specifications

## 2.1.1 Electrical

## ■ PL5900-T12, PL5901-T12

|                        | PL5900-T12 PL5901-T12                                      |                   |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------|--|-------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Rated Voltage          | AC100V   |                   |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage Range          | AC85V to   | AC132V            |  |  |  |  |
| Frequency              | 50/6   | 50Hz              |  |  |  |  |
| Allewahle Veltage Dren | 1 cycle  | or less           |  |  |  |  |
| Allowable Voltage Drop | (however, pause occurrences must be more than 1 second apa |                   |  |  |  |  |
| Power Consumption      | 150VA or less 110VA or less                                |                   |  |  |  |  |
| Valtara Fadurana       | AC1500V 20mA for 1 minute                                  |                   |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage Endurance      | (between charging and FG terminals)                        |                   |  |  |  |  |
| Insulation Desistance  | $10 { m M}_{oldsymbol{\Omega}}$ or higher at DC500V        |                   |  |  |  |  |
| Insulation Resistance  | (between charging  | and FG terminals) |  |  |  |  |

## ■ PL5900-T42-24V, PL5901-T42-24V

|                        | PL5900-T42-24V   | PL5901-T42-24V    |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------|--|-------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Rated Voltage          | DC24V  |                   |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage Range          | DC19.2V to   | DC28.8V           |  |  |  |  |
| Allowable Voltage Drag | 10 ms  | or less           |  |  |  |  |
| Allowable Voltage Drop | (however, pause occurrences must be more than 1 second apa |                   |  |  |  |  |
| Power Consumption      | 100W or less 80W or less                                   |                   |  |  |  |  |
| In-rush Current        | 30A o  | rless             |  |  |  |  |
| Valtara Fradurana      | AC1000V 10mA for 1 minute                                  |                   |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage Endurance      | (between charging and FG terminals)                        |                   |  |  |  |  |
| Inculation Desistance  | 10M $_{m \Omega}$ or high                                  | ner at DC500V     |  |  |  |  |
| Insulation Resistance  | (between charging  | and FG terminals) |  |  |  |  |

#### 2.1.2 Environmental

| Ambient Operating Temperature       | 0°C to 45°C (with HDD attached: 5°C to 45°C)   |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Storage Temperature                 | -10°C to +60°C   |  |  |
| Ambient Humidity                    | 10%RH to 85%RH (A wet bulb temperature of 29°C or less)  |  |  |
| Air Purity Level                    | 0.1mg/m <sup>3</sup> or less (free of conductive particles and dust)   |  |  |
| Atomosheric Pressure<br>Resistance  | 800 to 1114hPa (2000 meters or lower)  |  |  |
| Vibration Resistance                | 19.6m/s <sup>2</sup> at 10Hz to 25Hz in X, Y, Z directions for 30 minutes  With HDD attached: 4.9m/s <sup>2</sup> With FD unit attached: 9.8m/s <sup>2</sup> |  |  |
| Noise Endurance                     | Noise Voltage: 1500Vp-p Pulse Width: 50ns, 500ns, 1ms Rise Time: 1ns (via noise simulator)   |  |  |
| Electrostatic Discharge<br>Immunity | 6kV IEC 61000-4-2 Level 3  |  |  |
| Noise Immunity                      | Power Line: 2kV IEC 61000-4-4 Level 3  |  |  |



- When using any of the PL's optional devices, be sure to check that device's specifications for any special conditions or cautions that may apply to its use.
- Since the PL unit's hard disk drive (HDD) is a consumable item, i.e. it has a limited lifetime, be sure to back up its data regularly and prepare a spare HDD unit.
- The Hard Disk lifetime given here may be reduced due to unforeseen environmental factors, however, generally speaking, at an operating temperature of 20°C the disk should last for 20,000 hours (of operation) or approximately 5 years, whichever comes first.
- Using the Hard Disk in an environment that is excessively hot and/or humid will shorten the disk's usage lifetime. A wet bulb temperature of 29°C or less is recommended. This is equivalent to the following data.

| Temperature | Humidity             |
|-------------|----------------------|
| at 35°C     | no higher than 64%RH |
| at 40°C     | no higher than 44%RH |

#### 2.1.3 Structural

|  | PL-5900T   | PL-5901T                 |
|--|--|--------------------------|
| Grounding                                | Exclusive grounding: Use your country's applicable standar |                          |
| Rating<br>(Front face of installed unit) | Equivalent to IP65f (JEM 1030) *1                          |                          |
| Weight                                   | 6.0 kg (13.2 lb) or less                                   | 5.5 kg (12.1 lb) or less |
| Cooling Method                           | Natural air  | ventilation              |
|  | W 311mm[12.24in.] x  | W 311mm[12.24in.] x      |
| Fortament Dimensions                     | H 271mm[10.67in.] x  | H 271mm[10.67in.] x      |
| External Dimensions                      | D 130mm[5.12in.]   | D 93mm[4.57in.]          |
|  | (excluding projections)                                    | (excluding projections)  |
|  | W 311mm[12.24in.] x  | W 311mm[12.24in.] x      |
| Dimensions Including FDD Unit            | H 271mm[10.67in.] x  | H 271mm[10.67in.] x      |
| Differsions including 1 DD offic         | D 130mm[5.12in.]   | D 123mm[4.84in.]         |
|  | (excluding projections)                                    | (excluding projections)  |
|  | W 311mm[12.24in.] x  | W 311mm[12.24in.] x      |
| Dimensions Including Mirror              | H 271mm[10.67in.] x  | H 271mm[10.67in.] x      |
| Disk Unit                                | D 180mm[7.09in.]   | D 143mm[5.63in.]         |
|  | (excluding projections)                                    | (excluding projections)  |
|  | W 311mm[12.24in.] x  | W 311mm[12.24in.] x      |
| Dimensions Including RS-                 | H 271mm[10.67in.] x  | H 271mm[10.67in.] x      |
| 232C/RS-485 Conversion Unit              | D 152mm[5.98in.]   | D 115mm[4.53in.]         |
|  | (excluding projections)                                    | (excluding projections)  |

<sup>\*1</sup> The front face of the PL unit, installed in a solid panel, has been tested using conditions equivalent to the standard shown in this specification. However even though the PL unit's level of resistance is equivalent to the standard, oils that should have no effect on the PL can possibly harm the unit. This can occur in areas where either vaporized oils are present, or where low viscosity cutting oils are allowed to adhere to the face of the unit for long periods of time. If the PL's front face protection sheet becomes peeled off, these conditions can lead to the ingress of oil into the PL and separate protection measures are suggested. Also, if non-approved oils are present, it may cause deformation or corrosion of the front panel's plastic cover. Therefore, prior to installing the PL be sure to confirm the type of conditions that will be present in the PL's operating environment.

# 2.2 Functional Specifications

## 2.2.1 General

| СР                        | U                 | AMD-K6®-III E+ 500MHz Processor   |  |  |
|---------------------------|-------------------|---|--|--|
| DRAM (SDR                 | AM DIMM)          | 64N   | /IB Standard (2 DIMM sockets: max. 256MB)          |  |
| BIOS AWARD PC/AT Co       |                   | AWARD PC/AT Compatible  |  |  |
| Secondary Cache<br>Memory |                   |   | 256KB (built-in)                                   |  |
|                           |                   | VGA (640 x 480 dots)  |  |  |
| Grap                      | hics              |   | VESA 16 colors/256 colors/16-bit color             |  |
| Video M                   | lemory            |   | UMA (Unified memory architecture) type             |  |
|                           | Type              |   | Resistive Film (Analog)                            |  |
| Touch Panel               | Resolution        |   | 1024 x 1024  |  |
|                           | Interface         |   | COM4 : uses Mouse Emulator                         |  |
|                           | Serial            | RS-232C (W/FIFO) COM1 D-Sub 9 pin male side (RI/+5V Change COM3 D-Sub 9 |  |  |
|                           | Printer           | Centronics  | Standard (ECP/EPP equivalent) D-sub 25 pin, female |  |
|                           | Keyboard          | PS/2 Interface (mini DIN 6 pin, female)   |  |  |
|                           | Mouse             | PS/2 Interface (mini DIN 6 pin, female)   |  |  |
|                           | USB <sup>*1</sup> | USB 1.0 Interface (side/front)  |  |  |
| Interfaces                | Network           |   | IEEE802.3 10BASE-T, 100BASE-TX side                |  |
|                           | RAS               |   | RAS Interface (D-sub 25 pin, male)                 |  |
|                           |                   | FDD Unit  | Front Access/ 2 modes/ 3.5 inch FD                 |  |
|                           |                   |   | Side-mount 2.5 inch HDD I/F                        |  |
|                           | Disk I/F          | E-IDE   | PL-5900T: 2 slots                                  |  |
|                           |                   | E-IDE   | PL-5901T: 1 slot                                   |  |
|                           |                   |   | Rear-mount Mirror Disk/CD-ROM (1 slot)             |  |

<sup>\*1</sup> Since MS-DOS® and WindowsNT®4.0 do not support this function, this feature cannot be used if those OS types are installed in the PL.

### 2.2.2 Display

| Display Type                       | TFT Color LCD  |  |
|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Resolution                         | 640 x 480 pixels   |  |
| <b>Dot Pitch</b> 0.33 mm x 0.33 mm |  |  |
| Effective Display Area             | W211.2 mm x H158.4 mm  |  |
| Display Colors                     | 16-bit color   |  |
| Contrast Control                   | Not available  |  |
| Backlight                          | CFL (User replaceable)   |  |
| Backlight Lifetime                 | 50,000 hours or longer at an ambient temperature of 25°C.              |  |
|                                    | (Until the backlight's brightness dims to half of the original level.) |  |



When it is time to change the backlight, please contact your local PL distributor.

**▼**Reference **▲** 

7.2 Replacing the Backlight.

## 2.2.3 Expansion Slots

#### ■PL-5900T

|                      | Board  | l Size      |            |                 |  |
|----------------------|--|-------------|------------|-----------------|--|
|                      | PCI<br>(Rev.2.1, 5V/32bit)   | ISA         | Slot Pitch | Board Thickness |  |
| 1 <sup>st</sup> slot | 180 x 122mm  | 180 x 122mm |            | Less than 13mm  |  |
| 2 <sup>nd</sup> slot | 210 x 122mm  | 180 x 122mm | 25mm       | Less than 18mm  |  |
| 3 <sup>rd</sup> slot | None   | 210 x 122mm | 20mm       | Less than 13mm  |  |
| Power<br>Supply      | 3.3V : 1A<br>5V : 3A 12V : 0.6A<br>-5V : 0.1A -12V : 0.1A<br>(total for 3 slots) |             |            |                 |  |



Note: For the 1st and 2nd slots either a PCI or an ISA type expansion board can be used.

#### ■PL-5901T

|                      | Board                      | l Size      |            |                 |
|----------------------|----------------------------|-------------|------------|-----------------|
|                      | PCI<br>(Rev.2.1, 5V/32bit) | ISA         | Slot Pitch | Board Thickness |
| 1 <sup>st</sup> slot | 180 x 122mm                | 210 x 122mm |            | Less than 13mm  |
| Power<br>Supply      | 3.3V : 1A<br>5V : 1A       |             |            |                 |

## 2.2.4 Clock (RTC) Accuracy

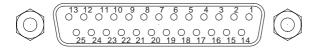
|  | Clock(RTC) accuracy | ±180 seconds per month |
|--|---------------------|------------------------|
|--|---------------------|------------------------|

The PL unit's built-in clock (RTC) has a slight error. At the PL's specified ambient temperature and with the power turned OFF the error is  $\pm 180$  seconds per month. However, ambient temperature fluctuations and the age of the unit may increase this error to ±300 seconds per month. If the PL unit's RTC clock accuracy is vital to system performance, regular adjustment of this clock is required.

# 2.3 Interface Specifications

### 2.3.1 Printer Interface (LPT1)

#### D-sub 25 Pin (Female)



Screw Size: (4-40UNC): Inch Type



• O.D.: Open Drain

• T.S.: 3-state Input

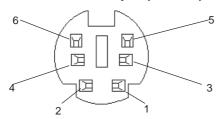
• TTLIN: TTL Input

| Pin<br>No. | SPP/ECP Mode<br>Signal Name | EPP Mode<br>Signal Name | Direction | Electrical<br>Specif. | Pin<br>No.       | SPP/ECP Mode<br>Signal Name | EPP Mode<br>Signal Name | Direction | Electrical Specif. |
|------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|--------------------|
| 1*1        | STRB                        | WRITE                   | In/Output | O.D/T.S               | 14 <sup>*1</sup> | AUTOFD                      | DSTRB                   | In/Output | O.D/T.S            |
| 2          | DATA0                       | DATA0                   | In/Output | T.S                   | 15               | ERROR                       | ERROR                   | Input     | TTL                |
| 3          | DATA1                       | DATA1                   | In/Output | T.S                   | 16 <sup>*1</sup> | INIT                        | INIT                    | In/Output | O.D/T.S            |
| 4          | DATA2                       | DATA2                   | In/Output | T.S                   | 17 <sup>*1</sup> | SLCTIN                      | ADSTRB                  | In/Output | O.D/T.S            |
| 5          | DATA3                       | DATA3                   | In/Output | T.S                   | 18               | GND                         | GND                     |           |                    |
| 6          | DATA4                       | DATA4                   | In/Output | T.S                   | 19               | GND                         | GND                     |           |                    |
| 7          | DATA5                       | DATA5                   | In/Output | T.S                   | 20               | GND                         | GND                     |           |                    |
| 8          | DATA6                       | DATA6                   | In/Output | T.S                   | 21               | GND                         | GND                     |           |                    |
| 9          | DATA7                       | DATA7                   | In/Output | T.S                   | 22               | GND                         | GND                     |           |                    |
| 10         | ACKNLG                      | ACKNLG                  | Input     | TTL                   | 23               | GND                         | GND                     |           |                    |
| 11         | BUSY                        | WAIT                    | Input     | TTL                   | 24               | GND                         | GND                     |           |                    |
| 12         | PE                          | PE                      | Input     | TTL                   | 25               | GND                         | GND                     |           |                    |
| 13         | SLCT                        | SLCT                    | Input     | TTL                   |                  |                             |                         |           |                    |

<sup>\*1</sup> When using the printer interface in SPP mode, pins 1, 14, 16 and 17 become O.D. When using ESC or EPP modes, these pins will change to T.S.

## 2.3.2 Keyboard Interface(KEY BOARD)

Mini - DIN 6 pin (Female)

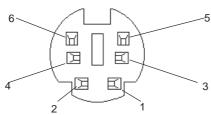


#### (Both front and side)

| Pin No. | Signal Name |
|---------|-------------|
| 1       | KEY DATA    |
| 2       | NC          |
| 3       | GND         |
| 4       | +5 <b>V</b> |
| 5       | KEY CLK     |
| 6       | NC          |
| SHIELD  | GND         |

## 2.3.3 Mouse Interface(MOUSE)

Mini - DIN 6 pin (Female)



| Pin No. | Signal Name |
|---------|-------------|
| 1       | Mouse DATA  |
| 2       | NC          |
| 3       | GND         |
| 4       | +5 <b>V</b> |
| 5       | Mouse CLK   |
| 6       | NC          |
| SHIELD  | GND         |
|         |             |

### 2.3.4 RS-232C Interface (COM1/COM2/COM3)

D-sub 9 pin (Male)



Screw Size: (4-40UNC): Inch Type

| Pin No. | Signal<br>Name | Pin No. | Signal<br>Name |
|---------|----------------|---------|----------------|
| 1       | CD             | 6       | DSR            |
| 2       | RXD            | 7       | RTS            |
| 3       | TXD            | 8       | CTS            |
| 4       | DTR            | 9       | RI/+5V         |
| 5       | GND            |         |                |



The GND terminal is the signal ground. Be sure to connect it with the cable's opposite side SG terminal.

No. 9 pin (RI/+5V) is used by COM2 and COM3 only. If COM1 is used, the pin becomes RI. The changeover from RI to +5V is set via the PL side face slide switch.

#### Reference 2.4 PL Part Names and Features

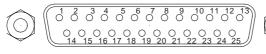


Be sure to confirm what settings will be used by the other device and set the dip switches accordingly. Failure to do so can result in a unit malfunction or damage.

Whenever changing the PL dip switches, be sure to first turn the PL's power supply OFF. Failure to do so can cause a PL malfunction.

### 2.3.5 RAS Interface(RAS)

#### D-Sub 25 pin (Male)



Screw Size: (4-40UNC): Inch
Type

| Pin No. | Signal Name      | Pin No. | Signal Name  |
|---------|------------------|---------|--------------|
| 1       | GND              | 14      | GND          |
| 2       | +5V (max. 100mA) | 15      | +5V          |
| 3       | +12V (max.100mA) | 16      | NC           |
| 4       | NC               | 17      | NC           |
| 5       | RESET INPUT (+)  | 18      | NC           |
| 6       | DIN 0 (+)        | 19      | NC           |
| 7       | DOUT (-)         | 20      | NC           |
| 8       | DOUT (+)         | 21      | LAMP OUT (-) |
| 9       | ALARM OUT (-)    | 22      | LAMP OUT (+) |
| 10      | ALARM OUT (+)    | 23      | NC           |
| 11      | RESET INPUT (-)  | 24      | DIN1 (-)     |
| 12      | DIN 0 (-)        | 25      | NC           |
| 13      | DIN 1 (+)        |         |              |



Be sure to use only the rated voltage level when using the No.2[+5V] and No.3 [+12V] for external power output. Failure to do so can lead to a unit malfunction or accident.



For detailed RAS Feature information,

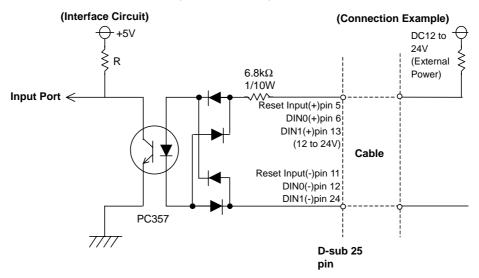
**▼Reference** Appendix 2 RAS Feature.

## **■** External Input Signal (Used for both DIN and Remote Set Input)

- External Power : DC12V to DC24V

- Input Hold : Hold Diode

- Isolation : Used (Photo isolation)

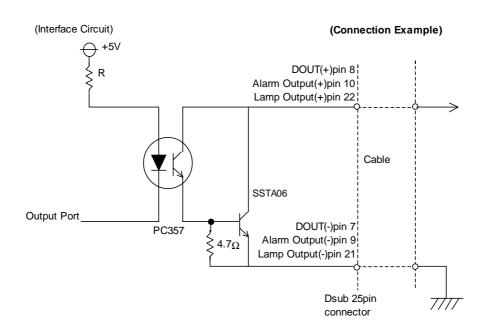




The power supply used for sink/source type input can use either polar or non-polar connection.

## ■ External Output Signal (DOUT, Alarm Output, Lamp Output Port)

Output Specifation : DC24V 100mA (MAX)Isolation : Used (Photo isolation)

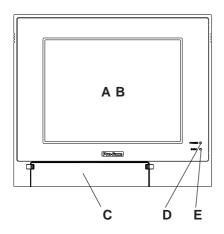


## **■** External Power Output

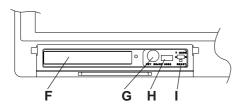
+5V :100mA (MAX)

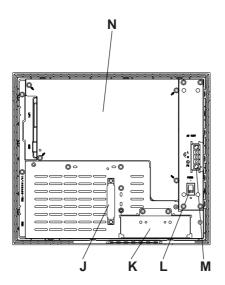
+12V :100mA (MAX)

## 2.4 PL Part Names and Features



<Inside the front maintenance cover>





#### A: Display

Display output area. The built-in VGA controller supports PC compatible architecture.

#### **B: Touch Panel**

This high-resolution analog touch panel allows you to configure a keyboard-less system.

#### C: Front Maintenance Cover

Open this cover to access the Keyboard I/F, Reset Switch and connect the optional FDD unit.

#### D: Power Lamp LED (POWER)

The status of the lamp changes according to the alarm type detected by the RAS feature.

**▼Reference** ∠ 2.3.5 RAS Interface

#### E: Hard Disk Access LED (DISK)

The LED lights during accesses to the hard disk/flash file disk.

#### F: FDD Front Face Blank Panel

Remove this cover to install the optional FDD Unit.

#### **G: Keyboard Connector**

A PS/2 compatible keyboard is connected here.

#### H: USB Connector (USB2)

To use the USB connector, you must install Windows 98 (SR2).

#### I: Hardware Reset Switch (RESET)

#### J: IDE I/F Cover

To connect the optional CD-ROM drive unit (PL-DK200), the Mirror Disk Unit(PL-MD200-HU01), or RS-232C/RS-485 Adapter remove this cover and use this connector.

#### K: FDD Rear Face Blank Panel

Remove this cover to install the optional FDD Unit.

#### L: Power Switch (POWER)

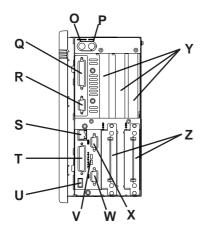
Turns the PL's power ON or OFF.

#### M: Power Terminals

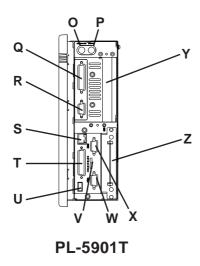
The PL's AC100V/DC24V power cord terminals are connected here.

#### N: Rear Maintenance Cover

Remove this cover to install the optional DIM module, or an expansion board.



PL-5900T



#### O: Keyboard Connector (KEYBOARD)

A PS/2 compatible keyboard can be connected here.

#### P: Mouse Connector (MOUSE)

A PS/2 compatible mouse can be connected here.

#### Q: Printer Connector (LPT1)

Centronics standard interface (D-sub 25 pin female connector), which connects a parallel device, such as a printer (supports ECP/EPP).

R: RS-232C Connector (COM1).

#### S: Ethernet Connector (10/100BASE-TX)

IEEE802.3 standard Ethernet interface. 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX auto changeover.

#### T: RAS Connector (RAS)

Interface for DIN, DOUT, Watchdog, and Remote Reset. (D-sub 25 pin male connector)

#### U: USB Connector (USB1)

To use the USB connector, you must install Windows 98 (SR2).

#### V:Signal Changeover Slide Switch (+5VRI)

This switch changes the COM2/COM 9-pin current from RI to 5V.

W: RS-232C Connector (COM2)

RI/+5V Changeover

X: RS-232C Connector (COM3)

RI/+5V Changeover

Y: Expansion Slot(s)

#### Z: HDD/FFD/CF Card Unit Expansion Slot

Houses an additional HDD unit, FFD unit or CF Card unit.



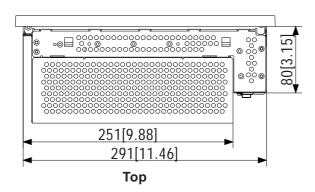
- When attaching peripheral units to the PL, be sure the PL's power cord is disconnected from the main power supply.
- To avoid an electrical shock, be sure to disconnect the PL's power cord from the power supply before connecting the cord's power terminals or any peripheral devices to the PL.

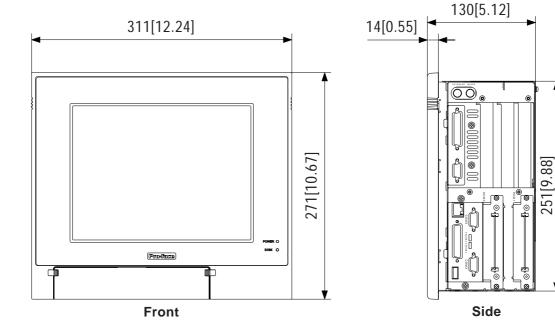
**▼Reference** 4.3.1 Connecting the Power Cord

# 2.5 External Dimensions

### 2.5.1 PL-5900T External Dimensions

(Unit: mm [in.] - excluding projections)



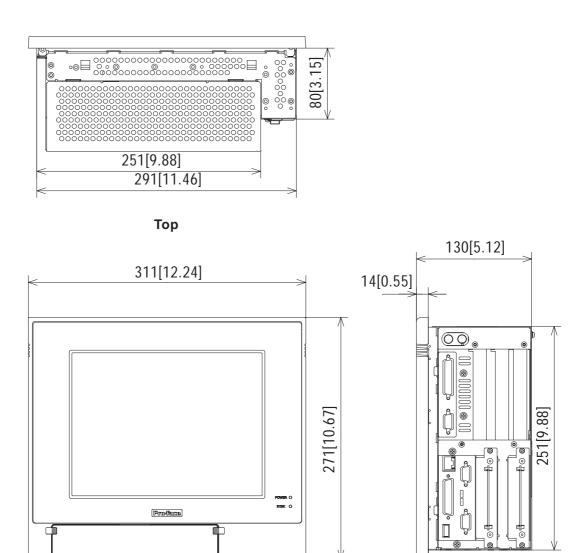


Side

## 2.5.2 PL-5900T with PL-FD500 External Dimensions

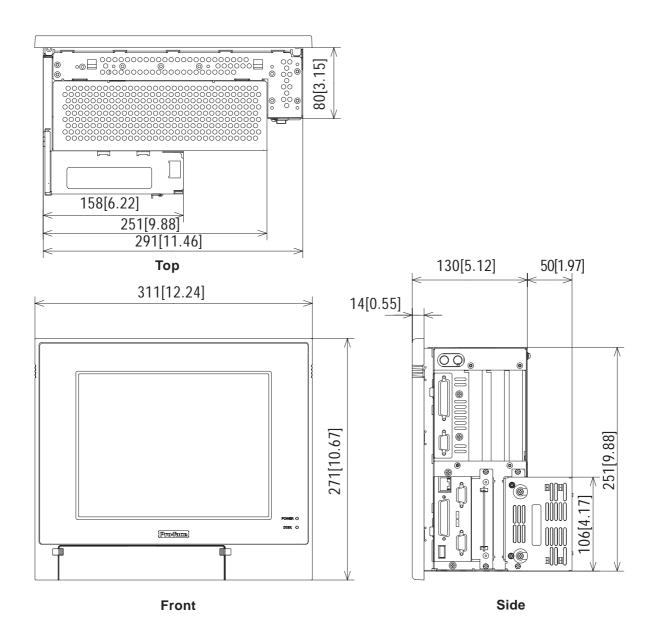
(Unit: mm [in.] - excluding projections)

**Front** 



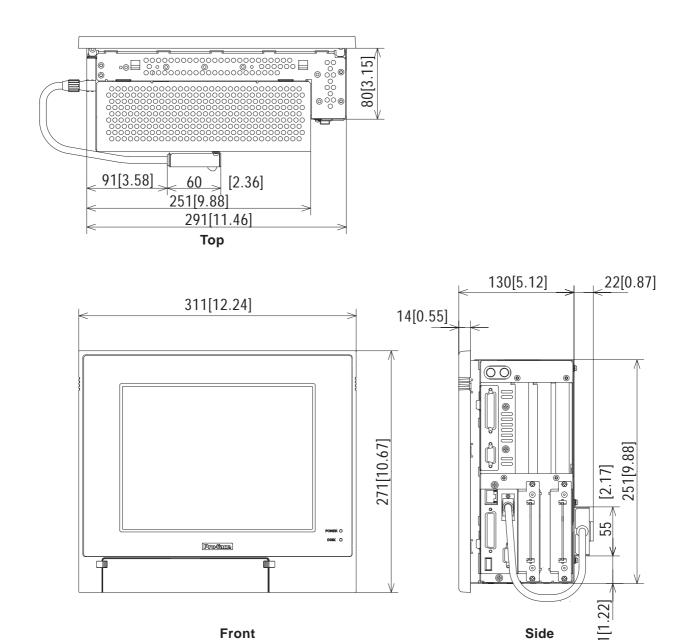
## 2.5.3 PL-5900T with Mirror Disk Unit External Dimensions

(Unit: mm [in.] - excluding projections)



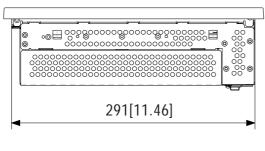
## 2.5.4 PL-5900T with PL-RC500 External Dimensions

(Unit: mm [in.] - excluding projections)

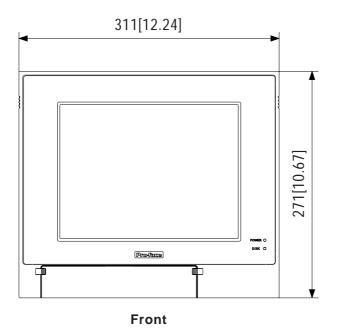


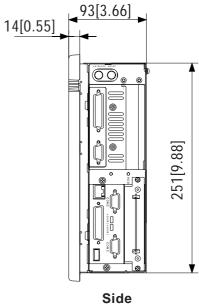
#### 2.5.5 PL-5901T External Dimensions

(Unit: mm [in.] - excluding projections)



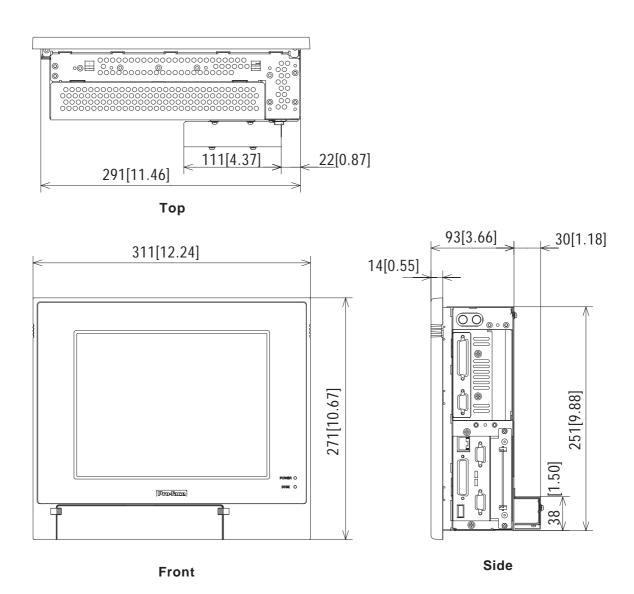
Top





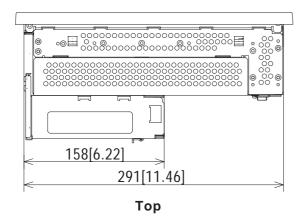
#### 2.5.6 PL-5901T with PL-FD500 External Dimensions

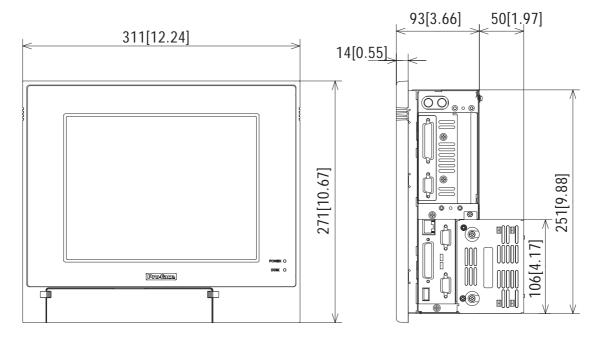
(Unit: mm [in.] - excluding projections)



#### 2.5.7 PL-5901T with Mirror Disk Unit External Dimensions

(Unit: mm [in.] - excluding projections)

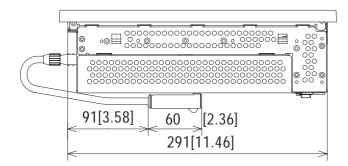




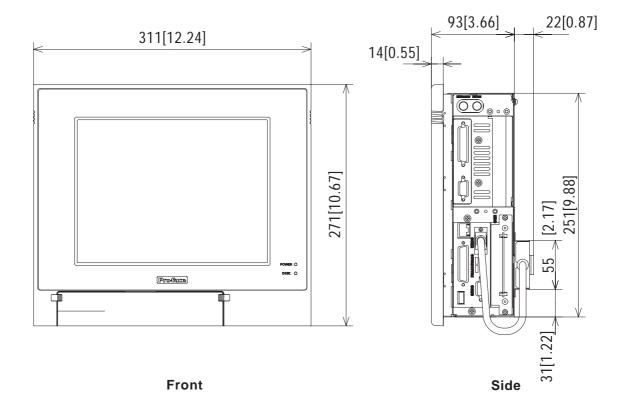
Front Side

#### 2.5.8 PL-5901T with PL-RC500 External Dimensions

(Unit: mm [in.] - excluding projections)

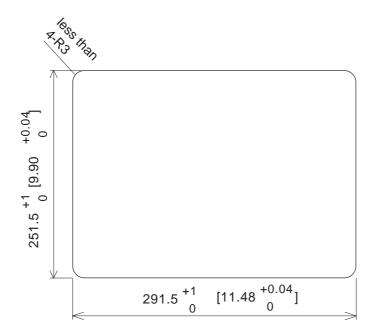


Top



#### 2.5.9 Panel Cut Dimensions

(Unit: mm [in.])





- Be sure the thickness of the panel is from 1.6 to 10 mm.
- All panel surfaces used should be strengthened. Especially, if high levels of vibration are expected and the PL's installation surface (i.e. an operation panel's door, etc.) can move (i.e.open or close) due consideration should be given to the PL's weight.
- To insure that the PL's moisture resistance is maintained, be sure to install the PL into a panel that is flat and free of scratches or dents.
- Be sure all installation tolerances are maintained to prevent the unit from falling out of its installation panel.

#### 1. Installation

## Chapter

## 3 Installing Optional Units and Expansion Boards

A wide variety of optional units and expansion boards made by Digital can be installed in the PL, as well as a number of commercially available PCI-bus or ISA-bus compatible boards. This chapter describes how to install these products in the PL.

#### 3.1 Installation

The following explanation pages describe the installation procedures for the PL's DIM module(PL-EM500/PL-EM128), FDD unit(PL-FD500), HDD unit(PL-HD220), expansion boards and CD-ROM drive unit(PL-DK200).

**Reference** For information about the installation of other option units, please refer to those unit's individual [Installation Guide].

## **MARNING**

To prevent an electric shock or PL damage, confirm that the PL unit's power has been turned OFF before installing any optional units or expansion boards.



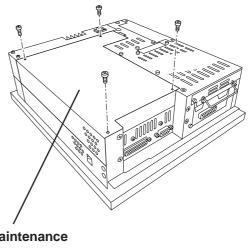
- Use a screwdriver to loosen or tighten the screws. Be careful not to tighten screws too tightly, since it may damage the equipment.
- Be careful when removing or inserting any screws that they do not fall inside the PL.

#### 3.1.1 Removing the Rear Maintenance Cover



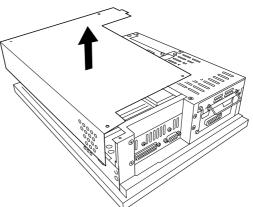
Be sure to handle the rear maintenance cover carefully, since it is made of aluminum and is easily bent.

1) Unscrew the four attachment screws used to hold the rear maintenance cover and half cover.



Rear Maintenance Cover

2) Remove the rear maintenance cover by lifting the cover in the direction shown.



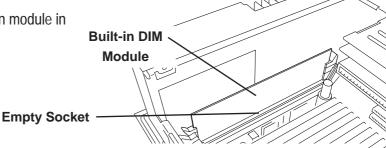
#### 3.1.2 Installing the DIM Module (PL-EM500/PL-EM128)



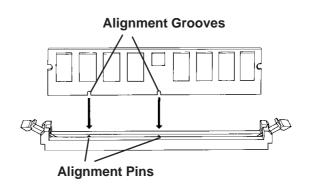
- Since DIM module sockets are fragile and break easily, be sure to install the DIM module carefully.
- Do not change the factory installed DIM module's socket position.

The PL comes with a single, 64MB DIM module pre-installed. There is one more empty socket that can be used to expand your PL unit's memory. Use the following procedure to install a second DIM module in that socket.

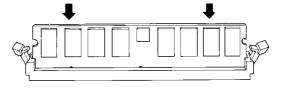
1) Install the DIM expansion module in the empty socket.



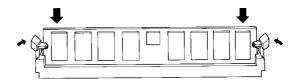
2) Position the Alignment Grooves so that they fit the Alignment Pins.



Insert the DIM module into the DIM module socket.

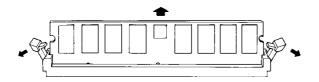


- 4) Push the DIM module down until the ejector tabs lock.
- 5) Replace the rear maintenance cover and the half cover and secure them in place with their attachment screws.



#### **♦** To Remove the DIM Module

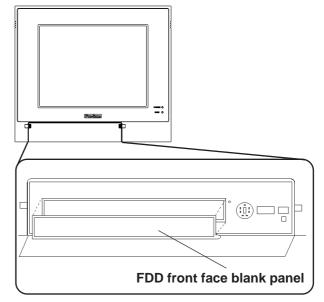
To remove a module, press down on the socket's ejector tabs to release the module.



#### 3.1.3 Installing the FDD Unit (PL-FD500)

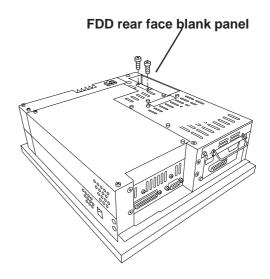
The attachment procedures for the PL-5900T and the PL-5901T are different. The following steps, up to 3), are the same. After that, refer to your unit's specific instructions.

 Open the front maintenance cover and remove the FDD front face blank panel.



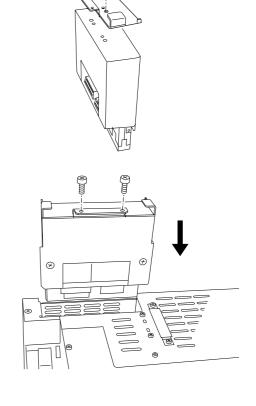
2) Close the front maintenance cover.

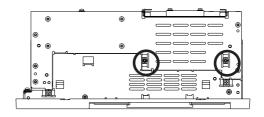
3) Remove the two attachment screws from the FDD rear face blank panel and remove the cover.



#### **■ PL-5900T** (3-Slot model)

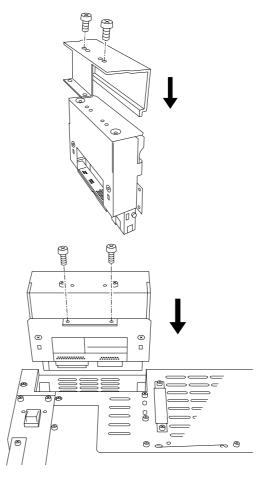
- 4) Attach the FDD rear face blank panel removed in step 3 to the FDD unit and secure it with the two attachment screws.
   (Do not use the branket that comes with the FDD Unit.)
- 5) Insert the FDD unit so that the PL and FDD unit connectors are securely connected.
- 6) Secure the FDD unit to the PL using all four attachment screws. (Two FDD unit and two PL bottom face screws)





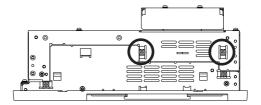
#### **■ PL-5901T (1-Slot model)**

- 4) Attach the branket that comes with the FDD unit and secure it with the two attachment screws. (Do not use the FDD rear blank panel removed in step 3.)
- 5) Insert the FDD unit so that the PL and FDD unit connectors are securely connected.
- 6) Secure the FDD unit to the PL using all four attachment screws. (Two FDD unit and two PL bottom face screws)





**Note:** As this drawing shows, even when the FDD unit is inserted completely, it will protrude slightly from the back of the PL.



#### 3.1.4 Removing/Installing the HDD Unit (PL-HD220)



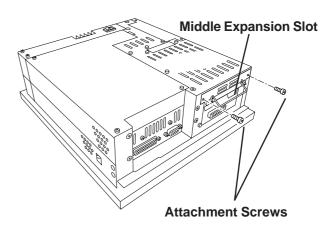
- The following insertion/removal procedure is the same for the FFD unit (PL-FF210) and CF Card unit (PL-CF200).
- Certain usage limitations apply to the HDD, FFD, CF Card Mirror Disk and CD-ROM Drive unit.

**▼Reference** 1.3 Optional Items

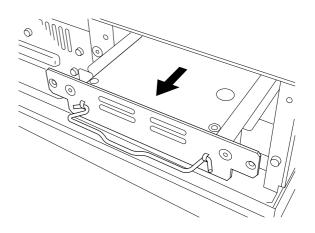


Since the HDD unit is a precision instrument, be sure not to subject it to excessive vibration or sudden shocks.

 Remove the two attachment screws from the Expansion Slot Cover. (Middle cover on the PL-5900)



2) Grasp the HDD unit's handle and pull the unit slowly out of the PL. Be sure you do not damage the unit.



 Insert the new HDD unit into the PL's guideways and push it in until its rear connector is securely connected.

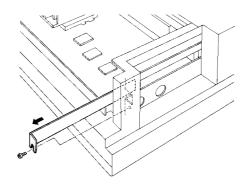
4) Secure the unit in place with its two attachment screws.

#### 3.1.5 Installing an Expansion Board

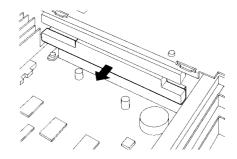
 Unscrew the desired expansion slot's cover attachment screw, and remove the cover.

Reference 3.1.1, Removing the Rear Maintenance Cover

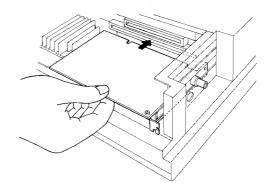
Unscrew the Blank Panel's attachment screw to remove the Blank Panel.



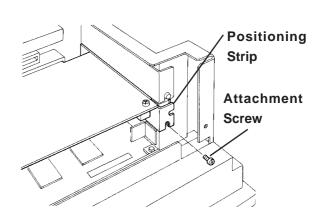
2) Remove the expansion slot's duster cover.



3) Insert the expansion board into the expansion slot.

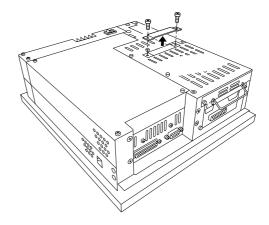


- Secure the expansion board's metal positioning strip in place with its attachment screw.
- 5) Last, replace the rear maintenance cover and half cover and secure them in place with their attachment screws.



#### 3.1.6 Connecting the CD-ROM Drive Unit (PL-DK200)

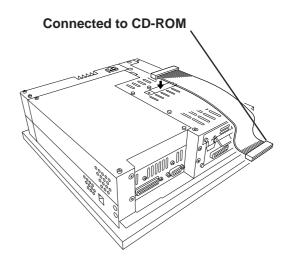
1) Unscrew the two IDE I/F cover attachment screws, and remove the cover.



2) Connect the CD-ROM unit cable to the PL's IDF I/F connector.



Be sure that the cable is securely connected before turning ON the PL's power switch.



## Memo

## Chapter

- 4-1 Installation Cautions
- 4-2 Installing the PL
- 4-3 Wiring the PL

## 4 Installation and Wiring

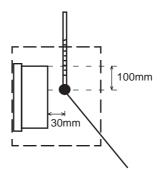
This chapter explains how to install and wire the PL-5900 series units, as well as the cautions required both before and during installation.

#### 4.1 Installation Cautions

#### 1) Temperature Cautions

The PL should be installed in a vertical position, and forced air cooling should be used, instead of natural air circulation.

Also, be sure to confirm that the area near the PL will be within the allowable temperature range by placing a temperature sensor in the location shown in the left-side drawing. If this area's temperature exceeds the allowed limit, a machine breakdown can occur.



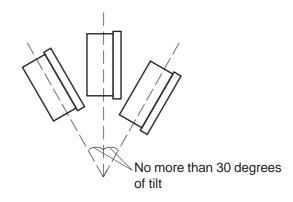
**Temperature Sensor** 0°C to 45°C (without HDD unit) 5°C to 45°C (with HDD unit)

#### 2) Installation Cautions

Be sure to install the panel in an upright (vertical) position.

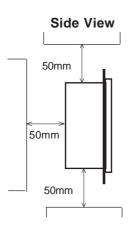
Also, be sure that the panel's viewing angle is tilted no more than 30 degrees from parallel to the operator (i.e. directly in front).

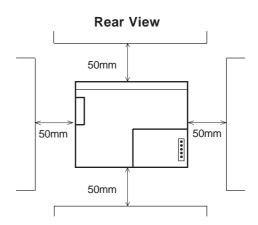




#### ■ Installation Location

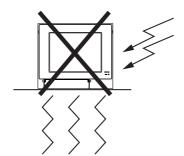
- Avoid placing the PL next to other devices that might cause overheating.
- Keep the PL away from arc-generating devices such as magnetic switches and non-fuse breakers.
- Avoid using the PL in environments where corrosive gases are present.
- To ensure the reliability, operability and ventilation of the PL, be sure to install it in locations that are more than 50mm away from adjacent structures or equipment. Also, consider the need for installing or removing expansion boards, or connectors when designing and installing your PL.





#### ■ Vibration and Shocks

If the PL is moved when its enclosure doors are open, or while it is installed in a rack equipped with caster wheels, the hard disk can receive excessive vibration or jolting. Be especially careful at this time.



| PL Configuration | Can Withstand        |
|------------------|----------------------|
| HDD              | 4.9m/s <sup>2</sup>  |
| FDD              | 9.8m/s <sup>2</sup>  |
| No drives        | 19.6m/s <sup>2</sup> |



- The Hard Disk Drive is precision equipment and should not be moved or jolted. Especially when the PL is turned ON, even changing the PL's direction while it is on a table, or repositioning the unit should not be performed, since it can lead to a hard disk crash or malfunction.
- When using a fan to cool the PL unit, be sure that the fan does not point directly at any of the PL's disk drive units, since it can lead to a hard disk crash or malfunction.

## 4.2 Installing the PL

#### 4.2.1 Installation Procedures

Follow the steps given below when installing the PL.

#### ■ Attaching the Installation Gasket

Even if the your PL's Installation Gasket is not needed to prevent water from entering the unit, the gasket also acts as a vibration absorber and should always be attached. To install the gasket, place the PL face down on a soft surface and attach the gasket to the rear side of the display face, in the plastic bezel's groove (see picture below). Be sure the grooved face of the gasket is vertical.



Before mounting the PL into a cabinet or panel, check that the Installation Gasket is attached to the unit.

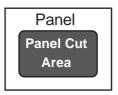


#### **■** Create a Panel Cut

Create a panel cut for the PL, like that pictured here. Two additional items, the installtion gasket and the installation fasteners are also required when installing the PL.

#### **▼**Reference ▲

#### 2.5 PL Dimensions

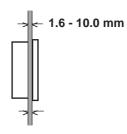




- To obtain the maximum degree of moisture resistance, be sure to attach the PL to a smooth, flat surface.
- The panel itself can be from 1.6 to 10.0 mm thick.



Strengthening may be required for the panel. Be sure to consider the weight of the PL when designing the panel.

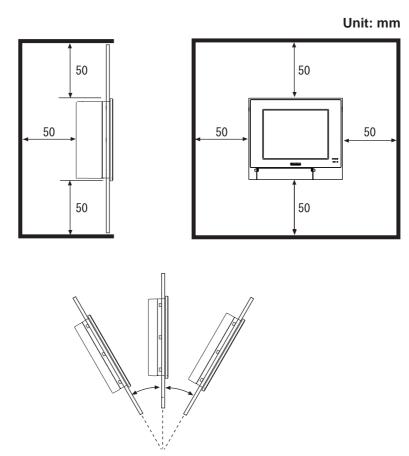


PL-5900 Series User Manual

#### **Chapter 4 - Installation and Wiring**



To enhance the PL's maintainability, operability and ventilation, allow at least 50 mm clearance between the PL and any other objects. (The clearance must be large enough to allow you to insert or remove expansion boards and to attach connectors.)



less than 30° from vertical



- Avoid using the PL where the ambient temperature will exceed 45°C.
- Avoid placing the PL next to other devices that might cause overheating.
- Be sure that the panel's viewing angle is tilted no more than 30 degrees from parallel to the operator (i.e. operator is directly in front).
- Keep the PL away from arc-generating devices such as magnetic switches and non-fuse breakers.
- Avoid using the PL in environments where corrosive gases are present.

#### **■** Installation

1) Insert the PL into the panel.

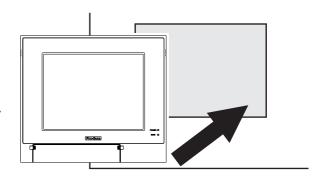


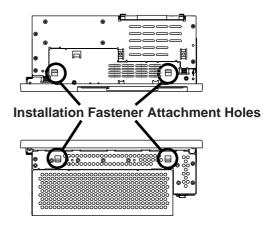
Be sure the panel cut's actual measurements are the same as those given here, otherwise the PL may slip or fall out of the panel.

#### **▼** Reference ▲

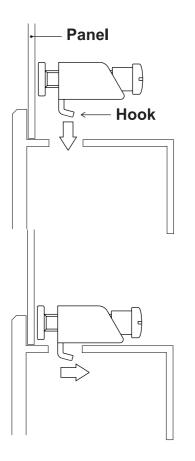
2.5.9 Panel Cut Dimensions

2) Insert the installation fastener hooks into the four installation fastener holes on PL's top and bottom sides.





3) Slide the installation fasteners to the rear face.



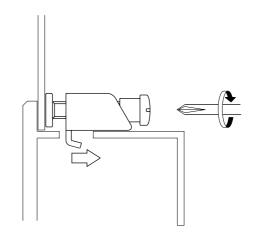
PL-5900 Series User Manual

#### **Chapter 4 - Installation and Wiring**

4) Tighten the screws of the installation fasteners. Be sure to tighten the four screws in an even, crisscross pattern.



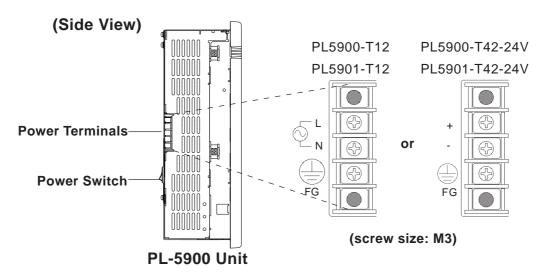
Do not use excessive force when tightening the main unit attachment screws. The torque required to render it waterproof is 0.5 N•m.



## 4.3 Wiring the PL

#### 4.3.1 Connecting the Power Cord

Connect the PL's power cord to the PL's rear face power terminals.



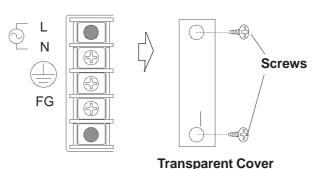
| PL5900-T12, PL5901-T12 |                                 |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| L                      | AC Input Live Line              |
| N                      | AC Input Neutral Line           |
|                        | Grounding Terminal connected to |
| FG                     | the PL chassis.                 |

| PL5 | PL5900-T42-24V, PL5900-T42-24V  |  |
|-----|---------------------------------|--|
| +   | Positive electrode              |  |
| -   | Negative electrode              |  |
|     | Grounding Terminal connected to |  |
| FG  | the PL chassis.                 |  |

Use the following steps when connecting the power cord to the PL's power terminals.

## **MARNINGS**

- To prevent an electric shock, be sure to turn the PL's power supply OFF before connecting the power cord terminals to the PL.
- To prevent fires, electrical hazards and equipment damage, be sure to use only the specified power supply voltage when operating the PL.
- 1) Confirm that the PL's power switch is turned OFF. Then, remove the power terminal's transparent plastic cover.

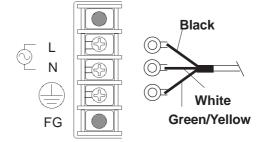


Transparent Cover

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#### ■ PL5900-T12, PL5901-T12

2) Loosen and remove the middle three screws from the terminal strip. Align the crimp terminals with each screw hole, and tighten the screws.





#### **Crimp Terminal Types:**

V1.25-3, by J.S.T. or equivalent (JIS standard part number: RAV1.25-3)

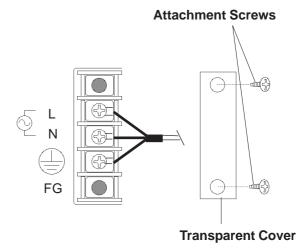
• Crimp terminals must be the same as shown below.

Over  $\phi$ 3.2mm[0.13in.] Under 6.0mm[0.24in.]



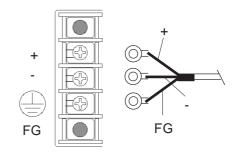
- The colors used in these figures are for the cable which came with the PL.
- This power cable is designed only for AC100V/ 115V use. Any other power level should use its own specially designed cable.

3) Reattach the terminal strip's transparent cover and secure it in place with its attatchment screws.



#### ■ PL5900-T42-24V, PL5901-T42-24V

2) Loosen and remove the middle three screws from the terminal strip. Align the crimp terminals with each screw hole, and tighten the screws.

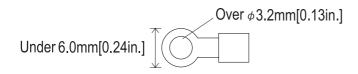




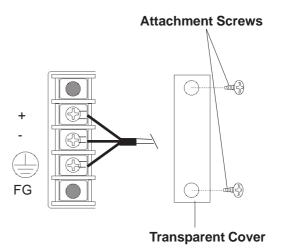
#### **Crimp Terminal Types:**

V1.25-3, by J.S.T. or equivalent (JIS standard part number: RAV1.25-3)

• Crimp terminals must be the same as shown below.



3) Reattach the terminal strip's transparent cover and secure it in place with its attatchment screws.



#### 4.3.2 Power Supply Cautions

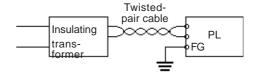
When connecting the PL unit's AC power terminals, please be aware of the following:

 If voltage fluctuations are expected to vary beyond the specified range, connect a constant voltage transformer.

## Twisted-pair cable voltage transformer FG

#### ▼Reference ▲ 2-1 General Specifications

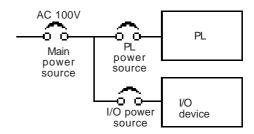
• Use a low-noise power supply both between the lines and between the PL and its ground. If there is still excess noise, connect an insulating transformer (noise-prevention type).



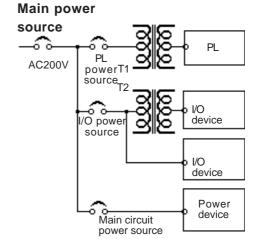


Be sure any constant or insulating transformer used has a capacity of 200VA or more

 Wire the power cords of the PL, I/O devices, and power supply devices separately.

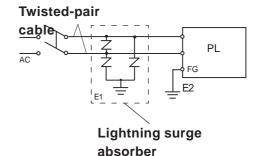


- Attaching a ferrite core to the power cord will improve noise immunity.
- Isolate the main circuit (high voltage, large current) line, I/O signal lines, and power cord, and do not bind or group them together.
- To prevent damage from lightning, connect a lightning surge absorber.





- Ground the lightning surge absorber (E1) and the PL (E2) separately.
- Select a lightning surge absorber which will not exceed the allowable circuit voltage, even when the voltage rises to the maximum.

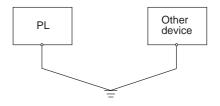


#### 4.3.3 Grounding Cautions

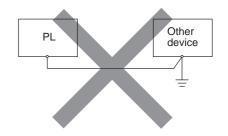
- Set up a dedicated ground when using the rear panel's FG terminal.
- (a) Dedicated Ground best \*1



- If a dedicated ground is not possible, use a shared ground, as shown in figure (b).
- The grounding point must be as close to the PL as possible, and the grounding wires must be as short as possible. If the wires must be long, use thick, insulated wires and run them through conduits.
- (b) Shared Ground allowed \*1



#### (c) Shared ground - not allowed



#### 4.3.4 Cautions When Connecting I/O Signal Lines

- I/O signal lines must be wired separately from charged lines. If the power cord needs to be wired together with the (I/O) signal lines for any reason, use shielded lines and ground one end of the shield to the PL's FG terminal.
- To improve noise immunity, attaching a ferrite core to the power cord is recommended.

<sup>\*1</sup> Use a grounding resistance of less than  $100\Omega$  and a  $2mm^2$  or thicker wire, or your country's applicable standard. For details, contact your local PL distributor.

## Memo

## 5 System Setup

## 5.1 Setup Procedures

This chapter explains how to enter a PL unit's system settings, as well as the cautions required both before and during set up.

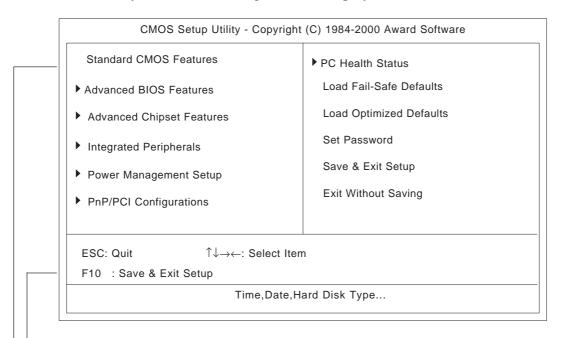


Normmally, use only the factory (default) settings.



The following settings are those pre-set at the factory.

- 1) Connect a PS/2 keyboard to the PL.
- 2) Turn the PL unit's power ON.
- 3) After the message "Press <DEL> to Enter SETUP" appears, press the [DEL] key until the following screen is displayed.



#### **KEYBOARD ACTION KEYS**

A summary of the keyboard keys used to move through screens and make selections.

#### SYSTEM SETTING SELECTION AREA

Each of the titles (areas) listed refers to a system setting area.

4) Use the arrow keys to move the cursor to the desired selection and use the [Enter] key to select an item.

## 5.2 System Parameters

Use the menu screen to select a System Item, and then enter the desired system information. Each item's detailed settings are shown here.



Normmally, use only the factory (default) settings.

#### 5.2.1 Standard CMOS Features

Select Standard CMOS Features and the following screen will appear.

| Date (mm:dd:yy):<br>Time (hh:mm:ss):  | Thu, Aug 24 2000<br>11 : 15 : 14 | Item Help                               |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |                                  | Menu Level ▶                            |
| IDE Primary Master                    | Press Enter10056 MB              |   |
| IDE Primary Slave                     | Press Enter None                 | Change the day, month, year and century |
| Drive A                               | 1.44M, 3.5 in.                   |   |
| Drive B                               | None                             |   |
| Video                                 | EGA/VGA                          |   |
| Halt On                               | All, But Disk/Key                |   |
| Base Memory                           | 640K                             |   |
| Extended Memory                       | 56320K                           |   |
| Total Memory                          | 57344K                           |   |

#### **■** Date/Time

This data sets the PL's internal time and date.

Hours :00 - 23 Minutes :00 - 59 Seconds :00 - 59

#### ■ IDE Primary Master/ IDE Primary Slave

This display shows the capacity of the PL's IDE hard disk drive. Press [Enter] to display the parameter setting menu.

▼Reference \( ''5.2.2 IDE Primary Master/IDE Primary Slave''

#### ■ Drive A/Drive B

This setting determines the format used by the PL's internal floppy disk drive.

The available settings are [360K - 5.25in], [1.2M - 5.25in], [720K - 3.5in], [1.44M - 3.5in.], [2.88M - 3.5in.] and [None].

The A: drive's [1.44M - 3.5in] and the B: drive is [None]. These selections are factory set and recommended for most users.

#### **■ Video**

The selections for the screen (video) mode. The [EGA/VGA] and is recommended for most users. The other available settings are [CGA40], [CGA80] and [Mono].

#### ■ Halt On

Designates the type of processing that will be performed when an error occurs during the Initial Start-Up Self Test. The [All But Disk /Key] and is recommended for most users.

[All Errors] : Displays all errors and stops the unit.

[No Errors] : Displays all errors and does not stop the unit. [All, But Keyboard]: Displays all errors, except for those related to

the keyboard, and stops the unit. If the User has no keyboard connected, please use this setting.

[All, But Diskette]: Displays all errors, except for those related to

the disk drive (FDD), and stops the unit.

[All, But Disk/Key]: Displays all errors, except for those related to the disk

drive (FDD) and keyboard, and then stops the unit.

#### 5.2.2 IDE Primary Master/IDE Primary Slave

Selecting IDE Primary Master or IDE Primary Slave from the Standard CMOS Features menu brings up the following screen.

| DE HDD Auto-Detection | Press Enter               | Item Help                    |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| DE Primary Master     | Auto                      | Menu Level ▶ ▶               |
| Access Mode           | Auto                      |                              |
|                       |                           | To auto-detect the           |
| Capacity              | 10056 MB                  | HDD's size, headon           |
|                       |                           | this channel                 |
| Cylinder              | 19485                     |                              |
| Head                  | 16                        |                              |
| Precomp               | 0                         |                              |
| anding Zone           | 19484                     |                              |
| Sector                | 63                        |                              |
|                       |                           |                              |
|                       | :t +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Sa | ive ESC:Exit F1:General Help |
|                       | F6:Fail-Safe Defaults     |                              |

#### ■ IDE HDD Auto-Detection

This setting enables auto-detection of the IDE hard disk drive.

#### **■** Access Mode

This setting determines the access mode of the PL's IDE hard disk drive. The available settings are [CHS], [LBA], [Large], and [Auto]. The factory default setting is [Auto] and is recommended for most users.

#### ■ IDE Primary Master (Slave)

This setting sets the method for determining the parameter settings of the PL's IDE hard disk drive. The available settings are [None], [Auto], and [Manual]. The factory default setting is [Auto] and is recommended for most users.

# ■ Capacity/ Cylinder/ Head/ Precomp/ Landing Zone/ Sector This setting determines the parameters of the PL's IDE hard disk drive. The setting is required when the [IDE Primary Master (Slave)] is set to [Manual] and the [Access Mode] is set to [CHS]. When the [IDE Primary Master (Slave)] is set to [None] or [Auto], the auto-detected values will be used. Capacity is set automaticaly.

#### 5.2.3 Advanced BIOS Features

Select Advanced BIOS Features from the Main Menu and the following screen will appear.

|   | Virus Warning              | Disabled | Item Help              |
|---|----------------------------|----------|------------------------|
|   | CPU Internal Cache         | Enabled  |                        |
|   | External Cache             | Enabled  | Menu Level ▶           |
|   | Quick Power On Self Test   | Disabled |                        |
|   | First Boot Device          | Floppy   | Allows you to choose   |
|   | Second Boot Device         | HDD-0    | the VIRUS warning      |
|   | Third Boot Device          | CDROM    | feature for IDE Hard   |
|   | Boot Other Device          | Enabled  | Disk boot sector       |
|   | Swap Floppy Drive          | Disabled | protection. If this    |
|   | Boot Up Floppy Seek        | Enabled  | function is enabled    |
|   | Boot Up NumLock Status     | On       | and someone attempt to |
|   | Gate A20 Option            | Fast     | write data into this   |
|   | Typematic Rate Setting     | Disabeld | area, BIOS will show a |
|   | Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec) | 6        | warning message on     |
| X | Typematic Delay (Msec)     | 250      | screen and alarm beep  |
|   | Security Option            | Setup    |                        |
|   | OS Select For DRAM > 64MB  | Non-OS2  |                        |
|   | Report No FDD For WIN 95   | No       |                        |
| \ | Video BIOS Shadow          | Enabled  |                        |
|   | Cyrix 6x86/MII CPUID       | Enabled  |                        |

#### **■ Virus Warning**

This setting determines whether to display a warning when a write to the boot sector is attempted. The available settings are [Enabled] or [Disabled]. The factory default setting is [Disabled] and is recommended for most users.

#### **■** CPU Internal Cache

This setting determines the usage of the CPU's internal cache memory. The available settings are [Disabled] or [Enabled]. The factory default setting is [Enabled] and is recommended for most users.

#### **■** External Cache

This setting determines the usage of the external cache memory (L2). The available settings are [Disabled] or [Enabled]. The factory default setting is [Enabled] and is recommended for most users.

#### ■ Quick Power On Self Test

This setting determines whether the quick self test is performed when the power is turned on. The available settings are [Disabled] or [Enabled]. The factory default setting is [Disabled] and is recommended for most users.

#### ■ First Boot Device/ Second Boot Device/ Third Boot Device

The selections for the search drive sequence of the operating system. The available settings are [Floppy], [HDD-0], [CDROM], [HDD-1], and [Disabled]. The factory default settings are [Floppy] for the [First Boot Device], [HDD-0] for the [Second Boot Device], and [CDROM] for the [Third Boot Device].

#### **■** Boot other Device

This setting determines whether to allow the startup from devices other than those selected as [First Boot Device], [Second Boot Device], and [Third Boot Device]. The available settings are [Disabled] or [Enabled]. The factory default setting is [Enabled] and is recommended for most users.

#### **■** Swap Floppy Drive

This setting swaps Drive A with Drive B for the recognition. The available settings are [Disabled] or [Enabled]. The factory default setting is [Disabled] and is recommended for most users.

#### ■ Boot Up Floppy Seek

The setting specifies the function to check whether the floppy disk drive is installed upon the system boot-up process. The available settings are [Disabled] or [Enabled]. The factory default setting is [Enabled] and is recommended for most users.

#### **■** Boot Up Numlock Status

This setting specifies the Numlock key status upon the startup. The available settings are [On] and [Off]. The factory default setting is [On] and is recommended for most users.

#### **■** Gate A20 Option

The available settings are [Normal] and [Fast]. When [Normal] is selected, the Keyboard control will be employed to control Gate A20. When [Fast] is selected, the Chipset will be employed. The factory default setting is [Fast] and is recommended for most users.

#### **■** Typematic Rate Setting

The setting specifies the keyboard speed for the repeat process of the character. The available settings are [Enabled] and [Disabled]. The factory default setting is [Disabled] and is recommended for most users.

#### **■** Typematic Rate (Chars/ Sec)

This setting specifies the actual typematic rate (repeated character input per second) when the [Typematic Rate Setting] option is set to [Enabled]. The available settings are [6], [8], [10], [12], [15], [20], [24], [30]. The factory default setting is [6] and is recommended for most users.

#### **■** Typematic Delay (Msec)

When [Typematic Rate Setting] is set to [Enabled], this setting determines the delay period until the initial repetition is started. (msec)=millisecond. The available settings are [250], [500], [750], and [1000]. The [250] selection is factory set.

#### **Chapter 5 - System Setup**

#### **■** Security Option

This setting designates the area to request a password. Select [Setup] or [System] upon BIOS setup, or [System] upon system startup. This setting is NOT available when the password is set using [Set Password] in the menu items. The factory default setting is [Setup] and is recommended for most users.

▼Reference \ "5.2.15 Set Password"

#### ■ OS Select For DRAM > 64MB

The available settings are [Non-OS2] and [OS2]. The factory default setting is [Non-OS2] and is recommended for most users.

#### ■ Report No FDD For WIN 95

This setting determines if the FDD node is reported by BIOS to WIN95. The available settings are [No] and [Yes]. The factory default setting is [No] and is recommended for most users.

#### ■ Video BIOS Shadow

This setting determines whether to expand the Video BIOS ROM in RAM (C0000-C7FFF). The factory default setting is [Enabled] and is recommended for most users.

#### ■ Cyrix 6x86/MII CPUID

This setting determines whether to send CPUID when Netware ver. 5.0 is used. The available settings are [Enabled] and [Disabled]. The factory default setting is [Enabled] and is recommended for most users.

#### 5.2.4 Advanced Chipset Features

Select Advanced Chipset Features from the Main Menu and the following screen will appear.

| dvanced DRAM Control 1<br>CI Peer Concurrency  | Press Enter<br>Enabled | Item Help    |
|--|------------------------|--------------|
| ead Prefetch Memory RD ssert TRDY After Prefet PU to PCI Burst Mem. WR GP Aperture Size traphic Window WR Combin ystem BIOS Cacheable ideo BIOS Cacheable lemory Hole at 15M-16M CI Post Write Buffer 2 Cache WT/WB Policy lemory Parity Check | Enabled<br>1 QWs       | Menu Level ▶ |

#### ■ Advanced DRAM Control 1

These selections display the DRAM setting. Press [Enter] to display the setting item menu. The available settings are [100MHz] or [Manual]. The factory default setting is [100MHZ] and is recommended for most users.

#### ■ PCI Peer Concurrency

This setting determines if the CPU will use L2/DRAM in parallel with PCI-to-PCI access. The available settings are [Disabled] and [Enabled]. The factory default setting is [Enabled] and is recommended for most users.

#### ■ Read Prefetch Memory RD

This setting determines if the Memory Read command is used by the chipset to prefetch data. The available settings are [Disabled] and [Enabled]. The factory default setting is [Enabled] and is recommended for most users.

#### ■ Assert TRDY After Prefet

This setting determines the TRDY assert data used for memory processing by the chipset. The available settings are [2QWs] and [1QWs]. The factory default setting is [1QWs] and is recommended for most users.

#### ■ CPU to PCI Burst Mem. WR

The setting determines whether the PCI write buffer is used. The write buffer is not used when the [Disabled] option is selected. The available settings are [Disabled] and [Enabled]. The factory default setting is [Enabled] and is recommended for most users.

#### **Chapter 5 - System Setup**

#### ■ AGP Aperture Size

This setting specifies the memory used by the graphic board. The available settings are [4MB], [8MB], [16MB], [32MB], [64MB], [128MB], and [256MB]. The factory default setting is [64MB] and is recommended for most users.

#### ■ Graphic Window WR Combin

This setting determines if the value designated in the GWBA register is accepted as the Graphic Window Base Address. The available settings are [Disabled] and [Enabled]. The factory default setting is [Enabled] and is recommended for most users.

#### **■ System BIOS Cacheable**

This setting determines whether to cache the system BIOS. An OS that uses the system BIOS operate faster. The available settings are [Enabled] and [Disabled]. The factory default setting is [Enabled] and is recommended for most users.

#### ■ Video BIOS Cacheable

This setting determines whether to cache the video BIOS. The available settings are [Enabled] and [Disabled]. The factory default setting is [Enabled]. When this feature is [Enabled], the OS' BIOS ROM range available for caching is from C0000h - C7FFFh, which will improve the video performance. However, if another program tries to write to this area of memory, a system error may occur.

#### ■ Memory Hole At 15M-16M

This setting determines whether to designate the memory space from 15MB to 16MB as the buffer area for the ISA bus card. The available settings are [Disabled] and [Enabled]. The factory default setting is [Disabled] and is recommended for most users.

#### **■** PCI Post Write Buffer

This setting determines if the PCI Post Write Buffer is controlled or not. The available settings are [Disabled] and [Enabled]. The factory default setting is [Enabled] and is recommended for most users.

#### ■ L2 Cache WT/WB Policy

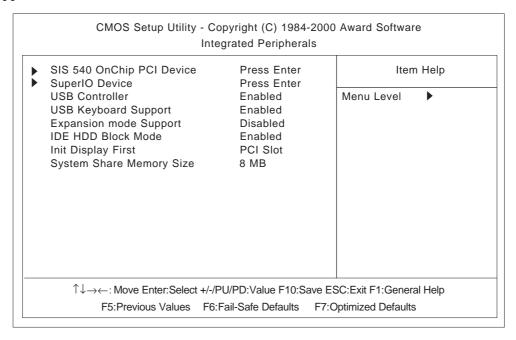
This setting determines degree of similarity between the L2 Cache and the System DRAM. The available settings are [WT] and [WB]. The factory default setting is [WB] and is recommended for most users.

#### ■ Memory Parity Check

This setting determines whether parity checks are performed when parity protected memory is used. The available settings are [Disabled] and [Enabled]. The factory default setting is [Enabled] and is recommended for most users.

#### 5.2.5 Integrated Peripherals

Select Integrated Peripherals from the Main Menu and the following screen will appear.



#### ■ SIS 540 Onchip PCI Device

This setting enables the onboard Ethernet interface. Press [Enter] to display the menu items for this setting. The available settings are [Enabled] and [Disabled]. The factory default setting is [Enabled] and is recommended for most users.

#### ■ Super 10 Device

This setting configures the various onboard interfaces. Press [Enter] to display the menu items for the setting.

▼ Reference ✓ "5.2.6 Super 10 Device"

#### **■ USB Controller**

This setting determines whether to use the USB controller. The available settings are [Disabled] and [Enabled]. The factory default setting is [Enabled] and is recommended for most users.

#### ■ USB Keyboard Support

This setting determines whether to use the USB interface keyboard. The available settings are [Disabled] and [Enabled]. The factory default setting is [Enabled] and is recommended for most users.

#### **■** Expantion mode Support

This setting determines if the VGA Expansion Mode is supported or not. Settings available are [Disabled] and [Enabled]. The factory setting is [Disabled].

#### **Chapter 5 - System Setup**

#### ■ IDE HDD Block Mode

This setting determines whether to enable the Block Mode on the HDD supporting the Block Mode. The available settings are [Disabled] and [Enabled]. The factory default setting is [Enabled] and is recommended for most users.

#### ■ Init Display First

This setting determines the type of VGA card that is given priority - AGP or PCI. The available settings are [PCI Slot] and [AGP]. The factory default setting is [PCI Slot] and is recommended for most users.

# **■** System Share Memory Size

This setting determines the amount of system memory used for video. The available settings are [2MB], [4MB], [6MB], [8MB], [16MB], [32MB] and [64MB]. The factory default setting is [8MB] and is recommended for most users.

# 5.2.6 Super I0 Device

Select Super I0 Device from the Integrated Peripherals menu and the following screen will appear.

| Onboard FDC Controller COM Port 1   | Enabled<br>3F8/IRQ4  | Item Help      |
|---|--|----------------|
| COM Port 4 UART Mode Select UR2 Duplex Mode Onboard Parallel Port Parallel Port Mode ECP Mode Use DMA COM Port 2 COM Port 2 Use IRQ COM Port 3 COM Port 3 Use IRQ | 2E8/IRQ10<br>Normal<br>Half<br>3BC/IRQ7<br>SPP<br>3<br>2F8<br>IRQ3<br>3E8<br>IRQ11 | Menu Level ▶ ▶ |

#### ■ Onboard FDC Controller

This setting enables or disables the onboard floppy disk controller. The available settings are [Disabled] and [Enabled]. The factory default setting is [Enabled] and is recommended for most users.

#### ■ COM Port 1

This setting determines the port address and the interrupt request number used by the onboard serial port 1. The available settings are [Disabled], [3F8/IRQ4], [2F8/IRQ3], [3E8/IRQ11], [2E8/IRQ10] and [Auto]. The factory default setting is [3F8/IRQ4] and is recommended for most users.

#### ■ COM Port 4

This setting determines the port address and the interrupt request number used by the onboard serial port connected to the touch panel inside the PL. The available settings are [Disabled], [3F8/IRQ4], [2F8/IRQ3], [3E8/IRQ11], [2E8/IRQ10] and [Auto]. The factory default setting is [2E8/IRQ10] and is recommended for most users

#### **■ UART Mode Select**

This setting determines the operation mode of the onboard serial port 2. The available settings are [Normal], [IrDA], [ASKIR] and [SCR]. The factory default setting is [Normal] and is recommended for most users.

#### ■ UR2 Duplex Mode

This setting determines the communication mode when serial port 2 is set to [IrDA] or [ASKIR] mode in [UART Mode Select]. The available settings are [Full] and [Half]. The factory default setting is [Half].

#### **Chapter 5 - System Setup**

#### ■ Onboard Parallel Port

This setting determines the port address and the interrupt request number used by the onboard parallel port. The available settings are [Disabled], [3BC/IRQ7], [278/IRQ5] and [3BC/IRQ7]. The factory default setting is [378/IRQ7] and is recommended for most users.

#### ■ Parallel Port Mode

This setting determines the operation mode of the onboard parallel port. The available settings are [SPP], [EPP], [ECP] and [ECP+EPP]. The factory default setting is [SPP]. The available settings are [SPP] and [EPP] for the factory default setting. When the [Onboard Parallel Port] is [378/IRQ7] or [278/IRQ5], the available setting are [SPP], [EPP], [ECP] and [ECP+EPP].

#### **■ ECP Mode Use DMA**

This setting determines the DMA channel used in ECP mode. The available settings are [1] and [3]. This setting is user-definable when the Parallel Port Mode is set to [ECP] or [ECP+EPP].

#### ■ COM Port 2

This setting determines the port address used by the onboard serial port 2. The available settings are [Disabled], [3F8], or [2F8], [3E8] and [2E8]. The factory default setting is [2F8] and is recommended for most users.

#### ■ COM Port 2 Use IRQ

This setting determines the interrupt request number used by the onboard serial port 2. The available settings are [IRQ15], [IRQ3], [IRQ4], [IRQ9], [IRQ10] and [IRQ11]. The factory default setting is [IRQ3] and is recommended for most users.

#### ■ COM Port 3

This setting selects the port address used by the onboard serial port 3. The available settings are [Disabled], [3F8], [2F8], [3E8] and [2E8]. The factory default setting is [3E8] and is recommended for most users.

#### ■ COM Port 3 Use IRQ

This setting determines the interrupt request number used by the onboard serial port 3. The available settings are [IRQ15], [IRQ3], [IRQ4], [IRQ9], [IRQ10] and [IRQ11]. The factory default setting is [IRQ11] and is recommended for most users.

# 5.2.7 Power Management Setup

Select Power Management Setup from the Main Menu and the following screen will appear.

|  | r - Copyright (C) 1984-200<br>Power Management Setup                        |  |
|--|---|--|
| ACPI funcion Video Off Option Video Off Method Power Button Over Ride Watchdog Function x Watchdog Timer (sec) PM Wake Up Events | Disabled Susp,Stby -> Off V/H SYNC+Blank Instant Off Disabled 5 Press Enter | Item Help  Menu Level ▶                              |
|  |   | ve ESC:Exit F1:General Help<br>F7:Optimized Defaults |

#### ■ ACPI Function

This setting enables the ACPI function when ACPI-compatible peripherals are connected. The available settings are [Enabled] and [Disabled]. The factory default setting is [Disabled] and is recommended for most users.

#### **■** Video Off Option

This setting determines the On/Off condition of the display. The available settings are [Always On], [Suspend  $\rightarrow$  Off], [Susp, Stby  $\rightarrow$  Off], and [All Modes  $\rightarrow$  Off]. The factory default setting is [Susp, Stby  $\rightarrow$  Off] and is recommended for most users.

#### ■ Video Off Method

This setting determines the method to blank the display screen. The available settings are [Blank Screen], [V/H SYNC+Blank], and [DPMS Supported]. The [Blank Screen] selection blanks the display. The [V/H SYNC+Blank] blanks the display and also suspends the Vertical/Horizontal synchronization signal of the display. The [DPMS Supported] selection controls the operation when a CRT that supports DPMS is used. The factory default setting is [V/H SYNC+Blank] and is recommended for most users.

#### **■** Power Button Over Ride

When enabled, this feature forces the system to enter the Soft-Off state if the power button is pushed for more than 4 seconds. The available settings are [Delay 4 sec] and [Instant Off]. The factory default setting is [Instant Off].

# **Chapter 5 - System Setup**

#### **■** Watchdog Function

This setting enables or disables the Watchdog function. The available settings are [Enabled] and [Disabled]. The factory default setting is [Disabled] and is recommended for most users.

#### ■ Watchdog Timer (sec)

This setting determines the length of time of the Watchdog Timer. The available setting range is between [5] and [255]. The factory default setting is [5]. This setting is effective when the [Watchdog Function] is set to [Enabled].

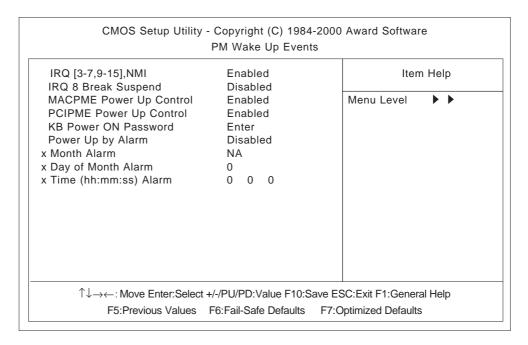
# **■ PM Wake Up Events**

This selection displays the settings for system wake up. Press [Enter] to display the Parameter Setting menu.

▼Reference \ ''5.2.8 PM Wake Up Events''

# 5.2.8 PM Wake Up Events

Select PM Wake Up Events from the Power Management Setup Menu and the following screen will appear.



#### ■ IRQ [3-7, 9-15], NMI

This setting determines if the system is reset when an allowed interrupt is detected. The available settings are [Disabled] and [Enabled]. The factory default setting is [Enabled] and is recommended for most users.

#### ■ IRQ 8 Break Suspend

This setting determines if the data required to trigger the power-saving suspend mode is allocated to IRQ8 or not. The available settings are [Disabled] and [Enabled]. The factory default setting is [Disabled] and is recommended for most users.

#### ■ MACPME Power Up Control

This setting determines if the PL starts via input from a LAN or not. The available settings are [Disabled] and [Enabled]. The factory default setting is [Enabled] and is recommended for most users.

#### **■ PCIPME Power Up Control**

This setting determines if the PL starts via input from a PCI card or not. The available settings are [Disabled] and [Enabled]. The factory default setting is [Enabled] and is recommended for most users.

#### ■ KB Power ON Password

This setting defines the password when the system is powered-on by the keyboard switch. Press [Enter] to display the setup menu.

#### **Chapter 5 - System Setup**

#### ■ Power Up by Alarm

This setting determines whether to set the timer to start automatic startup. The available settings are [Disabled] and [Enabled]. The factory default setting is [Disabled] and is recommended for most users.

#### ■ Month Alarm

This setting selects the month when the system starts up automatically. The available settings are [NA] and [1] through [12]. This function is available when the [Power Up by Alarm] option is set to [Enabled].

#### ■ Day of Month Alarm

This setting selects the day when the system starts up automatically. The available settings are from [0] to [31]. This function is available when the [Power Up by Alarm] option is set to [Enabled].

#### ■ Time (hh:mm:ss) Alarm

This setting specifies the time when the system starts up automatically. The available settings are [00] to [23] for "hh" (hour), [00] to [59] for "mm" (minute), and [00] to [59] for "ss" (second). This function is available when the [Power Up by Alarm] option is set to [Enabled].

# 5.2.9 PnP/ PCI Configurations

Select PnP/ PCI Configuration from the Main Menu and the following screen appears.

| Reset Configuration Data | Disabled               | Item Help                   |
|--------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| December Occident Dec    | Manual                 | Menu Level                  |
| Resources Controlled By  | Manual                 | Menu Level ▶ ▶              |
| RQ Resources             | Press Enter            | 5 ( ); 5; 11 1              |
| DMA Resources            | Press Enter            | Default is Disabled.        |
|                          |                        | Select Enabled to           |
| PCI/VGA Pallet Snoop     | Disabled               | reset Extended System       |
| PCI IRQ Actived By       | Level                  | Configuration Data          |
|                          |                        | ESCD) when you exit         |
|                          |                        | Setup if you have           |
|                          |                        | installed a new add-on      |
|                          |                        | and the system              |
|                          |                        | reconfiguration has         |
|                          |                        | caused such a serious       |
|                          |                        | conflict that the OS        |
|                          |                        | cannot boot                 |
|                          | +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Sa | ve ESC:Exit F1:General Help |
|                          | F6:Fail-Safe Defaults  | F7:Optimized Defaults       |

#### **■** Reset Configuration Data

This setting determines whether to initialize the ESCD (Extended System Configuration Data) used by Plug and Play devices when setup is complete. The available settings are [Disabled] and [Enabled]. The factory default setting is [Disabled] and is recommended for most users.

#### ■ Resources Controlled By

This setting selects the method for allocating the Plug and Play I/O Port, IRQ, and DMA resources. The available settings are [Auto (ESCD)] and [Manual]. If [Auto(ESCD)] is selected, the IRQ Resources and DMA Resources selection will be disabled. The factory default setting is [Manual] and is recommended for most users.

#### **■ IRQ Resources**

This selection displays the configuration settings for devices assigned an IRQ. Press [Enter] to display the setup menu. When Resources Controlled By is set to [Manual], device IRQ assigning settings must be performed manually.

**▼Reference 5.2.10 IRQ Resources** 

#### **■ DMA Resources**

This selections displays the configuration settings for devices assigned a port address. Press [Enter] to display the setup menu.

**▼Reference** 5.2.11 DMA Resources

# **Chapter 5 - System Setup**

# ■ PCI/VGA Pallet Snoop

This setting is used when a MPEG card and a VGA card are both installed in the PL. The available settings are [Disabled] and [Enabled]. The factory default setting is [Disabled] and is recommended for most users.

# ■ PCI IRQ Activated By

This setting defines the method of interruption used by the PCI slot. The available settings are [Level] and [Edge]. The factory default setting is [Level] and is recommended for most users.

# 5.2.10 IRQ Resources

Select IRQ Resources from the PnP/ PCI Configurations menu and the following screen will appear.

| RQ-3 assigned to                    | Legacy ISA                | Item Help                             |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| RQ-4 assigned to                    | Legacy ISA                |                                       |
| RQ-5 assigned to                    | PCI/ISA PnP               | Menu Level                            |
| RQ-7 assigned to                    | PCI/ISA PnP               | 1046                                  |
| RQ-9 assigned to                    | PCI/ISA PnP               | Legacy ISA for devices                |
| RQ-10 assigned to                   | Legacy ISA                | compliant with the original PC AT bus |
| RQ-11 assigned to RQ-12 assigned to | Legacy ISA<br>PCI/ISA PnP | specification, PCI/ISA                |
| RQ-14 assigned to                   | PCI/ISA PnP               | PnP for devices                       |
| RQ-15 assigned to                   | Legacy ISA                | compliant with the                    |
|                                     |                           | Plug and Play standard                |
|                                     |                           | whether designed for                  |
|                                     |                           | PCI or ISA bus                        |
|                                     |                           | architecture                          |
|                                     |                           |                                       |
|                                     |                           |                                       |

# ■ IRQ-3 assigned to ~ IRQ-15 assigned to

This setting determines the type of device assigned to the IRQ. This function is available when the [Resource Control By] option under the [PnP/ PCI Configurations] menu is set to [Manual].

[PCI/ISA PnP] .. Select to use a PnP-ready PCI or ISA card.

[Legacy ISA] .... Select to use a non-PnP ISA card.

The initial settings are as shown below.

|                   | Initial Value |                    | Initial Value |
|-------------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------|
| IRQ-3 assigned to | LegacyISA     | IRQ-10 assigned to | LegacyISA     |
| IRQ-4 assigned to | 0 7           | IRQ-11 assigned to | LegacyISA     |
| IRQ-5 assigned to | PCI/ISA PnP   | IRQ-12 assigned to | PCI/ISA PnP   |
| IRQ-7 assigned to | PCI/ISA PnP   | IRQ-14 assigned to | PCI/ISA PnP   |
| IRQ-9 assigned to | PCI/ISA PnP   | IRQ-15 assigned to | LegacyISA     |

#### 5.2.11 DMA Resources

Selecting DMA Resources from the PnP/PCI Configuration menu and the following screen will appear.

| DMA-0 assigned to DMA-1 assigned to    | PCI/ISA PnP<br>PCI/ISA PnP | Item Help  |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| DMA-3 assigned to DMA-5 assigned to    | PCI/ISA PnP<br>PCI/ISA PnP | Menu Level ▶ ▶   |
| DMA-6 assigned to<br>DMA-7 assigned to | PCI/ISA PnP<br>PCI/ISA PnP | Legacy ISA for devices compliant with the original PC AT bus specification, PCI/ISA PnP for devices compliant with the Plug and Play standard whether designed for PCI or ISA bus architecture |

# ■ DMA-0 assigned to ~ DMA-7 assigned to

This setting determines the type of device assigned to the port address. This function is available when the [Resource Control By] option under the [PnP/PCI Configurations] menu is set to [Manual].

[PCI/ISA PnP]...Select to use a PnP PCI or ISA card.

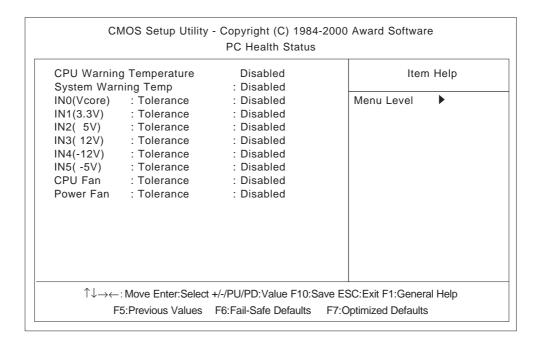
[Legacy ISA]...Select to use a non-PnP ISA card.

The initial settings are as shown below.

|                   | Initial Value |                   | Initial Value |
|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|---------------|
| DMA-0 assigned to | PCI/ISA PnP   | DMA-5 assigned to | PCI/ISA PnP   |
| DMA-1 assigned to | PCI/ISA PnP   | DMA-6 assigned to | PCI/ISA PnP   |
| DMA-3 assigned to | PCI/ISA PnP   | DMA-7 assigned to | PCI/ISA PnP   |

#### 5.2.12 PC Health Status

Select PC Health Status from the Main Menu and the following screen will appear.



#### **■ CPU Warning Temperature**

This setting defines the CPU temperature at which a warning will be issued. The available settings are [40°C/104°F], [45°C/113°F], [50°C/122°F], [55°C/131°F], [60°C/140°F], [65°C/149°F], [70°C/158°F], [75°C/167°F], [80°C/176°F] and [Disabled]. The factory default setting is [Disabled].

#### **■** System Warning Temp

This setting defines the motherboard temperature at which a warning will be issued. The available settings are [40°C/104°F], [45°C/113°F], [50°C/122°F], [55°C/131°F], [60°C/140°F], [65°C/149°F], [70°C/158°F], [75°C/167°F], [80°C/176°F] and [Disabled]. The factory default setting is [Disabled].

■ IN0 (Vcore)/ In1 (3.3V)/ IN2 (5V)/ IN3 (12V)/ IN4 (-12V)/ IN5 (-5V)

This setting determines the allowable range of the voltage of IN0 (Vcore)/ In1 (3.3V)/ IN2 (5V)/ IN3 (12V)/ IN4 (-12V)/ IN5 (-5V). The available settings are [+/-4%], [+/-6%] and [Disabled]. The factory default setting is [Disabled].

### **Chapter 5 - System Setup**

#### ■ CPU FAN

This setting determines the allowable range of CPU FAN speed. The available settings are  $[\pm 30\%]$ ,  $[\pm 50\%]$  and [Disabled]. The factory default setting is [Disabled] and is recommended for most users.

#### **■ POWER FAN**

This setting determines the allowable range of the Power Fan speed. The available settings are  $[\pm 30\%]$ ,  $[\pm 50\%]$  and [Disabled]. The factory default setting is [Disabled] and is recommended for most users.

#### 5.2.13 Load Fail-Safe Defaults

When the Menu screen's [Load Fail-Safe Defaults] is selected, you are able to designate if the minimum number of System Settings is used or not. The selections are [Y] and [N].

# 5.2.14 Load Optimized Defaults

Selecting [Load Optimized Defaults" designates whether or not you revert to the PL unit's factory settings. The selections are [Y] and [N].

#### 5.2.15 Set Password

This password is used to view system information settings. It is designed to prevent unapproved users from viewing the system information settings. Entering up to 8 characters here will overwrite the current password.

When you wish to have no password, click on the [Enter] key. Next, the words "PASSWORD DISABLE" will appear, providing confirmation that the Password is no longer set.

When password input is required, use the [Advanced BIOS Features] area's [Security Option] feature to enter the password. See 5.2.3 ADVANCED BIOS FEATURES

# 5.2.16 Save & Exit Setup

This feature saves the settings entered in the Setup Utility and restarts the PL unit.

# 5.2.17 Exit Without Saving

This feature quits the Setup Utility program without saving any settings entered.

# Chapter

# 6 OS Setup

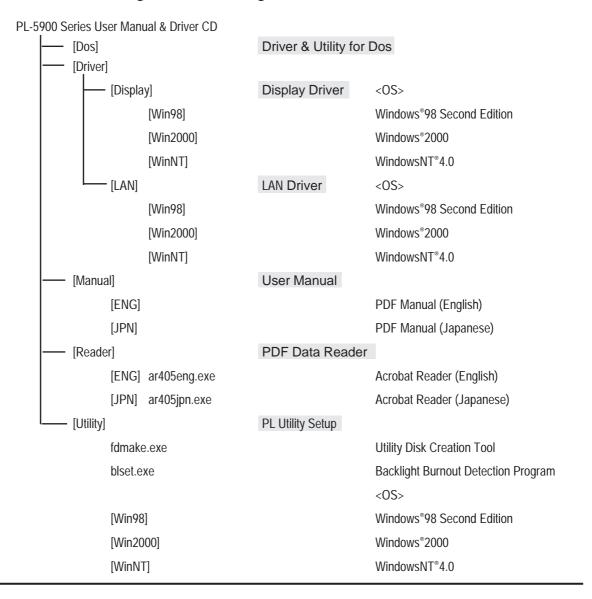
- 6.1 CD-ROM Contents
- 6.2 Setting Up Your PL OS
- 6.3 Installing Drivers
- 6.4 Application Features
- 6.5 WindowsNT®4.0 / Windows®2000 Cautions
- 6.6 MS-DOS® Utility Programs

Pro-face has prepared the following additional program files which are not supported by the standard versions of the Windows®98 Second Edition, Windows® 2000 and WindowsNT®4.0 operating systems. These files are located on the PL unit's additional "PL-5900 Series User Manual & Driver CD".

# 6.1 CD-ROM Contents

# 6.1.1 Diagram

The following tree-structure diagram shows the contents of the CD-ROM disk.



# 6.2 Setting Up Your PL OS

Prior to using the PL unit with the MS-DOS<sup>®</sup>/Windows<sup>®</sup>98 Second Edition/WindowsNT<sup>®</sup>4.0/Windows<sup>®</sup>2000 operating system, certain utility software must be installed.

# ■ Installing the HDD Unit

A hard disk unit must be installed in the PL unit. Refer to **PL-HD220** Installation Guide.

# System Parameters Setup

System Parameters Setup must also be entered into the PL unit. After these setting are entered, check that the HD drive is correctly recognized by the PL.

Refer to PL-HD220 Installation Guide.

## OS Setup

The PL unit is designed to operate using the following OS types.



The PL unit is designed to operate under the following standard Windows OS versions. PL operation with any other maker's OS is not guranteed.

MS-DOS®

Windows® 98 Second Edition

Windows NT® 4.0 (Windows Service Pack 3 or higher)

Windows® 2000

## ■ PL Utility Setup

Use the "PL-5900 Series User Manual & Driver CD" to install the necessary drivers and utility software.

- To set up the PL, a PS/2 type (Mini DIN) keyboard is required.
- To use the PL unit's touch panel, the touch panel device driver (PL-TD000) is required. When installing this driver, be sure to designate the COM port as COM4.

For installation details, **Reference** the Installation Guide included with the PLTD000.

# ØNote:

#### Installing Software from the CD-ROM

To install the software on the PL, Digital's CD-ROM drive (PL-DK200) is required.

To set up the correct software for your PL unit's OS, be sure to use the "Disk1" folder's "Setup.exe" file.

Ex. When running Windows®98 Second Edition, and the CD-ROM drive is "D": D:Utility\Win98\*\Disk1\Setup.exe



When installing utility software included in the PL unit's CD-ROM, certain display problems may occur, such as icons darkening, etc. To solve this problem, after installing any utility software, be sure to also install the Graphics Accelerator driver.

### Installing Software from a FD



To install the software on the PL, Digital's FDD drive (PL-FD500) is required.

Use the PL's floppy disk drive to create a floppy disk that can be used to install the Driver & Utility programs designed specifially for your PL unit's OS. This floppy disk creation program is designed to run on Windows<sup>®</sup>.

- Step 1 Insert the PL unit's additional CD-ROM disk "PL-5900 Series User Manual & Driver CD" in the PL's CD-ROM drive.
- Step 2 Double click on the "Fdmake.exe" program, that is located in the CD-ROM disk's [OS] -> [Disk 1] folder. This will create the FD (Utility Disk). D:Utility\Fdmake.exe (CD-ROM drive is "D")
- Step 3 Insert the FD(Utility Disk) in the PL's FDD unit.
- Step 4 Insert the FD into drive A: and double click on the "Setup.exe" file. Follow the instructions given by the Installer program to complete the installation.

## Proface Folder Contents (on PL hard disk)

When you set up the PL unit's utility software, the folder [Proface] will automatically be created on the C: drive. Inside that folder are the following programs. (Same for all Windows OS types.)

| [Proface]    |                                |
|--------------|--------------------------------|
| [Blsaver]    | Backlight control screen saver |
| [Disp]       | Display ON/OFF utility         |
| [Display]    | Graphic Accelerator Driver     |
| — [Keyclick] | On-screen Keyboard Emulator    |
| [Lan]        | LAN driver                     |
| [Pl59api]    | API-DLL                        |
| [Sysmon]     | System monitor/RAS application |
|              |                                |

| *1 | Windows® 98 Second Edition:                         | "Win98"   |
|----|---|-----------|
|    | Windows NT® 4.0 (Windows Service Pack 3 or higher): | "Winnt"   |
|    | Windows® 2000 :                                     | "Win2000" |

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# 6.3 Installing Drivers

In order to use the PL unit's special features, 2 types of drivers have been created. ([Graphic Accelerator] and [LAN])

If your PL has no pre-installed OS, or has had its OS recovered, please install the following drivers as required.

The following explanation assumes the utility progams have been previously installed on your PL unit's hard disk in the [Proface] folder.



Drivers set up manually cannot be uninstalled.

# ■ Installing the Graphic Accellerator Driver

Use the following explanation to install the PL-5900 series Graphic Accellerator driver in your PL unit. Installing this driver will speed up your PL unit's display, using special hardware features.



Once the Graphics Accelerator driver is installed, the screen's resolution (display area) can be changed [640 x 480], [600 x 800] or [1024 x 768]. The resolution supported by PL-5900 Series units is 640 x 480 pixels. Also, the display color can be changed [256], [16bit] or [32bit]. The maximum display color supported by PL-5900 Series units is 16bit color.

#### **♦**With Windows®98 Second Edition

- 1) Double click on [Display] from [Start] -> [Settings] -> [Control Panel (C)].
- 2) Click on [Advanced] from [Display] -> [Settings] tab.
- 3) Click on [Adapter] tab from [ATI Graphic Pro Turbo PCI Property] and then click on [Change].
- 4) Select [Search for a better driver than the one your device is using now] from [Update Device Wizard].
- 5) Enter C:\Proface\Display in [Specify a location] and then click on [Next].
- 6) Confirm [SiS540] exists and then click on [Next].
- 7) Click on [Update Device Wizard]'s [Enabled] button.
- 8) Click on [System Settings Change]'s [Yes] and then restart your PL.

#### **♦** WindowsNT®4.0

- 1) Double click on [Display] from [Start] -> [Settings] -> [Control Panel].
- 2) Click on [Display Details] from [Display] tab in [Display Property].
- 3) Click on [Change] from [Display type].
- 4) Click on [Using Disk] from [Change Display].
- 5) In [Install from Froppy Disk], enter C:\Proface\Display\ in [Copy from] from and then click on [OK].
- 6) Confirm [SiS540] exists and then click on [OK].
- 7) Select [SiS540] from [Change Display] and then click on [OK].
- 8) Click on [System Settings Change]'s [Yes] button and then restart your PL.

#### **♦** Windows®2000

- 1) Double click on [Tool] from [Start] -> [Settings(S)] -> [Control Panel].
- 2) Double click on [Computer].
- 3) Double click on [Device Manager]'s [Video Controller].
- 4) Click on [Video Controller Property]'s [Install driver].
- 5) Select [Search for a better driver than the one your device is using now] from [Hardware Device Driver Install] and then click on [Next].
- 6) Enter C:\Proface\Display in [Copy from] and then click on [OK].
- 7) Select [Specify allocation] from [Specify Driver Files] and then click on [Next].
- 8) Click on [Search for Driver Files]'s [Next].
- 9) Click on [Finished] and then restart your PL.

# Chapter 6 - Setting Up Your PL OS

## ■ Installing the LAN Driver

Use the following explanation to install the PL-5900 series LAN driver in your PL unit. Installing this driver allows you to access a LAN.



- Before installing the LAN Driver, be sure the [Integrated Peripherals]'s [SIS 540 Onchip PCI Device] is set to [Enabled]. The factory default setting is [Enabled].
  - **Reference** 5.2.5 Integrated Peripherals
- Be sure the PL unit's optional CD-ROM drive (PL-DK200) is connected and operating correctly prior to inserting the your OS's CD-ROM into the CD-ROM drive.

#### ♦ With Windows® 98 Second Edition

- 1) Double click on [System] from [Start] -> [Settings] -> [Control Panel].
- 2) Select [ PCI Ethernet Controller] from [System Property] -> [Device Manager].
- 3) Click on [Property].
  - PCI Ethernet Controller Property Dialog will appear.
- 4) Click on [Chnage Driver] in [Driver] tab.
  - Device Driver wizard will appear.
- 5) Click on [Next] button.
- 6) Select [Search for a better driver than the one your device is using now. (Recommended)] and click on [Next].
- 7) Click on the [Specify a location] check box, enter "C:\Proface\Lan" in the location window, and click on [Next].
- 8) Click on [Next].
- 9) Click on [Finish].

The system settings dialog box will appear.

10) Click on the [Specify a location] check box, enter "C:\Proface\Lan" in the location window, and click on [Next].

Files will be copied from the Windows95 CD-ROM to the PL unit.

- 11) Click on [Finished].
- 12) Click on [Yes] and restart the PL unit to complete the installation.

#### ♦ With Windows NT® 4.0

- 1) Double click on [Network] icon from [Start] -> [Settings] -> [Control Panel]. The [Network Configuration] dialog box will appear.
- 2) Click on [Yes].

The Network Setup Wizard will appear.

- 3) Select [Wired to the network: ], and click on [Next].
- 4) Click on [Select from list].

The Network Adaptor selection dialog box will appear.

5) Click on [Have disk].

The "Insert floppy disk" dialog box will appear.

6) Enter "C:\Proface\lan" and click [OK].

The "Select OEM Option" dialog box will appear.

7) Click on [OK].

The Network Setup wizard will appear.

- 8) Click on [Next].
- 9) Select the desired network protocol and click on [Next].
- 10) Select the desired service to install and click on [Next].
- 11) Click on [Next].

The WindowsNT setup dialog box will appear.

- 12) Enter "D:\I386" and click [Continue].
- 13) Enter "C:\Proface\Lan" and click [Continue].

The "Speed /Duplex mode" dialog box will appear.

14) Enter the appropriate settings for your Network.

The "Input Network Address" dialog box will appear.

- 15) Click on [Next].
- 16) Click on [Next].
- 17) Enter the settings to connect with your network.

The Network Setup Wizard will appear.

- 18) Click on [Finished].
- 19) Click on [Yes] to restart your PL.

The Service Control Manager dialog box will appear.

- 20) Restarting the PL will cause an error message to appear, which requires the PL's Service Pack to be reinstalled.
- 21) After the Service Pack is reinstalled, restart the PL.

### **Chapter 6 - Setting Up Your PL OS**

#### ♦ With Windows® 2000

1) Click on [System] icon from [Start] -> [Settings] -> [Control Panel].

The System property window will appear.

2) Click on the [Device Manager] from [Hard ware] tab.

The Device Manager will appear.

3) Click on the [Other Dveice]'s [Ethernet Controller].

The Ethernet property window will appear.

4) Click on [Update Driver].

The Upgrade Device Driver Wizard will appear.

- 5) Click on [Next].
- 6) Select [Search for a suitable driver for my device (recommended)] and click [Next].
- 7) Select [Specify a location] and click [Next].
- 8) Enter "C:\Proface\Lan" and click [OK].

The search for the driver will start.

- 9) Click on [Next].
- 10) Click on [Finish] to restart your PL.

# 6.4 Windows NT<sup>®</sup> 4.0 / Windows <sup>®</sup>2000 Cautions

Perform the following settings as required by your OS.

# 6.4.1 Automatic System Log-On Setup

#### ■ When using Windows NT® 4.0

- 1) Click on the 2000 main screen's "Start" button, and select the "Enter Filename" item. Enter the text "C:\WINNT\REGEDIT.EXE" and press [Enter] to start the program.
- 2) When the REGEDIT Registry Tree appears, select the "Winlogon" subkey via the following text:
  - $HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE \\ \label{local} SOFTWARE \\ \label{local} Windows NT \\ \label{local} Current \\ Version \\ \label{local} Winlogon.$
- 3) In the "DefaultUserName" field, enter the User name to be used for the Automatic Log-on.
- 4) Select the Edit menu's [New/String Value] feature.
- 5) To the Data Items present, add "AutoAdminLogon" to the Name column's data, and then enter "1" in that entry's Data field.
- 6) Add "Default Password" to the Name column's data, and enter the password used previously for the DefaultUserName in the Data field.



#### A user with no password cannot automatically log on.

7) REGEDIT data entry is now finished.



- If a User attempting to automatically log on is not attached to an "Administrators" group, i.e. no Default Password string is specified, Windows NT automatically changes the value of the AutoAdminLogon key from 1(true) to 0(false), thereby disabling the AutoAdminLogon feature. In that case, if the Shift key is held down during Logoff, the "Login Data" dialog box will appear and the User can use the name of another, registered User to log-on successfully.
- If Auto LogOn Setting are not entered, when logging on, a PS/2 type keyboard is required.

#### ■ When using Windows® 2000

- 1) Start the Control Panel's [Users and Passwords].
- 2) Select an automatic log-on user and deselect the [Users must enter a user name and password to use this computer (E)] checkbox.
- 3) Click on the [Advancedl] tab and deselect the [Require users to press Ctrl-Alt-Delete before logging on (R)] checkbox.
- 4) Click the [Apply(A)] button and when the automatic login dialog box appears, enter your password.

# 6.4.2 Using an Uninterrupted Power Supply

Prior to turning OFF the PL's power, be sure to shut down the NT correctly via the NT OS' "Shutdown" feature. It is recommended that an Uninterrupted Power Supply Device is used to prevent the accidental loss of User data, due to an unexpected power outage.

When using an Uninterrupted Power Supply (UPS), the unit can be set to switch to backup power, which will provide enough time to safely shut down your PL, or it can even shut down your PL for you.

For details, please consult your local dealer of UPS units.

# 6.4.3 When Changing the System Design

When the PL unit is connected to a printer or to a LAN network, the Windows system settings must be changed.

#### ■ When using Windows NT®4.0

#### • Changing the System Design

When the Windows NT® 4.0 system design is changed, the following messages will appear.

#### Windows NT Setup

Setup needs to copy some Windows NT files

Setup will look for the files in the location specified below. If you want Setup to look in a different place, type the new location. When the location is corrent, click Continue.

#### Files Needed

Some files on WindowsNT Workstation CD-ROM are needed. Insert WindowsNT Workstation CD-ROM into the drive selected below, and then click OK.

Even when one of these messages appears, designate a new location for the system design change folder (Windows NT® 4.0 CD-ROM's [I386]) and click on [Next].

**D:\I386** (CD-ROM drive is "D")

#### Reinstalling Service Pack Data

When changing the Windows NT system settings, the system files are written over your existing Service Pack 1 files. Be sure to set up your Service Pack data again.

- When using Windows® 2000
- Changing the System Design

When the Windows® 2000 system design is changed, the following messages will appear.

Please insert the floppy disk labeled'Windows2000 Professional CD-ROM' into drive D and then click OK.

You can also click OK if you want files to be copied from an altemate location. such as a network sever or a compact disc.

Designate the new folder location for the system settings (Windows®2000 CD-ROM's [I386]) and click on [Next].

D:\I386 (CD-ROM drive is "D")

# 6.4.4 Changing to the NTFS File System

■ With a hard disk using WindowsNT® 4.0 and Windows® 2000

If your hard disk was formatted using the Windows DOS compatible FAT32 system, you can use the following command to convert the hard disk to an NTFS system.

convert x:/fs:ntfs, where "x" is the drive name of your hard disk.



After converting data to the NTFS file system, it cannot be converted back to the FAT32 (DOS compatible) file system.

# 6.5 Windows® Utility Program

The PL unit is equipped with the following special features. The following files have been copied to the PL unit's hard disk and are contained in the [Proface] folder.

| File Name             | Windows®98 Second Edition | Windows NT <sup>®</sup> 4.0/Windows <sup>®</sup> 2000 |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|---|
| PL_BLIOC.DLL          |                           |   |
| PL_DLL.DLL            | C:\Windows\System         | C:\Winnt\System32                                     |
| PL_IOC.DLL            | C.\viiluows\3ystem        | C.\vwiiittiSystems2                                   |
| Backlight Control.scr |                           |   |
| Disp.exe              | C:\Proface\Disp           |   |
| Keyclick.exe          | C:\Proface\Keyclick       |   |
| PL_Smon.exe           | C:\Proface\Sysmon         |   |
| PL_Wps.exe            | C:\Proface\Sysmon         |   |
| Funckey.exe           | C:\Proface\Funckey        |   |

#### 6.5.1 API-DLL

This is a dynamic library designed to provide access to the System BIOS' RAS feature for User applications. API-DLL consists of three types, which are explained below.

# ■ Backlight Control API-DLL file (Pl\_blioc.dll)

This API-DLL file provides a dynamic library that allows User-created applications to utilize the PL-5900 series' backlight control feature. This file must be installed into the same directory as the User's application. For details, refer to the Appendix 4 - Backlight Control Feature API-DLL

# ■ System Monitor API-DLL (Pl\_dll.dll)

This API-DLL file provides a dynamic library that allows User-created applications to utilize the PL-5900 series' System Monitor feature. This file must be installed into the same directory as the User's application.

# ■ RAS Feature API-DLL (Pl\_ioc.dll)

This API-DLL file provides a dynamic library that allows User-created applications to utilize the PL-5900 series' System BIOS' RAS feature.

For details, refer to the Appendix 3 - System Monitor/RAS Feature API-DLL

# 6.5.2 Backlight OFF Screen Saver(Backlight control.scr)

This software is used to turn OFF the PL's backlight after a specified period of inactivity. The use of this feature will help to extend the life of the PL's backlight.



Certain application programs may not allow the PL's backlight to turn OFF. Please test each program individually to check if the screen saver will operate correctly.

# 6.5.3 Screen Display ON/OFF Utility(Disp.exe)

This command line utility is used to turn OFF both the PL's backlight and display.

Settings Used DISP [ON/OFF]

Option Switch ON: Displayed / OFF: Not Displayed

Return Value 0: Completed Normally / -1: Option Switch Error

# 6.5.4 Keyboard Emulator(Keyclick.exe)

This program allows the User's mouse operation to perform keyboard-like data input.



- Certain application programs do not support this keyboard emulator. Please test
  each application individually to check if the keyboard emulator will operate correctly.
- This application cannot be used to enter Windows® startup screen User Name and Password information.
- To change the Keyclick program's font size a keyboard is required.
- For details concerning the Keyclick program's operation, simply click on the HELP button to call up the program's online help data.

# 6.5.5 System Monitor/RAS Application (Pl\_smon.exe/Pl\_wps.exe)

This utility provides monitoring of the PL's temperature, voltage level, and fan's operation, via the system BIOS' RAS and system monitoring functions.

**♦** System Monitor Program (PI\_Smon.exe)

For details, Reference Appendix 3.3 System Monitor Operation

◆ Monitor Parameter Setting Program (PI\_Wps.exe)

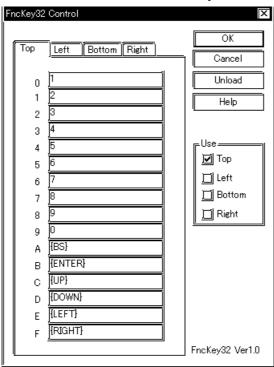
For details, Reference Appendix 3.2 System Monitor Property Settings

# 6.5.6 Function Key Utility(Funckey.exe)

This utility reserves an area of the PL screen for using function keys.

# ■ Start-up

- 1) Start up the Funckey32 Control Dialog Box from [Start] [Prgram] [Funckey] [Funckey Configuration].
- 2) Select a the desired Function Key tab and click the [USE] area.



# **♦**Special Key Settings

When creating a special key, use the following code;

| Key          | Setting      | Key          | Setting    |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------|
| Alt          | {ALT}        | Tab          | {TAB}      |
| Back Space   | (BS)         | Up           | {UP}       |
| Break        | {BREAK}      | F1           | {F1}       |
| Caps         | {CAPSLOCK}   | F2           | {F2}       |
| Ctrl         | {CONTROL}    | F3           | {F3}       |
| Del          | {DEL}        | F4           | {F4}       |
| Down         | {DOWN}       | F5           | {F5}       |
| End          | {END}        | F6           | {F6}       |
| Enter        | {ENTER}      | F7           | {F7}       |
| Esc          | {ESC}        | F8           | {F8}       |
| Help         | {HELP}       | F9           | {F9}       |
| Home         | {HOME}       | F10          | {F10}      |
| Insert       | {INSERT}     | F11          | {F11}      |
| Left         | {LEFT}       | F12          | {F12}      |
| Num Lock     | {NUMLOCK}    | Shift [DOWN] | {SHIFT+}   |
| Page Down    | {PGDN}       | Ctrl [DOWN]  | {CONTROL+} |
| Page Up      | {PGUP}       | Alt [DOWN]   | {ALT+}     |
| Print Screen | {PRTSC}      | Shift [UP]   | {SHIFT-}   |
| Right        | {RIGHT}      | Ctrl [UP]    | {CONTROL-} |
| Shift        | {SHIFT}      | Alt [UP]     | {ALT-}     |
| Scroll Lock  | {SCROLLLOCK} |              |            |



When the taskbar has been shifted to the bottom of the PL screen, the lower (Bottom) row of function keys cannot be used.

# 6.6 MS-DOS® Utility Programs

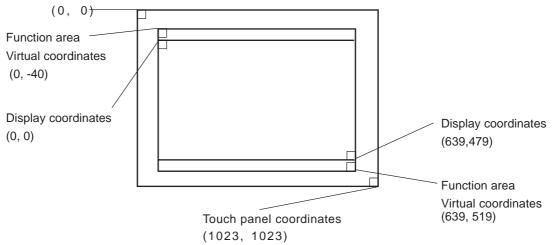
All MS-DOS® utilities can only be used if the PL unit's OS is MS-DOS. Windows OS' MS-DOS® prompt and command prompt cannot be used.

# 6.6.1 Touch Panel Handler(Atph59.exe)

With an analog touch panel, input is recognized within a 1024 x 1024 pixel area, with the lower left-hand corner as the coordinate origin point. However, most display panels use the upper left-hand corner as the origin point and have a resolution of 640 x 480 pixels. Consequently, depending on the conditions of use, the touch panel position and display position may not be the same. Here, the ATPH59.EXE application solves this problem by converting input from the touch panel into the corresponding display panel coordinates, allowing the use of application programs which use absolute coordinate input or area input from a touch panel.

The relationship between touch panel coordinates and display coordinates is as follows.

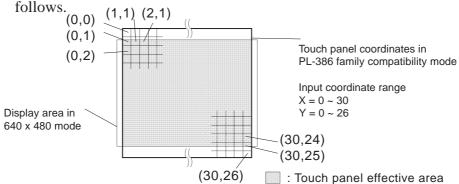
Touch panel coordinates



# Relationship between touch panel coordinates and display coordinates when using the PL-386 Series compatibility mode

To ensure compatibility with  $16 \times 14$  ( $31 \times 27$  by double precision) touch panels used on the Digital PL-386 family of Panel Computers, the TPH.EXE (PL-386 command) function can be used as is.

The relationship between touch panel coordinates and display coordinates is as





 A 2-point touch gives the midpoint coordinate between the two coordinate values.

#### ■ Start-up

ATPH59 [Parameter] [

↓]

\* Parameters

-a<n> Specifies the I/O base address of the touch panel's SIO port.

Hexadecimal, Default: 2e8 (COM4)

n= 3f8 (COM1) 2f8 (COM2)

> 3e8 (COM3) 2e8 (COM4)

**-q<n>** Specifies the interrupt level (IRQ) of the touch panel's SIO port.

Default: 10 (COM4) n= 4 (COM1) 3 (COM2) 11 (COM3) 10 (COM4)

-i<n> Sets the software interrupt vector number when calling up functions.

Hexadecimal, Default: n=59

**-r** Cancels the resident command.

-c <path name> Specifies the data file containing the calibrated value obtained

from CALIB59.EXE (touch panel data calibration). When defaulted to, ATPH59.CAL of the <u>current</u> directory is used.

\* Example atph59 -a2e8 -q10 -cc:\atph59.cal



Normally, only "atph59" is needed.

At startup, the following message will appear on the screen.

Analog Touch Panel Handler ATPH59.EXE Version X.XX Copyright (c) 2000 Digital Electronics Corporation Stay resident.

After startup, these commands reside in memory.



If an error is generated because, for example, there is no file created by the CALIB59.EXE application, the following message appears on the screen, and the system will start up in a mode that does not calibrate data.

WARNING!! Can't open CAL file. Stay resident.

Unless properly calibrated, the display and touch panel input positions may not be the same.

#### **■** Functions

ATPH59.EXE calls up functions using a software interrupt (default: INT 59h).

For information on functions in the PL-386 compatibility mode, see pages 6-7 to 6-10.

#### **INT 59h Function List**

| Function code | Description                           |  |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| 8000h         | Touch panel initialization            |  |
| 8100h         | Touch panel input (unrestricted wait) |  |
| 8101h         | Touch panel input (immediate restore) |  |
| 8102h         | Touch panel non-destructive input     |  |
| 8200h         | Input buffer clear                    |  |
| 8500h         | Touch panel status detection          |  |

# 8000h Touch panel initialization

This initializes the touch panel and clears the touch panel's input buffer.

Input AX = 8000h

**Output** AH = 0: Successfully completed

After the application starts up, this function is issued.



#### Touch panel cannot be used for 0.5s after the function is issued.

| 8100h | Touch panel input (unrestricted wa | ait) |
|-------|------------------------------------|------|
|       |                                    |      |

Returns coordinates of the area/position touched. Waits until data is input.

**Input** AX = 8100h

**Output** AH = 0: Successfully completed

BX = Y coordinate in 640 x 480 mode (-40 - 519)

DX = X coordinate in 640 x 480 mode (0 - 639)

CX = Number of valid input buffers on touch panel

#### 8101h Touch panel input (immediate restore)

Returns coordinates of the area/position touched. Immediately restored if nothing is entered.

**Input** AX = 8101h

**Output** AH = 0: Input ON

1: Input OFF

BX = Y coordinate in 640 x 480 mode (-40 - 519) DX = X coordinate in 640 x 480 mode (0 - 639)

CX = Number of valid input buffers on analog touch panel

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#### 8102h Touch panel non-destructive input

Returns coordinates of the area/position touched. Does not update the touch panel input buffer.

**Input** AX = 8102h

**Output** AH = 0: Input on

1: Input off

BX = Y coordinate in 640 x 480 mode (-40 - 519) DX = X coordinate in 640 x 480 mode (0 - 639)

CX = Number of valid input buffers on analog touch panel

# 8200h Input buffer clear

Clears touch panel input buffers.

Input AX = 8200h

Output AH = 0: Successfully completed

# 8500h Touch panel status detection

Returns touch panel status

Input AX = 8500h

**Output** AH = Status in 640 x 480 mode

| Bit 1 | Bit 0 | Description   |
|-------|-------|---------------|
| 0     | 0     | Area touched  |
| 0     | 1     | Unchanged     |
| 1     | 0     | Not available |
| 1     | 1     | Area released |

<sup>\*</sup> For an explanation on how to use the function, see "function 500h."

#### FE00h Resident check

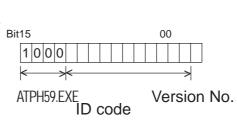
When the ATPH59.EXE application resides in memory, returns a fixed message and version.

**Input** AX = FE00h

**Output** AH = 0: Successfully completed

BL = 'Y'BH = 'B'

CX = Version No.



Carry = Clear

#### Functions available in PL-386 Compatibility Mode

The following data details the functions available in the PL-386 compatibility mode (when the user's PL-386 application is used without further conversion, updating or formatting).

# <INT 59h Function List>

| Function code | Description                               |  |  |
|---------------|---|--|--|
| 0000h         | Touch panel initialization                |  |  |
| 0100h         | Touch panel input (unrestricted wait)     |  |  |
| 0101h         | Touch panel input (immediate restore)     |  |  |
| 0102h         | Touch panel non-destructive input         |  |  |
| 0200h         | Input buffer clear                        |  |  |
| 0300h         | Coordinate code register                  |  |  |
| 0400h         | Coordinate code input (unrestricted wait) |  |  |
| 0401h         | Coordinate code input (immediate restore) |  |  |
| 0402h         | Coordinate code non-destructive input     |  |  |

# 0000h Touch panel initialization

This initializes the touch panel and clears the touch panel's input buffer.

Input AX = 0000h

**Output** AH = 0: Successfully completed

After the application starts up, this function is issued.



#### *Important* Touch panel cannot be used for 0.5s after the function is issued.

| 0100h        | Touch panel input (unrestricted wait)  |  |  |
|--------------|--|--|--|
| Returns coor | rdinates of the area/position touched. Waits until input is made.  |  |  |
| Input        | AX = 0100h   |  |  |
| Output       | AH = 0: Successfully completed BH = Y coordinate range in PL-386 compatibility mode (0 - 26) BL = X coordinate range in PL-386 compatibility mode (0 - 30) CX = Number of valid data sets in touch panel input buffers |  |  |
| 0101h        | Touch panel input (immediate restore)  |  |  |

Returns coordinates of the area/position touched. Immediately restored after input is made.

Input AX = 0101h

**Output** AH = 0: Input on ("1" when input is off)

BH = Y coordinate range in PL-386 compatibility mode (0 - 26) BL = X coordinate range in PL-386 compatibility mode (0 - 30) CX = Number of valid data sets in touch panel input buffers

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#### 0102h Touch panel non-destructive input

Returns coordinates of the area/position touched. Does not update touch panel input buffer.

**Input** AX = 0102h

**Output** AH =0: Input present (No input = 1)

BH = Y coordinate range in PL-386 compatibility mode (0 - 26) BL =X coordinate range in PL-386 compatibility mode (0 - 30) CX = Number of valid data sets in touch panel input buffers

# 0200h Input buffer clear

Clears touch panel input buffers.

**Input** AX = 0200h

**Output** AH = 0: Successfully completed

# 0300h Coordinate code register

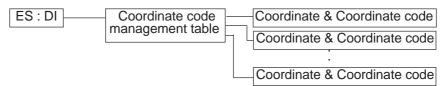
Registers code corresponding to the display coordinates.

Input AX = 0300h

ES = Segment from coordinate code management table DI = Offset from coordinate code management table

**Output** AH = 0: Successfully completed

\* Relationship between coordinate code management table and coordinate code



# \* Coordinate Code Management Table Design

The coordinate code management table manages positions of multiple coordinate code lists.

|   | Number (n) of registered coordinate code lists                            |   |
|---|---|---|
|   | Offset of 1st coordinate code list<br>Segment of 1st coordinate code list |   |
|   | Offset of 2nd coordinate code list<br>Segment of 2nd coordinate code list |   |
| n | :   | ; |
|   | Offset of nth coordinate code list<br>Segment of nth coordinate code list |   |

# \* Coordinate Code List Design

The coordinate code list determines which code is returned when the touch panel is pressed in a specific area. These coordinates specify the display coordinates.

|         | Number (n) of registered coordinate codes  |   |
|---------|--|---|
|         | Display coordinate designation mode  |   |
|         | Left side X coordinate of 1st area (X1) Top side X coordinate of 1st area (Y1) Right side X coordinate of 1st area (X2) Bottom side X coordinate of 1st area (Y2) Coordinate code of 1st area (code) |   |
| <b></b> | :  | : |
|         | Left side X coordinate of nth area (X1) Top side X coordinate of nth area (Y1) Right side X coordinate of nth area (X2) Bottom side X coordinate of nth area (Y2) Coordinate code of nth area (code) |   |

### 0400h Coordinate code input (unrestricted wait)

Returns coordinates of the area/position touched and coordinate code. Waits until data is entered.

Input AX = 0400h

**Output** AH = 0: Successfully completed

BH = Y coordinate range in PL-386 compatibility mode (0 - 26)
BL = X coordinate range in PL-386 compatibility mode (0 - 30)
CX = Number of valid data sets in touch panel input buffers

DX = Coordinate code



To use function 0400h, it is necessary to first register the coordinate codes.

# 0401h Coordinate code input (immediate restore)

Returns coordinates of the area/position touched and coordinate code. Immediately restored after data is entered.

**Input** AX = 0401h

**Output** AH = 0: Input on ("1" when input is off)

BH = Y coordinate range in PL-386 compatibility mode (0 - 26) BL = X coordinate range in PL-386 compatibility mode (0 - 30)

CX = Number of valid data sets in touch panel input buffers

DX = Coordinate code



**Note:** To use function 0401h, it is necessary to first register the coordinate codes.

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## 0402h Coordinate code non-destructive input

Returns coordinates of the area/position touched. Does not update the touch panel input buffer.

**Input** AX = 0402h

**Output** AH = 0: Input on ("1" when input is off)

BH = Y coordinate range in PL-386 family compatibility mode (0 - 26)
BL = X coordinate range in PL-386 family compatibility mode (0 - 30)
CX = Number of valid data sets in input buffers on touch panel

DX = Coordinate code



To use function 0402h, it is necessary to first register the coordinate codes.

# 0500h Touch panel status detection

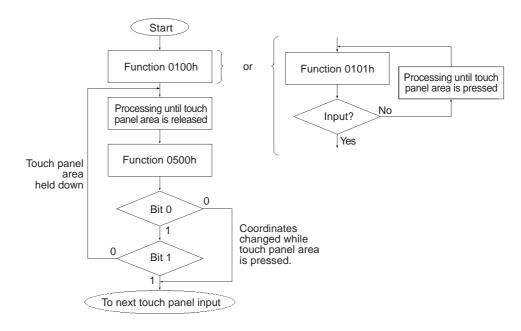
Returns the touch panel's current status

Input AX = 0500h

**Output** AH = Status in PL-386 compatibility mode

| Bit 1 | Bit 0 | Description   |
|-------|-------|---------------|
| 0     | 0     | Area pressed  |
| 0     | 1     | Unchanged     |
| 1     | 0     | Not available |
| 1     | 1     | Area released |

#### How to use function 0500h



# 6.6.2 Serial Port Driver(EXTCOM.SYS)

The Panel Computer (PL)'s RS-232C BIOS (INT 14h) has been enhanced and uses reception interrupt when transmitting data. (Can be used like a PC/AT standard function) As a result, this software does not need to be installed when an application for controlling the serial port directly is used, or when Windows is running.

• A Port Base Address: Reception Buffer Size (unit = KB)

The Port Base Address, or the Reception Buffer Size can be designated here. Parameters for up to four ports can be entered, using the predefined Port numbers of 0 to 3 (COM1 to COM).

Next, the Port Base Addresses are shown.

| Port   | Port Base | Interrupt    | Remarks                       |  |
|--------|-----------|--------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Number | Address   | Device Level | Kelliaiks                     |  |
| 0      | 3F8h      | IRQ4         | COM1 RS-232C (SIO1)           |  |
| 1      | 2F8h      | IRQ3         | COM2 RS-232C (SIO2)           |  |
| 2 3F   | 3F8h      | IRQ11        | COM3 RS-485 Multidrop         |  |
| 2      | Z SEOII   |              | Connection Possible           |  |
| 2      | 3 2E8h    | IRQ10        | COM4 Reserved for Touch Panel |  |
| 3      |           |              | (Not available to User)       |  |

• N Designates the ports not used by EXTCOM.SYS.

Ex.) When port 1 is not to be used by EXTCOM.SYS;

DEVICE = EXTCOM.SYS -A3F8:1 -N -A3E8:1 -N can be used.



- A and -N recognize Port numbers based on the positions designated for them.
- When DEVICE = EXTCOM.SYS is entered, all the ports are used by EXTCOM.SYS.



With the PL-5900 series units, normally port number 3 (COM4) can not be used. As a result, be sure to designate all the unit's ports in this statement.

Ex.) DEVICE = EXTCOM.SYS -A3F8:1 -N -A3E8:1 -N -M

• M This is used when Port 2 (COM3:RS-485) is used for a Multi-Drop connection. When this port is designated for Multi-Drop, startup is performed with the DTR "OFF" (unable to transfer data).

## **■** Description of Features

EXTCOM.SYS has the following features and uses a software interrupt (INT 14h) to call the following functions.

**INT 14h Function Code Chart** 

| Function Code | Explanation                             |  |  |
|---------------|---|--|--|
| 00h           | Initialize Transmission port            |  |  |
| 01h           | Send 1 byte data                        |  |  |
| 02h           | Receive 1 byte data                     |  |  |
| 03h           | Read Transmission port status           |  |  |
| 10h           | Expansion setting                       |  |  |
| 11h           | Forced 1 byte data send                 |  |  |
| 12h           | 1 byte data reception (immediate reply) |  |  |
| 13h           | Read Expansion Transmission port Status |  |  |
| 15h           | Receive 1 byte data safely              |  |  |
| 16h           | Enable RS-485 Sending/Transmission      |  |  |
| 17h           | Disable RS-485 Sending/Transmission     |  |  |
| FEh           | Resident Check                          |  |  |



- RS-232C (COM1,COM2) and RS-485 (COM3) can be used even if the EXTCOM.SYS program is not installed. However, the receive interrupt and expansion features cannot be used.
- Depending on the BIOS function call used, the RS-232C (COM1, COM2) and RS-485 (COM3) are enabled. Also, the RS-232C (COM1, COM2) can be used with only a device name.
- Port 3 (COM4) can be used to control the Touch Panel. Since PL-5900 series units use PLATPH for control, normally EXTCOM.EXE should be set to not use port 3.

Next, each function will be explained.

The Line Status and the Modem Status bits are used as follows:

(Each of these bits is enabled when it is "1", and disabled when it is "0")

#### **■** Line Status

| Bit 0 | Data Ready                        |
|-------|-----------------------------------|
| Bit 1 | Overrun Error                     |
| Bit 2 | Parity Error                      |
| Bit 3 | Frame Error                       |
| Bit 4 | Break Detect                      |
| Bit 5 | Transmit's Reserved Register Free |
| Bit 6 | Transmit's Shift Register Free    |
| Bit 7 | Time Out Error                    |

#### **■** Modem Status

| Bit 0 | Unused         |  |  |  |
|-------|----------------|--|--|--|
| Bit 1 | Unused         |  |  |  |
| Bit 2 | Unused         |  |  |  |
| Bit 3 | Unused         |  |  |  |
| Bit 4 | Clear To Send  |  |  |  |
| Bit 5 | Data Set Ready |  |  |  |
| Bit 6 | Ring Indicator |  |  |  |
| Bit 7 | Carrier Detect |  |  |  |

#### **Function 00h**

#### **Initialize Transmission Port**

This function performs Transmission Port initialization. Clears the Transmission buffer.

**Input:** AH = 00h,

AL = Port Parameter

Bit 0,1 Data bit length

00: Unsettable 01: Unsettable 10: 7 bit 11: 8 bit (default)

Bit 2 Stop Bit

0: 1 stop bit 1: 2 stop bits (default)

Bit 3,4 Parity

00: NON (default) 01: ODD 10: NON 11: EVEN

Bit 5,6,7 Baud Rate

000:110, 001:150, 010:300, 011:600, 100:1200,

101:2400, 110:4800, 111:9600 (default)

DX = Port Number (0 to 3)

**Output:** AH = Line Status,

AL = Modem Status

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#### **Function 01h**

#### **Transmit 1 Byte Data**

Transmits 1 byte data...

**Input:** AH = 01h

AL = Transmission Data

DX = Port Number (0 to 3)

**Output:** AH = Line Status (During timeout; bit 7 becomes 1)

AL = Transmission Data

#### Function 02h

## **Receive 1 Byte Data**

Receives 1 byte data. If characters are present in the buffer, while the buffer is being refreshed these characters are returned. If there are no characters in the buffer, the computer waits until a timeout occurs.

**Input:** AH = 02h

DX = Port Number (0 to 3)

**Output:** AH = Line Status

AL = Modem Status

#### **Function 03h**

## **Read Transmission Port Status**

Reads the status of the transmission port.

**Input:** AH = 03h

DX = Port Number (0 to 3)

**Output:** AH = Line Status

AL = Modem Status

#### **Function 10h**

#### **Expansion Setting**

Designates the type of data transmission method used. XON/XOFF and RTS can be used at the same time.

**Input:** AH = 10h

DX = Flow Control Method

Bit 0 Flow is controlled according to the XON/XOFF setting at the time of data reception.

0: Not used for control (default) 1: Used for control

Bit 1 Flow is controlled according to the RTS setting at the time of data reception.

0: Not used for control (default) 1: Used for control

Bit 2,3 Reserved (Keep set to "0")

Bit 4 Other party's XON/XOFF setting during data transfer

0: Disabled (default) 1: Enabled

Bit 5 Other party's CTS setting during data transfer

0: Disabled (default) 1: Enabled

Bit 6,7 Reserved (Keep set to "0")

CH = Timing used for enabling XON (default is 25)

Designates what percentage the buffer must empty to before the XON command is enabled.

CL = Timing used for enabling XOFF (default is 75)

Designates what percentage the buffer must fill to before the XOFF command is enabled.

\*Please be sure 0 < CH < CL < 100.

BH = Length of transmit time out (Unit = 500msec) Default - 6 [3 seconds]

BL = Length of receive time out (Unit = 500msec) Default - 6 [3 seconds]

DX = Port Number (0 to 3)

**Output:** AH = Line Status

0: Normal exit Other than 0: Designated error

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#### **Function 11h**

## Forced 1 Byte Data Send

Regardless of the other party's data flow control, a bit of data is sent.

**Input:** AH = 11h

AL = Transmission Data

DX = Port Number (0 to 3)

**Output:** AH = Line Status

AL = Transmission Data

#### **Function 12h**

## 1 Byte Data Reception (Immediate Reply)

Receives 1 byte data. Responds immediately if no data is present in the reception buffer.

**Input:** AH = 12h

DX = Port Number (0 to 3)

**Output:** AH = Line Status (If not data is present, bit 7 changes to "1"(timeout)

AL = Reception Data

#### **Function 13h**

## **Read Expansion Transmission Port Status**

When expansion settings are used, reads the condition of the data transmission port.

**Input:** AH = 13h

DX = Port Number (0 to 3)

**Output:** AH = Line Status

AL = Modem Status

BX = Current Data Reception Amount

CL = Condition of Flow Control

Bit OSending (Here) Terminal's XON/XOFF

0: OFF, 1: ON

Bit 1 Sending (Here) Terminal's RTS

0: OFF, 1: ON

Bit 2.3 Unused

Bit 4 Receiving (There) Terminal's XON/XOFF

0: OFF, 1: ON

Bit 5 Receiving (There) Terminal's RTS

0: OFF, 1: ON

Bit 6,7 Unused

#### **Function 15h**

## **Receive 1 Byte Data Safely**

Receives 1 byte data. However, the reception buffer is not refreshed. Also, responds immediately if the buffer contains no data.

**Input:** AH = 16h **Output:** (None)

#### **Function 16h**

## **Enable RS485 Sending/Transmission**

Receives 1 byte data. However, the reception buffer is not refreshed. Also, responds immediately if the buffer contains no data.

**Input:** AH = 15h

AL = Transmission Data

DX = Port Number (0 to 3)

**Output:** AH = Line Status

AL = Reception Data

#### **Function 17h**

## **Enable RS485 Sending/Transmission**

Used with Multi-Drop connections, via the RS-485 port (No. 2).

When DTR turns OFF, transmission is not possible.

**Input:** AH = 17h

Output: (None)

#### **Function FEh**

#### **Resident Check**

When the EXTCOM.SYS program is resident, returns a fixed message and the version (number).

**Input:** AH = FEh

**Output:** BL = "Y"

BH = "A"

CX = Version Number

Carry = Clear

## 6.6.3 Touch Panel Data Calibration(CALIB59.EXE)

By touching the specified position (upper left-hand corner or lower right-hand corner) on the panel, the difference between the screen's logical value and its measured value is corrected. Furthermore, it is possible to create files with data based on calibration results obtained here, to be used with the ATPH59.EXE application (Touch Panel Handler).

## ■ Start-up

CALIB59 [Parameter] ☐

\* Parameter

-a<n> Specifies the I/O base address of the touch panel's SIO port.

Hexadecimal, Default: 2e8 (COM4)

n= 3f8 (COM1) 2f8 (COM2) 3e8 (COM3) 2e8 (COM4)

-q<n> Specifies the interrupt level (IRQ) of the touch panel's SIO port.

Default: 10

n=3, 4, 10, 11

-c <path name> Specifies the data file containing the calibrated value obtained from

the CALIB59.EXE application (touch panel data calibration).

When defaulted to, ATPH59.CAL of the current directory is specified.



\* Example CALIB59 -a2e8 -q10 -cc:\atph59.cal

• Normally, only "CALIB59" is needed.

#### Operation

Analog Touch Panel Calibration CALIB59.EXE Version X.XX

Copyright(c) 2000 Digital Electronics Corporation Calibration Mode

Touch upper left and lower right cornner of the screen.

[Enter] : Go to test mode. [Esc] : Terminate program. Upper left Lower right (0000,0000) (0000,0000) 1) When the CALIB59.EXE application is opened up, the message shown at the left will appear on the screen, and two points will light up, in both the upper left-hand and lower right-hand corners.

Analog Touch Panel Calibration CALIB59.EXE Version
X.XX

Copyright (c) 2000 Digital Electronics Corporation

#### **Calibration Mode**

Touch upper left and lower right corner of the screen.

[Enter: Go to test mode. [Esc]: Terminate program. Upper left Lower right (0039.0026) √(0997.0988)

The measured value is displayed on the screen.

Terminate program without saving calibration data?(Y/N)

Analog Touch Panel Calibration CALIB59.EXE Version X.XX Copyright (c) 199X Digital Electronics Corporation

#### Test Mode

[Enter]: Save calibration data and Exit. [Esc]: Return to calibration mode.

Calibration data name? ATPH59.CAL

2) Touch each point, in the order it appears.



- Do not touch both points simultaneously.
- Touch the panel exactly on the lit up areas.
- The measured value is redisplayed if you touch the panel again.

The difference between the logic value and the measured value is obtained.



To quit programming, press the [Esc] key. Then, when the message shown on the left appears, press the [Y] key. The program will end without saving data. Here, pressing the [N] key will return you to the calibration mode.

3) Start up the "Test Mode" with the [→] key.

This mode tests the calibrated value to determine if it is correct or not.

The perimeter is OK if it is drawn along the path you traced by finger. Otherwise, return to the "Calibration Mode" and touch the lit up areas again.



You can return to the "Calibration Mode" with the [Esc] key.

4) If test results are OK, press the [Enter] key.

When the message shown at the left appears, input the data file name and press the  $[\bot]$  key.



When specifying the data file name for the parameter (-C=[path name]) at the CALIB59.EXE start-up, the program ends without displaying the message shown on the left.

## 6.6.4 Keyboard Emulator(KEYEM\_PL.EXE)

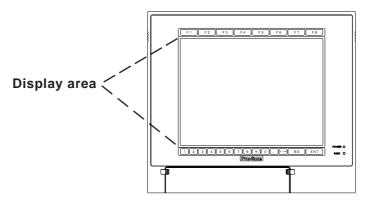
(Note: This program can only be used with the Japanese version of MS-DOS.)

This program graphically displays the keyboard on the screen, allowing keystroke operation with the touch panel using the mouse to perform keyboard-like data input. It also allows the user to define a key to any coordinates (external key definition).



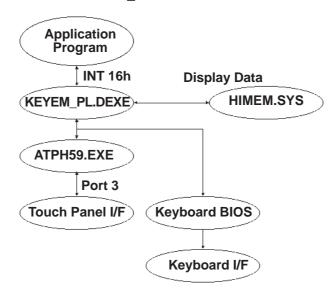
"External Key Definition" uses the touch panel coordinate mode compatible with Digital's family of PL-386 Panel Computers.

Please place the function label included in the package to enhance the usability of the Keyboard Emulator.



The structure and function of KEYEM\_PL.EXE is as follows:

#### <The structure of KEYEM\_.PL.EXE>

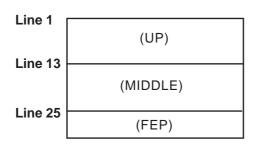




- To use KEYEM\_PL.EXE, HIMEM.SYS and ATPH59.EXE must be installed.
- Install the HIMEM.SYS file for the OS currently in use.

## ■ Screen Display

The screen is split into two as shown below and the graphical keyboard is displayed in the top or middle section (where the cursor is not residing).



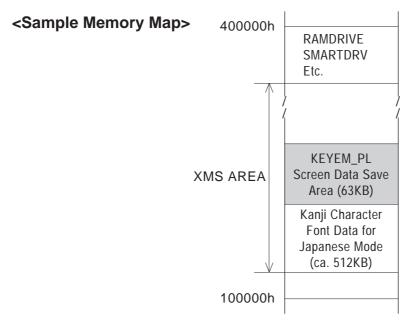
Touch [F8] to turn ON/OFF the graphical keyboard.



- The display mode must be the DOS/V-compatible Japanese graphic mode (72h). The graphical keyboard display supports the AX standard Japanese keyboard only. For the actual keyboard display screen, refer to Appendix 5. "Keyboard Emulator Screens".
- KEYEM\_PL runs on top of ATPH59. To process touch input from ATPH59 with a user application, exclusive control is necessary. Use function A000h and A001h to control the keyboard emulator when key input is necessary. Do not perform touch input processes during key input.

#### ■ Configurations

When the graphical keyboard is displayed, XMS memory is used to temporarily save the contents of the VRAM (63KB). If HIMEM.SYS is not installed, or if the KEYEM\_PL screen data save area is not reserved, this program will not start up. When using this program in conjunction with programs that use expanded memory, be sure to reserve enough memory.



## ■ Start-up

KEYEM\_PL [Parameter] [→] or KEYEM\_PL-r [→]

#### \* Parameters

-0[=][External Key Definition File] Specifies the external key definition.

**-2** Displays the graphical keyboard in 2- level mode.

-i<n> Sets the software interrupt vector number when calling up func-

tions. Hexadecimal, Default: n=59

**-F** Displays the graphical keyboard in 16-level mode.

-T[=]n Specifies the software interrupt vector number used for the Touch

Panel function calling.

(Hexadecimal, Default: n=59)

**-r** Cancel the resident command.



## • Normally parameter specification is not necessary. (Use the default).

At startup, the following message will appear on the screen.

Keyboard Emulator KEYEM\_PL.EXE Version X.XX Copyright (C) 2000 Digital Electronics Corporation

Stay resident.

After startup, these commands reside in memory.

#### **■** Functions

KEYEM\_PL.EXE includes the following functions and perform the function calls using the software interrupt (INT 16h).

#### <INT16h Function List>

| Function Code | Contents                           |
|---------------|------------------------------------|
| 00h           | Key input data read                |
| 01h           | Key input data check               |
| 02h           | Shift status read                  |
| 05h           | Keyboard data write                |
| 10h           | Key input data read (AX keyboard)  |
| 11h           | Key input data check (AX keyboard) |
| 12h           | Shift status read (AX keyboard)    |
| A000h         | Keyboard Emulation startup         |
| A001h         | Keyboard Emulation interrupt       |
| FE00h         | Resident Check                     |

The following data details each function.

#### Function 00h Key input data read

Reads the input key data.

**Input** AH= 00hA

**Output** AL= Primary code (character code)

AH= Secondary code (scan code)

## Function 01h Key input data check

Detects the data in the keyboard buffer.

Input AH = 01h

**Output** ZF= 0: Readable data in the keyboard buffer.

1: No readable data in the keyboard buffer.

AL= Primary code (character code) AH= Secondary code (scan code)

#### Function 02h Shift status read

Returns the status information of the special keys.

**Input** AH= 02h

**Output** AL= Shift status

Bit 7: Insert key

Bit 6: Caps Lock key

Bit 5: Num Lock key

Bit 4: Scroll Lock key

Bit 3: Alt key

Bit 2: Ctrl key

Bit 1: Shift Left key

Bit 0: Shift Right key

## Function 05h The key-in data writing

Writes the data for the CX register settings to the keyboard buffer as input from the keyboard

Input AH = 05h

CL= Primary code (character code)

CH= Secondary code (scan code)

**Output** AL= Status

0: Successfully completed

1: Aborted

(No available space in the keyboard buffer.)

## Chapter 6 - Setting Up Your PL OS

## Function 10h Keyinput data read (AX keyboard)

Reads the input key data. (The function is associated with the AX keyboard.)

**Input** AH= 10h

**Output** AL= Primary code (character code)

AH= Secondary code (scan code)

## Function 11h Key input data check. (AX keyboard)

Detects the data in the keyboard buffer.

(Function is associated with the AX keyboard).

**Input** AH= 11h

**Output** ZF= 0: Readable data in the keyboard buffer.

1: No readable data in the keyboard buffer.

AL= Primary code (character code) AH= Secondary code (scan code)

## Function 12h Shift status read (AX keyboard)

Returns the status of the special keys.

**Input** AH= 12h

**Output** AL= Shift status

Bit 7: Insert key

Bit 6: Caps Lock key (lamp status) Bit 5: Num Lock key (lamp status) Bit 4: Scroll Lock key (lamp status)

Bit 3: Alt key

Bit 2: Ctrl key

Bit 1: Shift Left key

Bit 0: Shift Right key

AH= Shift status

Bit 7: Alt+Sys key

Bit 6: Caps Lock key (key status)

Bit 5: Num Lock key (key status)

Bit 4: Scroll Lock key (key status)

Bit 3: Alt Right key

Bit 2: Ctrl Right key

Bit 1: Shift Left key

Bit 0: Shift Right key

## Function A000h Key emulation startup

Starts up the key emulation.

Input AX = A000h

BL= 0: Clears the graphical keyboard

1: Displays the graphical keyboard in the opposite section to the cursor location.

2: Displays the graphical keyboard in the top section of the

screen

3: Displays the graphical keyboard in the bottom section of the

screen

Output None



With the BL=2 and BL=3 status, the graphical keyboard is not cleared automatically by pressing the [Enter] key. When the cursor makes a vertical movement, the change to the key-icon display position and display scroll check are not performed. In this condition, the ON/OFF status of the key-icon display must be controlled by the application.

#### FunctionA001h

#### Keyemulationinterrupt

Interrupts the key emulation.

**Input** AX = A001h

BL= 0: Clears the graphical keyboard 1: Clears the graphical keyboard

(All keys are disabled.)

**Output** None

#### Function FE00h Resident check

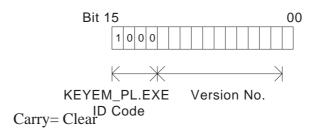
When the KEYEM\_PL.EXE application resides in memory, this function returns a fixed message and version information.

Input AX = FE00h

**Output** AH= 0: Successfully completed

BL= "Y" BH= "C"

CX= Version number



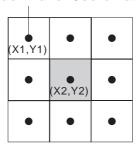
## ■ The External Key Definition

This section explains how to designate a key to arbitrary coordinates with the KEYEM\_PL.EXE application.

 $(Left\ corner\ coordinate\ (X1),\ Upper\ corner\ coordinate\ (Y1),\ Right\ corner\ coordinate\ (Y2),\ Lower\ corner\ coordinate\ (Y2))$ 

= the 1st key code [, the 2nd key code [, ...]]; comment line

**Touch Panel Coordinates** 



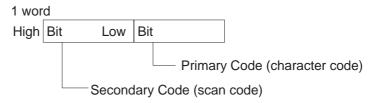


- Designate the values with the touch panel coordinate range in PL-386 compatibility mode  $(0,1) \sim (30,25)$ .
- If the designated coordinates overlap, the one defined first overrides the other.

If more than two key codes are defined, they operate as if the input occurs in sequence when the coordinated are pressed.

The key code can be defined using the following two methods.

1. Define the key code with 1 word.



\* The scan code can be omitted.

0x000C: +/- key

2. Define the key code with a character string surrounded by double quotes.



The scan code here is assumed omitted.



• The key codes used in the KEYEM\_PL.EXE are as follows.

0x0000: no key input 0x0007: Shift key 0x0001: graphical keyboard ON/OFF 0x0008: Ctrl key

0x0002: reserved0x0009: Num/Symbol key0x0003: reserved0x000A: Japanese/English key0x0004: Ctrl-Alt-Del0x000B: ACT key

0x0005: Print key 0x0006: Pause key

## 6.6.5 Backlight Burnout Detection Features Setting Program (BLSET.EXE)

This application detects if the backlight has burned out. This program is stored in [Utility] folder of the PL-5900 Series User Manual & Driver CD. Copy to FD or PL's hard disk and then execute this program with DOS.

## ■Start-up

BLSET ON [→] or BLSET OFF [→]

ON means the backlight burnout detection is enabled.

OFF means detection is disabled.

For detection setting details, refer to Appendix 2 RAS Feature.

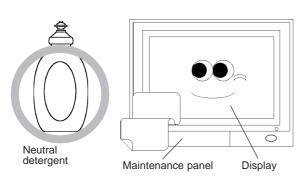
# Chapter

- 7-1 Regular Cleaning
- 7-2 Replacing the Backlight
- 7-3 Periodic Maintenance Points

# 7 Maintenance and Inspection

# 7.1 Regular Cleaning

## 7.1.1 Cleaning the Display

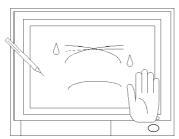


When the display surface or frame become dirty, use a soft cloth moistened with neutral detergent to wipe away any dust or stains.

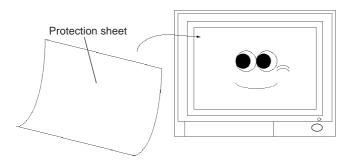




Do <u>not</u> clean the unit with thinner, organic solvents, or strong acids.



Do not use sharp or hard objects, such as a mechanical pencil or screwdriver, to push on the display. This could damage the unit.



Use the screen protection sheet when using the PL in extremely dirty or dusty areas.

## 7.1.2 Replacing the Installation Gasket

The installation gasket protects the PL and improves its water resistance. For instructions on installing the PL's gasket.

**▼Reference** 4-2 Installing the PL



A gasket which has been used for a long period of time may have scratches or dirt on it, and could have lost much of its water resistance. Be sure to change the gasket periodically (or when scratches or dirt become visible).

# 7.2 Replacing the Backlight

The PL's backlight can be changed after it wears out. Follow the steps explained below



**lote:** Please use the following table to identify which backlight model number to use when ordering your backlight.

| PL Type   | Backlight Type    |  |
|-----------|-------------------|--|
| PL- 5900T | GP577RT-BL00-MS   |  |
| PL- 5901T | GP3//KT-DL00-IVIS |  |

# **N** WARNINGS

- Whenever changing the backlight, be sure the PL's power cord has been disconnected and that the unit is cooled down.
- When the PL's power cord is connected and the PL is ON, high voltage runs through the wires in the backlight area do not touch them!
- When the PL's power has just been turned OFF, the backlight area is still <u>very</u> hot! Be sure to wear gloves to prevent being burned.
- Do not try to replace the backlight while the PL is installed in a cabinet or panel. Remove the PL first, then begin the backlight replacement procedures.
- Be careful when handling the backlight, since it is made of glass and very fragile.

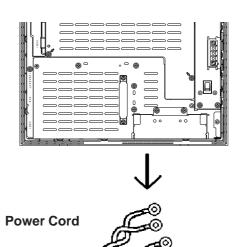
## **Chapter 7 - Maintenance and Inspection**

Follow the steps given below to change the PL's backlight. Be sure to wear cotton gloves when performing this work to prevent burns.

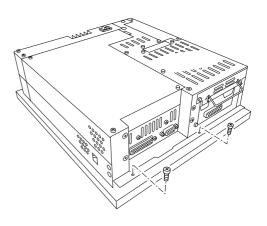
 Unplug the PL's power cord from the main power supply and then disconnect the PL power cord terminals from the PL's power terminal block.



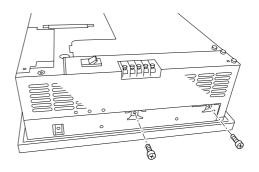
Be sure to perform the backlight changeover on a flat, level surface. This will prevent damage to the PL unit and the accidental cutting of any of its power cord terminals.



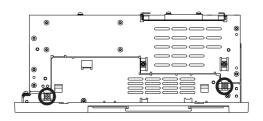
- 2) Remove the power cord.
- Unscrew and remove the two attachment screws from the right side of the PL.



4) Unscrew and remove the two attachment screws from the left side of the PL.

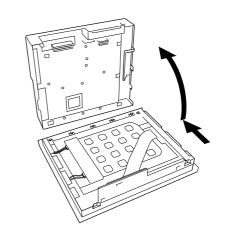


5) Unscrew and remove the two attachment screws from the bottom of the PL.



## **Chapter 7 - Maintenance and Inspection**

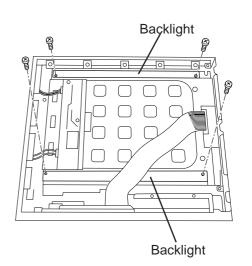
- 6) Slide the rear cover to the top side.
- 7) Lift up the rear face and remove it from the front face.

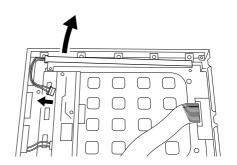


8) Unscrew and remove the four attachment screws securing the backlight.



- Use a "0" sized Phillips screwdriver to remove the backlight attachment screws.
- Be careful not to lose the screws.
- Be careful when removing the screws so that they do not fall inside the PL, since they may cause the unit to malfunction.
- Remove the connector from the inverter board.
- 10) Lift up the backlight and slowly pull the unit out of the PL.
- 11) Insert the replacement backlight by reversing the removal procedure. Secure the replacement backlight with the screws and insert the connector to the inverter board.







- The PL's backlights are installed at the top and bottom of the LCD panel. Whenever you change a backlight, be sure to change both backlights.
- Be sure to insert the connector to the inverter board and push it until its rear connector is securely connected, or it may cause damage.
- 12) Replace the four attachment screws removed in step 8).
- 13) Reattach the PL rear unit to the PL front unit, using the PL's guide slots, i.e. reverse the procedure use to separate them.
  Be careful not to catch or cut any of the PL's internal cables while reattaching the two units.
- 14) Replace the six attachment screws removed in step 3), 4) and 5).

# 7.3 Periodic Maintenance Points

Check the PL periodically to ensure it is in good working condition.

#### Ambient environment check

- Is the ambient temperature within the specified range? (0°C to 45°C - without HDD unit, 5°C to 45°C - with HDD unit)
- Is the ambient humidity within the specified range (10%RH to 85 %RH)?
- Is the atmosphere free of corrosive gas?

## Electrical specifications check

• Is the voltage adequate (AC85V to AC132V, 50/60 Hz or DC19.2V to DC28.8V)?

## <u>Installation check points</u>

- Is the connection cable firmly connected (not loose)?
- Are any bolts or screws loose?
- Are there any flaws or tears in the moisture resistant gesket?

## Display check

• Is the display bright enough?



When the PL's Standard Display's backlight needs to be replaced, please contact your local PL distributor.



- **A-1** Hardware Configuration
- A-2 RAS Feature
- A-3 System Monitor
- A-4 Serial Communication
- A-5 Touch Panel Handler Program
- A-6 BIOS List
- A-8 System Monitor/RAS Feature API-DLL

# **Hardware Configuration**

The following data explains the design of the I/O Map, Memory Map and Interrupt Map, as well as additional hardware design items including the RAS feature.

## A.1.1 I/O Map

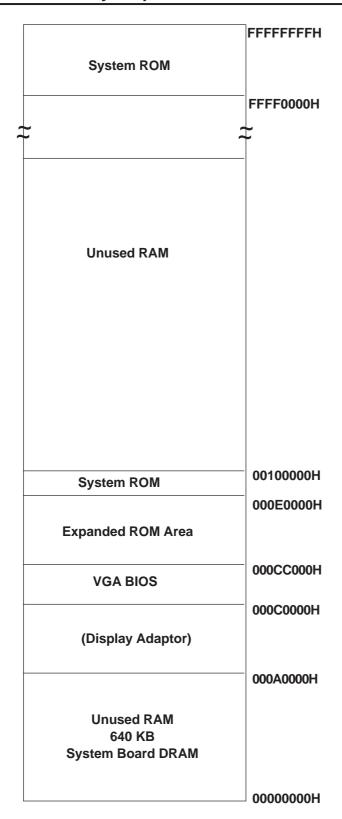
| Address       | AT System Device                   | System Device |  |
|---------------|------------------------------------|---------------|--|
| 0000H - 001FH | DMA controller (8237)              |               |  |
| 0020H - 003FH | Interrupt controller (8259A)       |               |  |
| 0040H - 005FH | System timer (8254)                |               |  |
| 0060H - 006FH | Keyboard (H8/3332)                 |               |  |
| 0070H - 007FH | Real-time clock, NMI mask          |               |  |
| 0080H - 009FH | DMA bank register                  |               |  |
| 00A0H - 00BFH | Interrupt controller 2 (8259A)     |               |  |
| 00C0H - 00DFH | DMA controller 2 (8237)            |               |  |
| 00F0H - 00FFH | Numeric data processor             |               |  |
| 016CH - 016FH | Used by Main Board                 |               |  |
| 01F0H - 01FFH | Hard disk (IDE)                    |               |  |
| 0200H - 0207H | Game I/O *1                        |               |  |
| 0295H - 0296H | Used by Main Board                 |               |  |
| 02E8H - 02EFH | Serial Port 4 (COM4): Touch Panel  | Touch Panel   |  |
| 02F8H - 02FFH | Serial port 2 (COM2) : General Use |               |  |
| 0378H - 037FH | Parallel port 2 (LPT 2)            |               |  |
| 03B0H - 03BBH | Video controller (VGA)             |               |  |
| 03BCH - 03BFH | Parallel port 1 (LPT1) Printer     |               |  |
| 03C0H - 03DFH | Video controller (VGA)             |               |  |
| 03E8H - 03EFH | Serial port 3 (COM3): Reserved     |               |  |
| 03F0H - 03F7H | Floppy disk controller             |               |  |
| 03F8H - 03FFH | Serial port 1 (COM1) :General Use  |               |  |

<sup>\*1</sup> This device is not supported by the system, but is reserved as standard.



Depending on the arrangement of any connected Plug-and-Play deimportant vices, these features perform different functions/actions.

## A.1.2 Memory Map



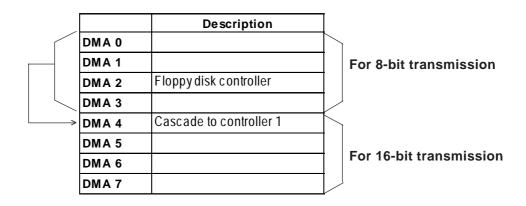
## A.1.3 Interrupt Map

## **■** Hardware Interrupt List

|           | Description                            |  |  |
|-----------|--|--|--|
| NMI 0     | Parity Error or I/O Channel Check      |  |  |
| IRQ 0     | Timer (in the Chipset)                 |  |  |
| IRQ 1     | Keyboard                               |  |  |
| <br>IRQ 2 | Cascade from Controller 2              |  |  |
| IRQ 3     | Serial Port 2 (COM2): General Use Port |  |  |
| IRQ 4     | Serial Port 1 (COM1): General Use Port |  |  |
| IRQ 5     | Serial Bus Controller                  |  |  |
| IRQ 6     | Floppy Disk Controller                 |  |  |
| IRQ 7     | Parallel Port 1 (LPT 1) : Printer Port |  |  |
| IRQ 8     | Real Time Clock                        |  |  |
| IRQ 9     | ACPI Controller                        |  |  |
| IDO 40    | Serial Port 4 (COM4): Touch Panel (for |  |  |
| IRQ 10    | Standard monitor)                      |  |  |
| IRQ 11    | Serial Port 3 (COM3): General Use Port |  |  |
| IRQ 12    | Network Controller                     |  |  |
| IRQ 13    | Numeric Data Processor                 |  |  |
| IRQ 14    | Hard Disk (IDE)                        |  |  |
| IRQ 15    | Available for users                    |  |  |

Depending on the arrangement of any connected Plug-and-Play deimportant vices, these features perform different functions/actions.

#### **■ DMA Channel List**



## A.2 RAS Feature

#### A.2.1 PL's RAS Features

RAS, which stands for Reliability, Availability and Serviceability, is a device-level monitoring function that provides a variety of features to improve the reliability of your PL system.

Though the standard set of RAS features used will vary depending on the devices used, the following features are used to provide Alarm Monitoring and External Input Signal support.

| Alarm Monitoring      | Power Voltage Alarm               |  |  |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
|                       | Cooling Fan Alarm                 |  |  |
|                       | Internal Temperature Alarm        |  |  |
|                       | Watchdog Timer Time Up            |  |  |
|                       | Mirror Disk Alarm <sup>*1</sup>   |  |  |
|                       | Backlight Burnout Detection       |  |  |
|                       | Touch Panel Alarm                 |  |  |
| External Input Signal | Standard Signal Input (DIN 2 bit) |  |  |
|                       | Remote Reset Input <sup>2</sup>   |  |  |

Also, when either the one of the above mentioned alarms occurs, or an external signal input is received, the following types of alarm processing output signals and features are supported.

| External Output Signal          | Standard Signal Output (DOUT 1 bit)       |
|---------------------------------|---|
|                                 | Alarm Output (1 point)                    |
|                                 | Lamp Output (1 point)                     |
| Types of Processing (all units) | LED Indicator (3-state display – 1 point) |
|                                 | Pop-up Message Output                     |
|                                 | Buzzer Output                             |
|                                 | System Shutdown                           |

Furthermore, using the PL's System Monitor feature\*3 (included in the PL's software utility disk), allows the easy setting and control (Enable/Disable) of the aforementioned Alarm Monitor and External Input Signals.

Last, the system monitor feature's use of an Application Link Library (API-DLL) allows it to also be used with other applications.

**▼Reference** Chapter 6 - Setting up Your PL OS

<sup>\*1</sup> When a Mirror Disk Alarm occurs and the standard RAS feature settings are used, the alarm output is limited to the Mirror Disk unit's LED indicator. (Alternately flashing orange and green)

<sup>\*2</sup> The remote reset feature's input can be either enabled or disabled, the alarm output setting cannot be set to trigger a forced system reset.

<sup>\*3</sup> For System Monitor Feature details, refer to the accompanying Driver and Utility disk.

#### A.2.2 RAS Feature Details

## ■ Alarm Monitoring

## **♦**Power Voltage Alarm

Monitors the condition of the PL's internal and CPU power.

#### **◆**Cooling Fan Alarm

Monitors the condition of the PL's internal power and CPU cooling fans.

#### **◆**Internal Temperature Alarm

Monitors the PL's internal and CPU vicinity temperatures.

The degree of monitoring (3 levels) and the enabling or disabling of the above three items is performed via the System Setup Area's settings.

For detailed information about the monitoring level settings,

#### **▼Reference 5.2.12 PC Health Status**

This utility can also be used to enable or disable the above mentioned features, as well as designate what type of processing is to be performed.

## **♦** Watchdog Timer Time Up

This feature alternately writes Time Up Count values from the CPU to the RAS feature's special programmable timer and then periodically clears them, which provides a means of monitoring the CPU's performance. If the clearing of this count value is stopped, the timer will overflow and an alarm will be detected. The System Monitor utility can be used to enable or disable this feature, as well as designate what type of processing is to be performed.

#### **▼Reference** 5.2.7 Power Management Setup

#### **♦**Mirror Disk Alarm

Whenever a disk crash, or other alarm event occurs to the optional Mirror Disk unit, this unit's LED indicator will flash (either orange or green) to indicate there is a problem.

This unit's error detection occurs independently of and cannot be set by the RAS feature.

#### **◆Backlight Burnout Detection**

This feature allows you to detect when the PL's backlight burns out.

When this feature is enabled and a backlight burnout occurs, touch operation will be disabled and PL's front panel LED indicator will blink. The factory setting is "Enabled" and is recommended to prevent accidental touch panel operation. This setting is controlled via the MS-DOS utility BLSET.EXE.

#### **◆Touch Panel Alarm**

This feature detects a Touch Panel alarm. When this alarm occurs, the PL unit's front panel LED indicator will blink.

## **■** External Input Signal

The PL's RAS interface connector uses the following input signals.

#### **Standard Signal Input (DIN)**

This standard digital input is used for alarm detection in external devices. The input signal uses two bits.

The System Monitor utility can be used to enable or disable this feature, as well as designate what type of processing is to be performed once a signal is received.

## Remote Reset Input

This is the reset signal sent from an external device to the PL. When this signal is enabled, a forced reset of the PL is performed.

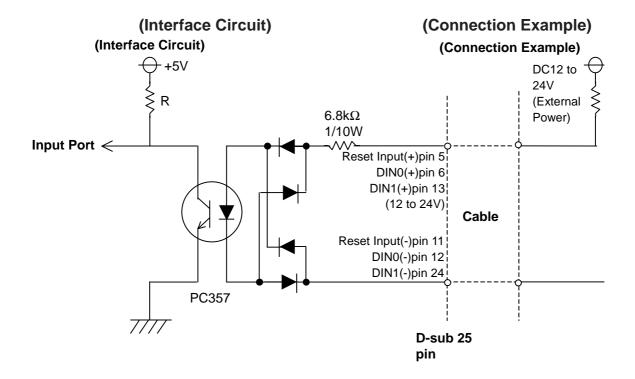
The System Monitor utility can be used to enable or disable this feature

#### **External Input Signal (for both DIN and Remote Reset Input)**

- External Power DC12V to DC24V connections are possible

- Input Protection Protection Diode

- Isolation Used (photo-isolation)





- The Power supply used for sink/source type input can use either polar or non-polar connection.
- For connection pin location details,

**▼Reference** ∠ 2.3.5 RAS Interface

## **■** External Output Signal

The PL's RAS interface connector uses the following output signals.

#### **General Purpose Signal Output (DOUT)**

This general purpose digital output signal provides system condition information to external devices.

The System Monitor's API-DLL are used by applications to control this signal.

## Alarm Output (1 point)

#### Lamp Output (1 point)

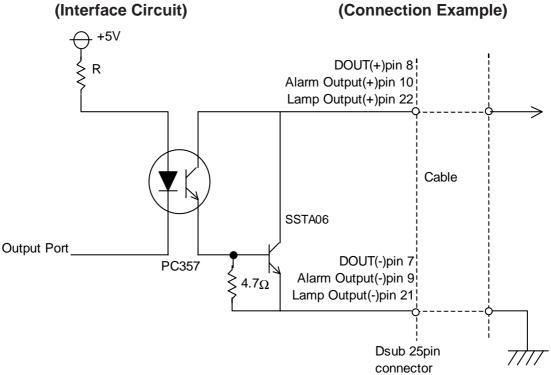
The above mentioned general purpose digital output signals provide system condition information to external devices.

The System Monitor utility can be used to enable or disable any of these output signals.

#### **External Output Signal (used for DOUT, Alarm Output, Lamp Output)**

- Output Specification DC24V 100mA (MAX)

- Isolation Used (photo-isolation)



 $For \ connection \ pin \ location \ details,$ 

Reference 2.3.5 RAS Interface

## **Appendices**

## **■** Types of Processing (all units)

The PL provides system condition information via the following methods.

#### **LED Indicator (3-state display – 1 point)**

In addition to indicating if the unit's power is ON or OFF, the 3-state LED indicator (power lamp) provides the following system condition information.

| Color                     | System Condition                 | Output Created                 |  |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Green                     | Normal Operation (Power ON)      | None                           |  |
| Orange                    | Touch Panel alarm                | None                           |  |
| Flashing                  | Mirror Disk and Backlight alarms | Any TOOL settings are          |  |
| Red/Green                 | have occurred                    | enabled.                       |  |
| Flashing<br>Orange/ Green | Mirror Disk Alarm has occurred   | None                           |  |
| Flashing<br>Orange/Red    | Backlight Alarm has occurred     | Any TOOL settings are enabled. |  |

#### **Pop-up Message Output**

This feature uses the Windows® system's pop-up message feature to indicate that an alarm has occurred.

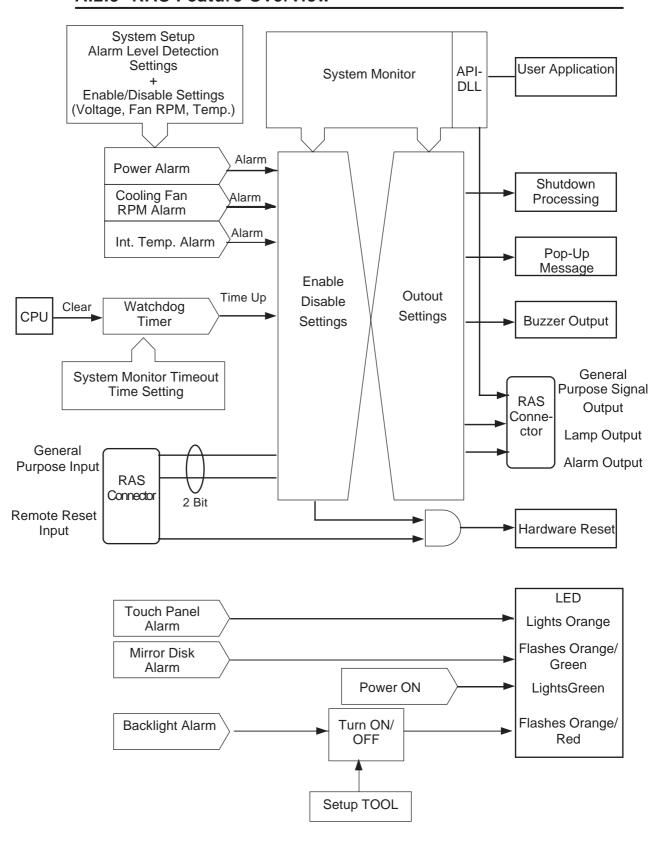
## **Buzzer Output**

This feature uses the PL's internal speaker to indicate the system's condition.

#### **System Shutdown**

This feature shuts down the PL's OS (Windows® 95/ Windows® 98 Second Edition). The System Monitor utility can be used to enable or disable this feature.

## A.2.3 RAS Feature Overview

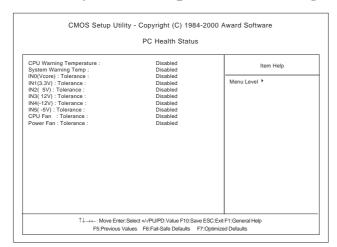


# A.3 System Monitor

## A.3.1 Setup Procedure

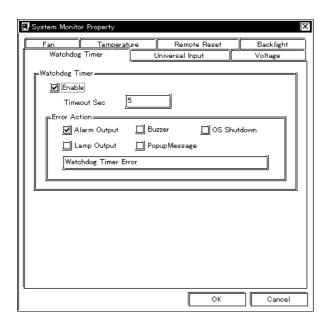
Follow the steps shown here to complete the System Monitor/RAS setup.

## **■** System Setup Screen Settings

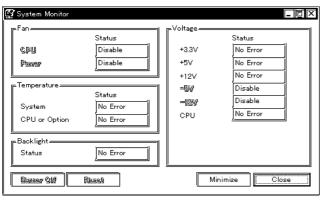


In the System Setup area's PC Health Status menu, enable or disable each feature according to your system needs.

## **■** System Monitor Property Settings



 Start the PL unit's OS and click on the [Start] -> [Program] -> [System Monitor] -> [System Monitor Property] screen. In this screen enter the System Monitor/RAS Event settings for each feature/tab. Click on the [OK] button and the program will automatically close.



2) Restart the [System Monitor] utility, click on the [System Monitor] button and you can begin to monitor PL activity.

## A.3.2 System Monitor Property Settings (PL\_Wps.exe)

The following chart shows the features available when any of the monitoring value ranges set in the [PC Health Status] menu is exceeded.

O: Can be set X: Cannot be set

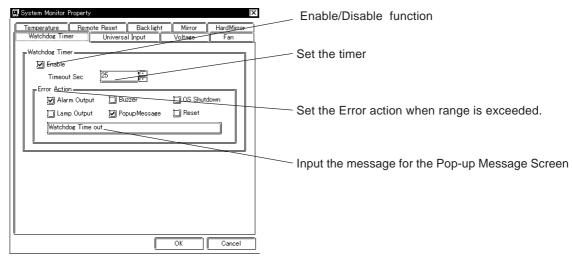
|                 | Alarm<br>Output | Lamp<br>Output | Buzzer | Popup<br>Message | OS<br>Shutdown | Reset |
|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|--------|------------------|----------------|-------|
| Watchdog Timer  | 0               | 0              | 0      | 0                | 0              | Х     |
| Universal Input | 0               | 0              | 0      | 0                | 0              | Х     |
| Voltage         | 0               | 0              | 0      | 0                | 0              | Χ     |
| Fun             | 0               | 0              | 0      | 0                | 0              | Х     |
| Temperature     | 0               | 0              | 0      | 0                | 0              | Χ     |
| Remote Reset *1 | Х               | Х              | Х      | Х                | Х              | 0     |
| Backlight       | 0               | 0              | 0      | 0                | 0              | Х     |

<sup>\*1</sup> When setting Enable on Remote Reset, the same action as the Reset occurs. Performing reset without first shutting down the PL unit's OS may destroy the PL unit's file data system.

Each of the above items performs the following operation.

| Item          | Operation   |  |
|---------------|---|--|
| Alarm Output  | RAS Interface Alarm Output (#9 to #10) signal is output.                          |  |
| Lamp Output   | RAS Interface Alarm Output (#21 to #22) signal is output.                         |  |
| Buzzer        | Buzzer sound is output as an alarm notification. (except for when the OS Shutdown |  |
| Buzzei        | feature is checked)   |  |
| Popup Message | Error message appears as a Pop-Up Message Screen (on the PL unit's screen)        |  |
|               | Shuts down the PL unit's OS. This can be set to either display a shutdown         |  |
| OS Shutdown   | confirmation message, or perform a forced OS shutdown.Default is display a        |  |
|               | shutdown confirmation message.  |  |
| Reset         | Resets the PL unit by performing a forced shutdown.                               |  |
| Enable        | Allows setting of monitoring items.   |  |

The System Monitor Property Screen is as shown below.



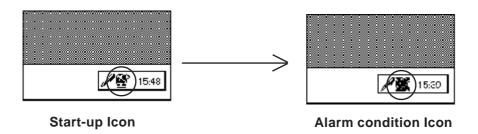


Use the PL unit's BIOS screen to enable/disable only Watchdog Timer features or to set the Timer.

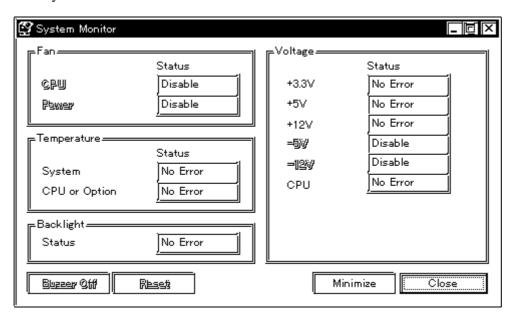
## A.3.3 System Monitor Operation (PL-Smon.exe)

As soon as the PL unit's OS starts up, instead of showing the System Monitor Dialog box, the Alarm Monitoring icon appears in the System Tray. (see below) Usually, when a System Monitor dialog box appears, the user checks the current condition and then left-clicks the mouse on the system tray icon to call up the System Monitor screen.

When an alarm is detected, the actions set in the System Monitor Property screen are performed, and an "X" appears over the System Tray icon. When this occurs, double-click on the icon to view the alarm contents.



The System Monitor screen is as shown below.



**System Monitor Screen** 

In addition to the "Buzzer Off", "Reset", "Minimize", and "Close" buttons, the System Monitor screen contains the following features.

| Button Name | Meaning   |  |
|-------------|---|--|
| Buzzer Off  | Stops the Alarm buzzer.                                   |  |
| Reset       | Resets alarm operation or System Monitor's internal alarm |  |
|             | hold condition.   |  |
| Minimize    | Minimizes the System Monitor icon.                        |  |
| Close       | Quits the System Monitor software.                        |  |

Within the System Monitor screen is are the three words "No Error", "Error", and "Disable". They show the current status of each of the monitoring items, such as the Fan, Voltage, Temperature, Backlight, Software Mirroring Disk, and Hardware Mirroring Disk.

| Status Name | Meaning          |
|-------------|------------------|
| No Error    | Normal operation |
| Error       | Alarm            |
| Disable     | Not monitored    |

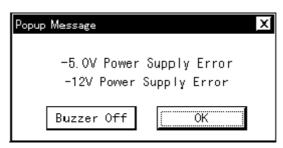
Whenever an alarm occurs for one of the monitored items, or when input (Universal Input) is detected from an external source, The operation designated in the System Monitor Property screen (Error Action) is performed.

## **▼Reference** 3-2 System Monitor Property Settings

Each error action, once an error or input is detected, is performed only once.

If +3.3V and +5.0V are monitored and a pop-up message is designated for the error action, when the +3.3V alarm is detected, a pop-up message will appear. Click on [OK] and the box is closed. Then, when a +5.0V alarm occurs, the +5.0V pop-up message will appear.

The pop-up message provides information about the type of error and the error contents. When this message box's [Buzzer Off] button is clicked, the buzzer sound will stop. Clicking on [OK] will close the box.



Pop-up Message Box

Once an alarm has occurred, the System Monitor will continue to remain in the "Alarm" state. (i.e. the alarm detected "X" will continue to be displayed on the System Tray icon. To release this condition, click on the System Monitor dialog box's [Rset] button. Or, turn the PL unit's power OFF, find and solve the problem, and turn the PL unit's power ON again.

## A.3.4 Error Messages

The following error messages occur via the settings in the System Monitor, and the System Monitor Property dialog boxes.

## **■** System Monitor

## **♦** Alarm Pop-up Messages

When the Pop-up messages related to the Error Action are enabled, the following error messages will appear.

| Error Type                | Message                        |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| CPU Voltage               | "CPU Power Supply Error"       |
| +3.3V                     | "+3.3V Power Supply Error"     |
| +5.0V                     | "+5V Power Supply Error"       |
| +12V                      | "+12V Power Supply Error"      |
| -12V                      | "-12V Power Supply Error"      |
| -5V                       | "-5V Power Supply Error"       |
| Power FAN                 | "Power FAN Error"              |
| CPU FAN                   | "CPU or OPTION FAN Error"      |
| System Temperature        | "System Temperature Error"     |
| CPU or Option Temperature | "CPU Temperature Error"        |
| Universal Input 0         | "Universal Input 0"            |
| Universal Input 1         | "Universal Input 1"            |
| Watchdog                  | "Watch Dog Timer Error"        |
| Software Mirroring        | "A Mirror disk error occurred" |
| Hardware Mirroring        | "A Mirror disk error occurred" |
| Backlight                 | "Back Light Blowout Error"     |

#### **Driver Error**

#### **Driver Version Error**

## Overlapping Startup message

## **Shutdown Confirmation**

<sup>&</sup>quot;The system monitor driver not found."

<sup>&</sup>quot;Install the latest driver."

<sup>&</sup>quot;The old system monitor driver version."

<sup>&</sup>quot;Update the driver."

<sup>&</sup>quot;System monitor has started."

<sup>&</sup>quot;Terminate the system monitor in starting."

<sup>&</sup>quot;The system monitor is terminated."

<sup>&</sup>quot;Are you sure?"

## **■** System Monitor Property Screen

## **♦** Overlapping startup message

"System Monitor Property has started."

"Terminate the system monitor property in starting."

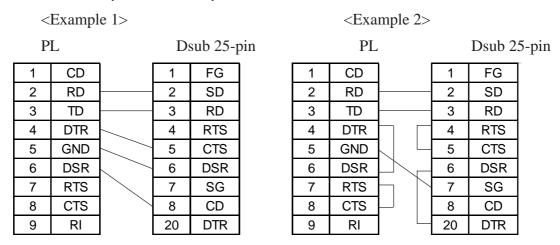
## **♦** Shutdown Confirmation message

"Save Changes to the registry?"

# A.4 Serial Communication

This section explains how to perform serial communications with the PL.

### ■ RS-232C (COM1/COM2) Cable Connections



### ■ Sample output program

Below is a sample program for sending 1 character from the RS-232C connector.



Because the PL uses an AT-compatible BIOS, the serial communication BIOS (INT 14 h) does not support communications by interrupt. Therefore, install a reception interrupt function in the application.

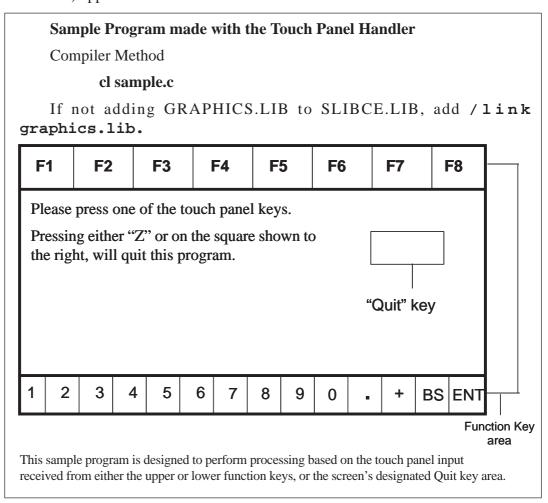
```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <dos.h>
union
         REGS
                ir, or;
main( ){
    ir.h.ah =
                  0x00;
                           /* Initialization */
                           /* 9600bps,8bit,NONE,1stop */
    ir.h.al =
                  0xe3 ;
    ir.x.dx =
                                       */
                                COM1
                  0 ;
    int86 (0x14,&ir,&or);
    ir.h.ah =
                  0x01;
                           /* 1 character output */
                  0x32;
                           /*
                                12'
                                       */
    ir.h.al
                                       */
    ir.x.dx =
                  0 ;
                           /*
                                COM1
    int86 (0x14,&ir,&or);
}
```



Changing commands or parameters also changes function (mode setting, data reception, etc.).

## A.5 Touch Panel Handler

The following sample program was created with the ATPH59.EXE (Touch Panel Handler) application.



- /\* This sample program is used by the ATPH59.EXE touch panel handler.
- \* Input can be performed by pressing on designated areas of the screen.
- \* Before starting this program, be sure to start the ATPH59.EXE program

\*/

#include <stdlib.h>

#include <stdio.h>

#include <dos.h>

#include <graph.h>

#include <conio.h>

```
#define
                                              /* ATPH System Call */
        ATPH_SYS_CALL 0x59
                                              /* Key Board BIOS
#define
         KEYBOARD_BIOS
                              0x16
#define
                                                 /* Key Board Input
         WRITE_DATA
                           0x05
#define
                                              /* ATPH Input
         TP_IN_NOWAIT
                            0x8101
                                              /*TouchPanelCondition*/
#define
        TP CONDITION
                            0x8500
                                           /* "Z" keycode
#define
         ZKEYCODE
                          0x7a
                         0x40
                                          /* Timer Data
#define
         DATA8254
                                          /* Timer Controller
#define
         CTRL8254
                        0x43
                                           /* Buzzer ON/OFF
#define
        CTRL8042
                        0x61
        BEEP_TIME
                                           /* Beep's ON period
#define
                          20000
#define
                      0
        FALSE
#define
         TRUE
                      1
struct function_coordinate
  short
                                 /* X coordinate (left,upper)
                                                              */
         SX;
                                 /* Y coordinate (left,lower)
  short
         sy;
                                 /* X coordinate (Right Upper)
  short
         ex;
                                                                 */
                                 /* Y coordinate (Right, lower)
                                                                */
  short
         ey;
                                 /* Key Code
  short key;
}
  tpcd [] =
                                       /* Square's display */
  480,
         40,
              559,
                     80,
                         0x2c7a,
                                     /* Function Sheet F1 */
   1.
        -40,
             79,
                   -1, 0x1e61,
                                      /* Function Sheet F2 */
  80,
        -40,
              159, -1,
                         0x3062,
                                       /* Function Sheet F3 */
   160,
        -40,
              239,
                    -1,
                          0x2e63,
                                       /* Function Sheet F4 */
  240,
         -40,
              319,
                     -1,
                          0x2064,
                                       /* Function Sheet F5 */
  320,
         -40,
              399,
                     -1,
                          0x1265,
  400,
         -40,
              479,
                     -1,
                                       /* Function Sheet F6 */
                          0x2166,
                                       /* Function Sheet F7 */
  480,
         -40,
              559,
                     -1,
                          0x2267,
  560,
         -40,
              639,
                    -1,
                          0x2368,
                                       /* Function Sheet F8 */
```

```
/* Function Sheet 1 */
  1,
        479,
              39,
                    519,
                           0x0231,
                                        /* Function Sheet 2 */
  40,
        479,
               79,
                     519,
                           0x0332,
               119, 519,
                                         /* Function Sheet 3 */
  80,
        479,
                            0x0433,
  120,
         479,
               159,
                      519,
                            0x0534,
                                         /* Function Sheet 4 */
         479,
                                         /* Function Sheet 5 */
   160.
               199,
                      519,
                            0x0635,
                                         /* Function Sheet 6 */
  200.
         479.
               239,
                      519,
                            0x0736,
                                         /* Function Sheet 7 */
  240,
         479,
               279,
                      519,
                            0x0837,
                                         /* Function Sheet 8 */
  280,
         479,
               319,
                      519,
                            0x0938,
                                         /* Function Sheet 9 */
  320,
         479,
               359,
                      519,
                            0x0a39,
  360,
         479,
               399,
                                         /* Function Sheet 0 */
                      519,
                            0x0b30,
                                         /* Function Sheet . */
  400,
         479,
               439,
                      519,
                            0x342e,
                                         /* Function Sheet + */
  440,
         479,
               479,
                      519,
                            0x272b,
  480,
         479,
               559,
                      519,
                            0x0e08,
                                         /* Function Sheet BS */
                                         /* Function Sheet ENT*/
  560,
         479,
               639,
                      519,
                            0x1c0d,
  0.
         0.
                              0
                0.
                       0.
  };
struct key_code
  char keyname[3];
                                      /* Touch Key Name
  short keycode;
                                    /* Key Code
}
  kbcd[]=
  {
  " Z ", 0x7a,
                                  /Display Square */
  " A ",
          0x61.
                                   /* Function Sheet F1 */
  " B ",
          0x62,
                                   /* Function Sheet F2 */
  " C ".
                                   /* Function Sheet F3 */
          0x63,
  " D ".
                                   /* Function Sheet F4 */
         0x64,
  " E ", 0x65,
                                   /* Function Sheet F5 */
  " F ".
         0x66,
                                   /* Function Sheet F6 */
  " G ",
          0x67,
                                   /* Function Sheet F7 */
  " H ",
                                   /* Function Sheet F8 */
          0x68,
```

```
" 1 ". 0x31,
                                  /* Function Sheet 1 */
  " 2 ", 0x32,
                                  /* Function Sheet 2 */
  " 3 ", 0x33,
                                  /* Function Sheet 3 */
  " 4 ", 0x34,
                                  /* Function Sheet 4 */
  " 5 ", 0x35,
                                  /* Function Sheet 5 */
  " 6 ", 0x36,
                                  /* Function Sheet 6 */
  " 7 ", 0x37,
                                  /* Function Sheet 7 */
   " 8 ", 0x38,
                                  /* Function Sheet 8 */
   " 9 ", 0x39,
                                  /* Function Sheet 9 */
   " 0 ", 0x30,
                                  /* Function Sheet 0 */
  ".", 0x2e,
                                 /* Function Sheet . */
  " + ", 0x2b,
                                  /* Function Sheet + */
  "B S", 0x08,
                                  /* Function Sheet BS */
  "ENT", 0x0d,
                                    /* Function Sheet ENT*/
  0.
         0
   };
union REGS inregs, outregs;
/***********/
/* BUZZER ON */
/*******
void buzzer_on(void)
{
  int timer;
  outp (CTRL8253, 0xb6);
  outp (DATA8253+2, 0x33);
                                          /* Length of buzzer sounding */
  outp (DATA8253+2, 0x05);
  outp (CTRL8042, ((inp(CTRL8042) | 0x3) & 0xff));
                                                */
                              /* Buzzer On
     for (timer = 0; timer<BEEP_TIME; timer++);</pre>
}
```

```
/*************/
/* BUZZER OFF */
/*************/
void buzzer_off(void)
{
  outp (CTRL8042, (inp(CTRL8042) & 0xfc)); /* Buzzer Off
}
/******************/
/* WAIT TOUCHPANEL OFF */
/*****************/
void wait_touch_off(void)
  while(1)
  {
     inregs.x.ax = TP_CONDITION;
   int86(ATPH_SYS_CALL, &inregs, &outregs);
     if(outregs.h.ah == 3) /* Touch Panel Off */
     {
       break;
     }
     else if(outregs.h.ah == 0) /* Touch Panel On */
     {
       inregs.x.ax = TP_IN_NOWAIT;
       int86(ATPH_SYS_CALL, &inregs, &outregs);
                                      /* ATPH Function Call*/
     }
}
```

```
/*****************/
/* INPUT TUCHPANEL */
/****************/
void touchpanel_on(void)
   int i, value;
   inregs.x.ax = TP_IN_NOWAIT;
   int86(ATPH_SYS_CALL, &inregs, &outregs);
    if(outregs.h.ah == 0)
                                      /* Touch Panel On */
    {
      value=FALSE;
      for(i=0; tpcd[i].sx; i++)
        {
         if(
                                /* Time in area */
        ((short)outregs.x.dx > tpcd[i].sx)\&\&
        ((short)outregs.x.bx > tpcd[i].sy)\&\&
        ((short)outregs.x.dx < tpcd[i].ex)\&\&
        ((short)outregs.x.bx < tpcd[i].ey))
           inregs.h.ah = WRITE_DATA;
            inregs.x.cx = tpcd[i].key;
           int86(KEYBOARD_BIOS, &inregs, &outregs);
           buzzer_on();
           wait_touch_off();
           buzzer_off();
           value=TRUE;
           break;
         }
      }
```

```
if(value == FALSE)
                                     /* time out (of) area
        wait_touch_off();
     }
}
/***************/
/* KEYBOARD INPUT*/
/**********
int keyboard_on(void)
{
  int i, ky;
  if(kbhit())
   {
     ky=getch();
     for(i=0; kbcd[i].keycode; i++)
     {
        if(ky == kbcd[i].keycode)
        {
           printf("push key is [%s]. \r",kbcd[i].keyname);
            if(ky == ZKEYCODE)
              printf(" push [%s]key. finishprogram. \n",kbcd[i].keyname);
                                   /* Program End
                                                       */
              return(TRUE);
           }
           break;
        }
     }
    }
  return(FALSE);
}
```

```
/***************/
/* MAIN VARIABLES */
/********
void main(void)
{
  if(!(_setvideomode(_VRES16EXCOLOR)))
  {
     printf("error: can't set graphics mode ");
                                /* ERROR:Program End */
      exit(1);
    }
  _rectangle(_GBORDER,tpcd[0].sx,tpcd[0].sy,tpcd[0].ex,tpcd[0].ey);
                             /* MAKE A SCREEN FRAME
  printf("please push touchpanel or key \n");
  printf("End program by pressing [ Z ]key or screen. \n");
  while(1)
     touchpanel_on();
     if(keyboard_on())
     {
        _setvideomode(_DEFAULTMODE); /* RETURN TO VIDEOMODE */
        exit(0);
     }
   }
```

# A.6 BIOS List

## ■ INT 5h Display Hard Copy

| Operation        | Input | Output                          |
|------------------|-------|---------------------------------|
|                  |       | 0050:0000h Print-screen flag    |
|                  |       | 0: Hard copy function unused or |
| Screen hard copy |       | completed successfully          |
|                  |       | 1: Now printing                 |
|                  |       | -1: Error                       |

## ■ INT 10h Video BIOS

| Operation                     | Input  | Output   |
|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Setting video mode            | AH = 00h AL = Value of selected mode (Bits 0 to 6), Video RAM clear (Bit 7)  |  |
| Setting cursor shape          | AH = 01h<br>CG = Cursor start position and display<br>CL = Cursor end position   |  |
| Setting cursor position       | AH = 02h BH = Page No. DH = Value of specified line DL = Value of specified column   |  |
| Reading cursor position       | AH = 03h<br>BH = Page No.  | CH = Cursor start position and display CL = Cursor end position DH = Current cursor line position DL = Current cursor column position  |
| Reading light pen<br>position | AH = 04h   | AH = 0: Light pen switch is off. = 1: Light pen switch is on.  BX = X coordinate (0 - 319, 639)  CH = Y coordinate (0 - 199)  CX = Y coordinate in new graphic mode (0, XXX)  DH = Light pen line position in character units  DL = Light pen column position in character units |
| Switching active page         | AH = 05h<br>AL = Page No.  |  |
| Scrolling up                  | AH = 06h AL = Number of lines to scroll up BH = Attribute of line to clear CH = Highest line in scroll up range CL = Farthest left column in scroll up range DH = Lowest line in scroll up range DL = Farthest right column in scroll up range           |  |
| Scrolling down                | AH = 07h AL = Number of lines to scroll down BH = Attribute of line to clear CH = Highest line in scroll down range CL = Farthest left column in scroll down range DH = Lowest line in scroll down range DL = Farthest right column in scroll down range |  |

| Operation  | Input  | Output   |
|--|--|--|
| Reading character/attribute at cursor position                         | AH = 08h<br>BH = Page No.  | AL = Character code<br>AH = Attribute (In text mode)                   |
| Writing character/attribute at cursor position                         | AH = 09h AL = Character code BH = Page No. BL = Attribute CX = Number of characters to output                                  |  |
| Writing character at cursor position                                   | AH = 0Ah AL = Character code BH = Page No. BL = Attribute (Effective only in graphic mode) CX = Number of characters to output |  |
| Color Pallet Settings  |  |  |
| Setting overscan,<br>background color, and<br>display color brightness | AH = 0Bh<br>BH = 00h<br>BL = Color code  |  |
| Setting color group  | AH = 0Bh<br>BH = 01h<br>BL = Color group   |  |
| Writing point in graphic mode  | AH = 0Ch AL = Attribute BH = Page No. CX = X coordinate DX = Y coordinate  |  |
| Reading point in graphic mode  | AH = 0Dh BH = Page No. CX = X coordinate DX = Y coordinate   | AL = Attribute   |
| Writing character/attribute at cursor position and move cursor         | AH = 0Eh<br>AL = Character code<br>BL = Attribute (Effective only in graphic mode)   |  |
| Reading video data   | AH = 0Fh   | AH = Number of single lines<br>AL = Video mode<br>BH = Active page No. |
| Setting pallet register  |  | _  |
| Setting pallet register  | AH = 10h<br>AL = 00h<br>BH = Pallet code<br>BL = Pallet register No.   |  |
| Setting overscan register  | AH = 10h<br>AL = 01h<br>BH = Pallet code   |  |
| Setting pallet register and overscan register                          | AH = 10h<br>AL = 02h<br>ES:DX= 17-byte data address  |  |
| Setting attribute code intensity/brink                                 | AH = 10h AL = 03h BH = 00h: Set attribute bit 7 to intensity function. = 01: Set attribute bit 7 to blink function.            |  |
| Reading basic pallet register  | AH = 10h<br>AL = 07h<br>BL = Basic pallet register to read (0 - 15)  | BH = Value read  |

| Operation   | Input   | Output  |  |
|---|---|---|--|
| Setting pallet registe                              | Setting pallet register   |   |  |
| Reading overscan register                           | AH = 10h<br>AL = 08h  | BH = Value read   |  |
| Reading basic pallet register and overscan register | AH = 10h AL = 09h ES:DX = 17-byte buffer in which return value is located   |   |  |
| Setting expansion pallet register                   | AH = 10h AL = 10h BX = Selected expansion pallet register DH = Red value CH = Green value CL = Blue value   |   |  |
| Setting block in expansion pallet register          | AH = 10h AL = 10h ES:DX = Color value table BX = First expansion pallet register to set CX = Number of blocks set inexpansion pallet registers  |   |  |
| Selecting pallet page mode                          | AH = 10h AL = 12h BL = 00h BH = Pallet page mode = 00h: 4-pallet page mode = 01h: 16-pallet page mode   |   |  |
| Selecting pallet page                               | AH = 10h AL = 13h BL = 01h BH = Expansion pallet page No.   |   |  |
| Reading expansion pallet register                   | AH = 10h<br>AL = 15h<br>BX = Expansion pallet register to read  |   |  |
| Reading block in expansion pallet register          | AH = 10h AL = 17h ES:DX = Buffer address of value to read BX = Expansion pallet address No. where to start reading CX = Number of registers to read   | Buffer selected in ES:DX  |  |
| Reading pallet page                                 | AH = 10h<br>AL = 17h  | BL = Current pallet page mode = 0: 4-pallet page mode = 1: 16-pallet page mode BH = Current expansion pallet pagemode |  |
| Gray scale conversion                               | AH = 10h AL = 1Bh BX = First expansion pallet register CX = Number of expansion pallet registers to convert   |   |  |
| Font registration                                   |   |   |  |
| Font registration of user-defined character         | AH = 11h AL = 00h BH = Number of vertical bits in character BL = Character generator bank No. CX = Number of characters to register DX = First character code to register ES:BP = Top address in user-defined table |   |  |

| Operation   | Input  | Output |  |  |
|---|--|--------|--|--|
| Font registration   | ont registration   |        |  |  |
| 8 x 14 dot font registration<br>(PC character set, inside<br>video BIOS ROM)                                | AH = 11h<br>AL = 01h<br>BL = Character generator bank No.  |        |  |  |
| 8 x 8 dot font registration<br>(PC character set, inside<br>video BIOS ROM)                                 | AH = 11h AL = 021h BL = Character generator bank No.   |        |  |  |
| Overwriting character map register  | AH = 11h<br>AL = 03h<br>BL = Character map register value  |        |  |  |
| 8 x 16 dot font registration<br>(PC character set, inside<br>video BIOS ROM)                                | AH = 11h AL = 04h BL = Character generator bank No.  |        |  |  |
| Font registration of user-<br>defined character (Video<br>controller auto set)                              | AH = 11h AL = 10h BH = Number of vertical bits in character (Horizontal fixed to 8 bits) BL = Character generator bank No. CX = Number of characters to register DX = First character code to register ES:BP = Top address in user-defined table |        |  |  |
| 8 x 14 dot font registration<br>(PC character set, inside<br>video BIOS ROM)<br>[Video controller auto set] | AH = 11h AL = 11h BL = Character generator bank No.  |        |  |  |
| 8 x 8 dot font registration<br>(PC character set, inside<br>video BIOS ROM)<br>[Video controller auto set   | AH = 11h AL = 12h BL = Character generator bank No.  |        |  |  |
| 8 x 16 dot font registration<br>(PC character set, inside<br>video BIOS ROM)<br>[Video controller auto set  | AH = 11h AL = 14h BL = Character generator bank No.  |        |  |  |
| Font registration (CGA) in 0:7Ch (INT 1Fh)  | AH = 11h<br>AL = 20h<br>ES:BP = Top address in font table  |        |  |  |
| Font registration (CGA) in 0:10Ch (INT 43h)   | AH = 11h AL = 21h BL = 0: (Number of lines per DL register value) 1: 14 lines 2: 25 lines 3: 43 lines CX = Number of vertical bits per character DL = Number of screen lines (When BL = 0) ES:BP = Top address in font table                     |        |  |  |
| 8 x 14 dot font registration<br>(PC character set, inside<br>video BIOS ROM)<br>[Graphics]                  | AH = 11h AL = 22h BL = 0: (Number of lines per DL register value) 1: 14 lines 2: 25 lines 3: 43 lines DL = Number of screen lines (When BL = 00h)  |        |  |  |

| Operation   | Input  | Output   |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Font registration   |  |  |  |
| 8 x 8 dot font<br>registration (PC<br>character set,<br>inside video BIOS<br>ROM) [Graphics]  | AH = 11h AL = 23h BL = 0: (Number of lines per DL register value) 1: 14 lines 2: 25 lines 3: 43 lines DL = Number of screen lines (When BL = 00h)  |  |  |
| 8 x 16 dot font<br>registration (PC<br>character set,<br>inside video BIOS<br>ROM) [Graphics] | AH = 11h AL = 24h BL = 0: (Number of lines per DL register value) 1: 14 lines 2: 25 lines 3: 43 lines DL = Number of screen lines (When BL = 00h)  |  |  |
| Reading font table data   | AH = 11h AL = 30h BL = 0: Return INT 1Fh (CGA font) entry address with ES:BP register. 1: Return INT 43h entry address with ES:BP register. 2: Return 8 x 14 font address with ES:BP register. 3: Return 8 x 8 font address with ES:BP register. 4: Return 8 x 8 font (80h) address with ES:BP register. 5: Reserved | CX = Number of vertical bits per DL = character ES:BP Number of lines per screen - 1 = Address of data specified in BH |  |
| Performance selection   | on   |  |  |
| Reading video<br>mode data<br>(Color/B/W mode)  | AH = 12h<br>BL = 10h   | BH = 0: Color mode<br>1: B/W mode (MDA mode)<br>BL = Video RAM memory size<br>CH = Reserved<br>CL = DIP switch setting |  |
| Selecting video<br>BIOS print-screen  | AH = 12h<br>BL = 10h   |  |  |
| Selecting vertical resolution   | AH = 12h BL = 30h AL = Selected vertical resolution = 00h: 200 display lines = 01h: 350 display lines = 02h: 400 display lines   | AL = 12h Successfully executed   |  |
| Default pallet load<br>enable/disable   | AH = 12h BL = 31h AL = Load selection 0: Default pallet loading enabled 1: Default pallet loading disabled   | AL = 12h Successfully executed   |  |
| Video<br>enable/disable   | AH = 12h<br>BL = 32h<br>AL = 0: Video enabled<br>1: Video disabled   | AL = 12h Successfully executed   |  |
| Gray scale<br>enable/disable  | AH = 12h BL = 33h AL = 0: Gray scale enabled 1: Gray scale disabled  | AL = 12h Successfully executed   |  |

| Operation  | Input  | Output  |  |
|--|--|---|--|
| Performance selection  |  |   |  |
| Cursor emulator enable/disable                                   | AH = 12h BL = 34h AL = Selection 0: Cursor emulator enabled 1: Cursor emulator disabled  | AL = 12h : Successfully executed  |  |
| Screen ON/OFF  | AH = 12h BL = 6h AL = 0: Screen ON 1: Screen OFF   | AL = 12h : Successfully executed  |  |
| Character string output to s                                     | creen  |   |  |
| Character output<br>without cursor<br>movement                   | AH = 13h AL = 00h BH = Page No. BL = Attribute CX = Length DH = Starting line position of first character in character string DL = Starting column position of first character in character string ES:BP = Top address in character string               |   |  |
| Character output with cursor movement                            | AH = 13h AL = 01h BH = Page No. BL = Attribute CX = Number of characters DH = Starting line position of first character in character string DL = Starting column position of first character in character string ES:BP = Top address in character string |   |  |
| Character output and attribute selection without cursor movement | AH = 13h AL = 02h BH = Page No. CX = Number of characters DH = Starting line position of first character in character string DL = Starting column position of first character in character string ES:BP = Top address in character string                |   |  |
| Character output and attribute selection with cursor movement    | AH = 13h AL = 03h BH = Page No. CX = Number of characters DH = Starting line position of first character in character string DL = Starting column position of first character in character string ES:BP = Top address in character string                |   |  |
| Display combination code   |  |   |  |
| Reading display combination code                                 | AH = 1Ah<br>AL = 00h   | AL = 1Ah : Successfully executed BL = Active-display code BH = Nonactive-display code |  |
| Writing display combination code                                 | AH = 1Ah AL = 01h BL = Active-display code BH = Nonactive-display code   | AL = 1Ah : Successfully executed  |  |
| Status information   | AH = 1Bh BX = Implementation type ES:DI = Return information buffer  | AL = 1Bh: Successfully executed   |  |

| Operation           | Input  | Output  |
|---------------------|--|---|
| Video status save   | & restore  |   |
| Reading buffer size | AH = 1Ch AL = 00H CX = Request status Bit 0: Video hardware status Bit 1: Video BIOS data area Bit 2: Expansion pallet register save / restore                                 | AL = 1Ch : Successfully executed<br>BX = Buffer size in 64-byte units |
| Status save         | AH = 1Ch AL = 01h CX = Request status Bit 0: Video hardware status Bit 1: Video BIOS data area Bit 2:Expansion pallet register save/ restore ES:BX = Address of data save area | AL = 1Ch : Successfully executed                                      |
| Status save as      | AH = 1Ch AL = 02h CX = Request status Bit 0: Video hardware status Bit 1: Video BIOS data area ES:BX = Bit 2: Expansion pallet register ssave / restore                        |   |

## ■ INT 11h Reading System Data

| Operation           | Input | Output                         |                           |
|---------------------|-------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
|                     |       | AX = System configuration data | 3                         |
|                     |       | AX bit                         |                           |
|                     |       | Bits 15 & 14                   | : Number of printer ports |
|                     |       | Bits 11, 10 & 9                | : Number of RS-232C ports |
|                     |       | Bits 7 & 6                     | : Number of internal FDDs |
|                     |       | 0, 0                           | : 1                       |
| Reading system data |       | 0, 1                           | : 2                       |
| Reading System data |       | Bits 5 & 4                     | : Screen mode             |
|                     |       | 0, 1                           | : 40 x 25 line mode       |
|                     |       | 1, 0                           | : 80 x 25 line mode       |
|                     |       | Bit 1                          | : 80287 CPU yes/no        |
|                     |       | 0                              | : No                      |
|                     |       | 1                              | : Yes                     |
|                     |       | Bits 13, 12, 8, 3, 2 & 0       | : Reserved                |

## ■ INT 12h Reading Memory Size

| Operation           | Input | Output                       |
|---------------------|-------|------------------------------|
| Reading memory size |       | AX =Memory size in 1 K units |

## ■ INT 13 Disk BIOS

| Operation    | Input   | Output  |
|--------------|---|---|
| Disk reset   | AH = 00h  | CY = 0: Successfully completed                              |
|              | DL = Drive No.                                      | = 1 : Error   |
|              | (FDD:00h-01h;HDD:80h-81h)                           | AH = Status   |
|              |   | Fbppy disk status table                                     |
|              |   | Status Description  |
|              |   | 00h: Successfully completed                                 |
|              |   | 01h: Wrong command sent                                     |
|              |   | 02h: Cannot find address mark                               |
|              |   | 03h: Attempted writing on                                   |
|              |   | protected disk  |
|              |   | 04h: Cannot find requested                                  |
|              |   | sector. 06h: Disk was changed.                              |
|              |   | 08h; DMA overrun  |
|              |   | 10h: CRC error during diskette                              |
|              |   | reading   |
|              |   | 20h: Crashed FDC  |
|              |   | 40h: Crashed during seek                                    |
|              |   | operation   |
|              |   | 80h: Timer overflowed                                       |
|              |   |   |
|              |   | Hard disk status table                                      |
|              |   | Status Description  |
|              |   | 00h: Successfully completed                                 |
|              |   | 01h: Wrong command sent                                     |
|              |   | 02h: Cannot find address mark<br>04h: Cannot find requested |
|              |   | sector.   |
|              |   | 07h: Drive parameter error                                  |
|              |   | 08h: DMA overrun  |
|              |   | 10h: Error during reading                                   |
|              |   | 20h: Crashed HDC  |
|              |   | 40h: Crashed during seek                                    |
|              |   | operation   |
|              |   | 80h: Timer overflowed                                       |
|              |   | BBh Undefined error   |
|              |   |   |
| Reading disk | AH = 01h  | AH = Disk Drive Status                                      |
| drive data   | DL = Drive No.<br>(FDD:00h-01h;HDD:80h-81h)         |   |
|              | AH = 02h  |   |
|              | AL = Number of sectors                              | CY = 0: Successfully completed                              |
|              |   | = 1 : Error   |
|              | WithFDD   | AH = Status   |
|              | CH = Track No.                                      |   |
|              | CL = Sector No.                                     |   |
| L            | WithHDD   |   |
| Reading      | CH = Cylinder No.                                   |   |
| seactor      | CL = Insignificant 8 bits                           |   |
|              | Sector No.(Bits 0 - 6)                              |   |
|              | = Cylinder No.                                      |   |
|              | Significant 2 bits (Bits 7 - 8)  DH = Head No.      |   |
|              | DH = Head No.  DL = Drive No. (FDD: 00h - 01h, HDD) |   |
|              | : 80h - 81h)  |   |
|              | ES BX = Buffer address                              |   |
| <u></u>      |   | L   |

| Operation                | Input  | Output  |
|--------------------------|--|---|
| Writing sector           | AH = 03h AL = Number of sectors  With FDD CH = Track No. CL = Sector No.  With HDD CH = Cylinder No. Insignificant 8 bits CL = Sector No. (Bits 0 - 5) = Cylinder No. Significant2 bits (Bits 67) DH = Head No. DL = Drive No. (FDD: 00h - 01h, HDD: 80h - 81h) ES:BX = Buffer address | CY = 0: Successfully completed = 1: Error AH = Status   |
| Sector content<br>check  | AH = 04h AL = Number of sectors  With FDD Track No. CH = Sector No. CL = Cylinder No. Insignificant 8 bits  With HDD Sector No. (Bits 0 - 5) CH = Cylinder No. Significant 2 bits (Bits 6-7) CL = Head No. = Drive No. (FDD: 00h - 01h, DH = HDD: 80h - 81h) DL =                      | CY = 0: Successfully completed = 1: Error AH = Status   |
| Track/Cylinder<br>format | AH = 05h AL = Track/Cylinder No. Insignificant 8 bits CL = Track/Cylinder No. Significant 2 bits DH = Head No. DL = Drive No. ES:BX = Top address in format data table   | CY = 0: Successfully completed<br>= 1: Error<br>AH = Status   |
| Reading drive parameters | AH = 08h<br>DL = Drive No. (FDD: 00h - 01h,<br>HDD: 80h - 81h)   | CY = 0: Successfully completed = 1: Error AH = Status  When FDD drive No. specified in DL  ES:DI = Drive parameter starting address CH = Insignificant 8 bits in 10 bit value for max. number of tracks CL = Bits 7 & 6: Insignificant 2 bits in 10 bit value for max. number of tracks Bits 5 - 0: Max. number of sectors per track DH = Max. number of heads DL = Number of built-in floppy disk drives BL = Bits 3 - 0: CMOS valid drive type value Bits 7 - 4: Fixed to 0 |
|                          |  | When HDD drive No. specified in DL  CH = Max. number of cylinders  CL = Max. number of usable sectors and  Significant bit in max. number of cylinders  DH = Max. number of usable heads  DL = Number of built-in hard disk drives  |

| Operation   | Input  | Output  |
|---|--|---|
| Hard disk<br>drive<br>parameter<br>initialization | AH = 09h<br>DL = Drive No.   | CY = 0: Successfully completed<br>= 1: Error<br>AH = Status   |
| Hard disk<br>seek                                 | AH = 0Ch CH = Insignificant 8 bits in cylinder No. CL = Significant 2 bits in cylinder No. DL = Drive No. DH = Head No.  | CY = 0: Successfully completed<br>= 1: Error<br>AH = Status   |
| Hard disk<br>drive reset                          | AH = 0Dh<br>DL = Drive No.   | CY = 0: Successfully completed<br>= 1: Error<br>AH = Status   |
| Hard disk<br>drive ready<br>check                 | AH = 10h<br>DL = Drive No.   | CY = 0: Successfully completed<br>= 1: Error<br>AH = Status   |
| Hard disk<br>drive<br>recalibration               | AH = 11h<br>DL = Drive No.   | CY = 0: Successfully completed<br>= 1: Error<br>AH = Status   |
| Disk type<br>check                                | AH = 15h<br>DL = Drive No.   | CY = 0: Successfully completed = 1: Error CX:DX = Total number of sectors (HDD only) AH = 00h: No disk = 01h: Floppy disk unchanged = 02h: Disk was changed = 03h: Hard disk  |
| Media<br>change<br>check                          | AH = 16h<br>DL = Drive No.   | AH = 00h: Disk unchanged<br>= 01h: Inconsistent parameter<br>= 06h: Disk was changed (Carry bit ON)<br>= 80h: Drive not ready   |
| Setting drive<br>type for<br>formatting           | AH = 17h  DL = Drive No.  AL = 0: No disk  1: Use 2-sided disk on 2-sided drive.  2: Use 2-sided disk on high-density drive.  3: Use 2HD disk on high-density drive.  4: Use 720K disk on 720K-byte drive. | CY = 0: Successfully completed<br>= 1: Error<br>AH = Status   |
| Setting<br>media type<br>for formatting           | AH = 18h CH = Insignificant 8 bits in 10 bit value for max. number of tracks CL = Bits 7 & 6: 10 bit value for max. number of tracks Bits 5 - 0: Max. number of sectors per track DL = Drive No.           | ES:DI = Address of drive parameter table for floppy disk type  AH = 00h and CY =0: Supports tracks and number of tracks per sector.  AH = 01h and CY =1: Cannot use function.  AH = 00h and CY =1: Does not support tracks and number of tracks per sector. |

## ■ INT 14h RS-232C

| Operation Input   |  | Output   |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Setting RS-232C line mode                                     | AH = 00h  AL = Line mode/Parameter  Bits 7, 6, 5: Baud rate  0, 0, 0: 110 Baud  0, 1, 0: 300 Baud  0, 1, 1: 600 Baud  1, 0, 0: 1200 Baud  1, 0, 1: 2400 Baud  1, 1, 0: 4800 Baud  1, 1, 1: 9600 Baud  Bits 4&3: Parity  X, 0: No parity  0, 1: Odd parity  1, 2: Even parity  Bit 2: Stop bits  0: 1 bit length  1: 2 bit length  Bits 1&0: Word length  1, 0: 7 bits  1, 1: 8 bits  DX = Port No. |  |  |
| AH = 01h AL = Data to send DX = Port No.  Sending 1-byte data |  | AH = Line control status Bit 7: Time over error Bit 6: Transmission shift register empty Bit 5: Transmission hold register empty Bit 4: Break detected Bit 3: Framing error Bit 2: Parity error Bit 1: Overrun Bit 0: Data ready |  |
| Receiving 1-byte data   | AH = 02h<br>DX = Port No.  | AL = Received data<br>AH = Line control status   |  |
| Reading communication port status                             | AH = 03h<br>DX = Port No.  | AL = Line control status AL = Modem status Bit 7: Carry detected Bit 6: Call signal received Bit 5: Data-set ready Bit 4: Transmission enabled (CTS) Bit 3 - 0: Not in use   |  |

## ■ INT 15h Other System Services

| Operation       | Input   | Output                                       |  |
|-----------------|---|--|--|
| Wait time check | AH = 83h AL = 00h: Interval timer start 01h: Interval timer stop ES:BX = End flag address CX:DX = Wait time in 1 µsec units | CY = 0: Successfully completed<br>= 1: Error |  |

| Operation                                 |               | Input           |   | Output  |  |
|---|---------------|-----------------|---|---|--|
| Joystick                                  |               |                 |   |   |  |
| Reading button status                     |               | AH =<br>DX =    |   | AL = Button status 00h: Pressed 01h: Not pressed Bit 7: 2nd button status on 2nd joystick Bit 6: 1st button status on 2nd joystick Bit 5: 2nd button status on 1st joystick Bit 4: 1st button status on 1st joystick                                    |  |
| Readir<br>value                           | ng resistance | AH =<br>DX =    |   | AX = Resistance value of horizontal coordinate of 1st joystick BX = Resistance value of vertical coordinate of 1st joystick CX = Resistance value of horizontal coordinate of 2nd joystick DX = Resistance value of vertical coordinate of 2nd joystick |  |
| Wait timer                                | overwait      | AH =<br>CX:DX = | 86h<br>Wait time in µsec units  | CY = 0: Successfully completed<br>= 1: Already triggered or not supported   |  |
| Transmitting memory block in protect mode |               | ES:SI =         | 87h Top address in descriptor  Dummy (00h)  GDT(00h)  Source segment descriptor  Destination segment descriptor  BIOS C5 (00h)  SS (00h)  | ZF = 1: Successfully completed CY = 1: Error AH = 00h: Successfully completed = 01h: RAM parity error = 02h: Not in protect mode  |  |
| Starting protect mode                     |               | BL =            | 89h  Offset of insignificant (mask) interrupt vector address  Offset of significant (slave) interrupt vector address  Top address in following table  CS dummy (00h)  GDT  IDT  DS  ES  SS  CS  TEMP BIOS (00h) | CY = 0: Successfully completed AH = 00h CS = CS value specified in ES:SI table DS = DS value specified in ES:SI table ES = ES value specified in ES:SI table SS = DS value specified in ES:SI table CY = 1: Error AH = FFh                              |  |

## ■ INT 16h Keyboard BIOS

| Operation  | Input   | Output   |
|--|---|--|
| Reading data by key input                              | AH = 00h  | AH = Secondary code<br>AL = Primary code (Character code)  |
| Data check by key input                                | AH = 01h  | ZF = 0: Input data exists.<br>= 1: Input data does not exist.<br>AH = Secondary code<br>AL = Primary code (Character code) |
| Reading shift status                                   | AH = 02h  | AL = Shift status  |
| Setting repeat delay and repeat rate                   | AH = 03h<br>AL = 05h<br>BH = Delay time (Bits 0 &1)<br>BL = Primary code (Bits 0 - 4) |  |
| Writing key data                                       | AH = 05h<br>CH = Secondary code<br>CL = Primary code                                  | AL = 00h: Successfully completed<br>= 01h: No available space in buffer (CY =1)  |
| Wiring data by key input (101/AXkeyboard compatible)   | AH = 10h  | AH = Secondary code<br>AL = Primary code (Character code)  |
| Data check by key input (101/AXkeyboard compatible)    | AH = 11h  | ZF = 0: Input data exists.<br>= 1: Input data does not exist.<br>AH = Secondary code<br>AL = Primary code (Character code) |
| Reading shift status<br>(101/AXkeyboard<br>compatible) | AH = 12h  | AL = Shift status 1<br>AH = Shift status 2   |

## ■ INT 17h Printer BIOS

| Operation Input        |   | Output              |  |
|------------------------|---|---------------------|--|
| 1-character output     | AH = 00h AL = Character code of character to DX = output Device No. | AH = Printer status |  |
| Printer initialization | AH = 01h<br>DX = Device No.   | AH = Printer status |  |
| Status check           | AH = 02h<br>DX = Device No.   | AH = Printer status |  |

## ■ INT 1Ah Setting/Reading Time and Date

| Operation      | Input   | Output   |
|----------------|---|--|
| Reading clock  | AH = 01h  | CX = Significant 16 bits of current clock data<br>DX = Insignificant 16 bits of current clock data<br>AL = Overflow flag on 24-hour system   |
| Setting clock  | AH = 01h<br>CX = Significant 16 bits of clock data<br>DX = Insignificant 16 bits of clock data  |  |
| Reading time   | AH = 02h  | CH = Hours (BCD) CL = Minutes (BCD) DH = Seconds (BCD) DL = Summertime option (0 or 1) CY = End status 0: Successfully completed 1: Error  |
| Setting time   | AH = 03h CH = Hours (BCD) CL = Minutes (BCD) DH = Seconds (BCD) DL = Summertime option (0 or 1)   |  |
| Reading date   | AH = 04h  | CH = Western calendar (Year given as 2-digit BCD, significant 2 bits: 19 or 20)  CL = Year (BCD)  DH = Month (BCD)  DL = Day (BCD)  CY = End status  0: Successfully completed  1: Error |
| Setting date   | AH = 05h CH = Western calendar (Year given as 2-digit BCD, significant 2 bits: 19 or  CL = 20) DH = Year (BCD) DL = Month (BCD) Day (BCD) |  |
| Setting alarm  | AH = 06h<br>CH = Hours (BCD)<br>CL = Minutes (BCD)<br>DH = Seconds (BCD)  | CY = End status 0: Successfully completed 1: Error   |
| Clearing alarm | AH = 07h  |  |

# A.7 System Monitor/RAS Feature API-DLL

### A.7.1 Operation Environment

The following information explains the Dynamic Link Libraries used by the System Monitor/RAS feature on a PL-5900 Series unit.

API-DLLs provide the interface for applications to access the System Monitor/RAS feature (System Monitor/RAS Device Driver). Applications can use DLLs to access the following types of features.

- 1. Driver Version information
- 2. System Monitor feature status
- 3. Read out (Get) various monitoring parameters (voltage, fan, temperature)
- 4. System Monitor current data (voltage, fan, temperature)
- 5. Watchdog parameters
- 6. Alarm processing
- 7. General input processing
- 8. Reset (of PL unit)
- 9. Monitoring the status of mirror disk driver
- 10. Event handling

## **■** Compatible Operating Systems

The API-DLLs contained on the PL unit's CD-ROM are compatible with the following OS types.

- Microsoft® Windows®98 Second Edition
- Microsoft® WindowsNT®4.0 (Windows Service Pack 3 or higher)
- Microsoft® Windows®2000

Each OS must use its corresponding System Monitor/RAS Device Driver.

## **■** Compatible Languages

- Microsoft® Visual C
- Microsoft® Visual C++
- Microsoft® Visual Basic

### **♦** Required Files

The following files are required when using DLLs. Each language requires its own set of files.

#### • Visual C

| File Name  | Description                                |  |
|------------|--|--|
| PL_Iocif.h | Driver interface definition "include" file |  |
| PL_Ioc.LIB | Library definition file                    |  |
| PL_Ioc.dll | Dynamic link library file                  |  |

#### • Visual C++

| File Name     | Description                                 |  |
|---------------|---|--|
| PL_Iocif.h    | Driver interface definition "include" file  |  |
| PL_Iocall.h   | CPL_Iocall class definition "include" file  |  |
| PL_Ioctl.h    | CPL_Ioctl class definition "include" file   |  |
| PL_Ioc.LIB    | Library definition file                     |  |
| PL_Ioc.dll    | Dynamic Link library file                   |  |
| DI Smileatlh  | CPL_SmiIocrlclass definition "include" file |  |
| PL_SmiIoctl.h | (used only with software mirroring feature) |  |
| Sm.h          | Software mirroring definition file          |  |
| Sill.II       | (used only with software mirroring feature) |  |

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;#include header files should be "included" in the following order.

#include PL\_Iocif.h

#include PL\_Ioctl.h

#include Sm.h

#includePL\_SmiIoctl.h

PL\_Iocall.h is automatically included, and does not need to be directly designated.

#### • Visual Basic

| File Name  | Description                      |  |
|------------|----------------------------------|--|
| PL_Ioc.bas | Driver interface definition file |  |
| PL_Ioc.LIB | Library definition file          |  |
| PL_Ioc.dll | Dynamic link library file        |  |

## **■** Dynamic Link Library (DLL)

In order for an application to use PL\_Ioc.dll, it should be copied to the following folder.

| os   | Location          |
|--|-------------------|
| Windows® 98  | C:\Windows\System |
| WindowsNT <sup>®</sup> 4.0/Windows <sup>®</sup> 2000 | C:\Winnt\System32 |

### A.7.2 Class Contents

### ■ CPL\_Ioctl Class

This class is used to set the parameters for device driver access using CPL\_Ioctl class.

| Key Word | Type   | Variable Name | Description          |
|----------|--------|---------------|----------------------|
| public   | HANDLE | m_Drvhandle   | Device driver handle |

## ■ CPL\_Iocal Class

This uses the parameters set in CPL\_Ioctl, and calls up DeviceIoControl (Driver Access function).

However, since this class succeeds CPL\_Ioctl, it cannot be used directly.

| Key Word | Туре         | Variable Name | Description            |
|----------|--------------|---------------|------------------------|
| public   | HANDLE       | m_h           | Device driver handle   |
| public   | LONG         | m_long        | Control code for       |
| public   |              |               | action to perform      |
| public   | void *       | m_ibp         | Input data buffer      |
| public   |              |               | address                |
| public   | ULONG        | m_ibsize      | Input data buffer size |
| public   | void *       | m_obp         | Output data buffer     |
| public   |              |               | address                |
| public   | ULONG        | m_obsize      | Output data buffer     |
| public   |              |               | size                   |
| public   | DWORD        | m_retsize     | Address for actual     |
| public   |              |               | no. of output bytes    |
| public   | LPOVERLAPPED | m_ovlp        | Address of overlap     |
| public   |              |               | design                 |

## ■ CPL\_SmiIoctl Class

This class is used to set the parameters for device driver access using CPL\_SmiIoctl class

This class is only used when using the Software Mirroring driver.

| Key Word | Type   | Variable Name | Description          |
|----------|--------|---------------|----------------------|
| public   | HANDLE | m_Drvhandle   | Device driver handle |

## A.7.3 Visual C Functions

| Function Name      | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| Initloct           | Creates the CPL_loctl object                           |
| Endloct            | Destroys the CPL_loctl object                          |
| GetDrvHandle       | Gets the driver handle                                 |
| CloseDrvHandle     | Destroys the driver handle                             |
| GetDrvVersion      | Gets the driver version                                |
| GetMonitorSetup    | Gets the monitoring enabled/disabled setting           |
| GetVoltParam       | Gets the voltage monitoring parameter                  |
| GetCurrentVolt     | Gets the current voltage value                         |
| GetFanParam        | Gets the fan monitoring parameter                      |
| GetCurrentFan      | Gets the current fan value                             |
| GetTempParam       | Gets the temperature monitoring parameter              |
| GetCurrentTemp     | Gets the current temperature value                     |
| GetWdtCounter      | Gets the watchdog timer counter                        |
| SetWdtMask         | Sets warning masking in case of watchdog timer timeout |
| GetWdtMask         | Gets warning masking in case of watchdog timer timeout |
| StartWdt           | Starts the watchdog timer                              |
| StopWdt            | Stops the watchdog timer                               |
| RestartWdt         | Restarts the watchdog timer                            |
| RunningWdt         | Gets the watchdog timer operation status               |
| SetWarningOut      | Sets warning output                                    |
| GetWarningOut      | Gets warning output                                    |
| GetUniversalln     | Gets universal input                                   |
| ClearUniversalIn   | Clears the universal input latched status              |
| SetUniversalInMask | Sets universal input masking                           |
| GetUniversalInMask | Gets universal input masking                           |
| SetResetMask       | Sets reset-masking                                     |
| GetResetMask       | Gets reset-masking                                     |
| SetIdeErr          | Sets data mirroring (software) error                   |
| GetIdeErrHard      | Gets data mirroring (hardware) error                   |
| GetLightblowErr    | Gets backlight burnout status                          |
| GetEvent           | Gets the error event                                   |
| ClearEvent         | Clears the error event                                 |
| StartInsideBuzzer  | Starts PL internal buzzer                              |
| StopInsideBuzzer   | Stops PL internal buzzer                               |
| ChkInsideBuzzer    | Checks PL internal buzzer status                       |
| GetWdtTimeout      | Gets the timeout status of the watchdog timer          |
| ClearWdtTimeout    | Clears the timeout status of the watchdog timer        |
| SetWarningDOUT     | Sets the warning output DOUT                           |
| GetWarningDOUT     | Gets the warning output DOUT                           |
| GetSmiDrvHandle    | Gets Software Mirroring driver handle                  |
| CloseSmiDrvHandle  | Destroys Software Mirroring driver handle              |
| GetSmiAryStatus    | Gets status of Software Mirroring Array                |
| GetSmiDevStatus    | Gets status of Software Mirroring Device               |

### A.7.4 Visual C Function Specifications (Details)

#### **InitIoctl**

Call Format void WINAPI InitIoctl(void)

Return Value None Arguments None

Processing Creates a CPL\_Ioctl object. The object is not

destroyed until the EndIoctl function is called.

Example InitIoctl();

### **EndIoctl**

Call Format void WINAPI EndIoctl(void)

Return Value None Arguments None

Processing Destroys the object created using the InitIoctl function.

Example EndIoctl();

#### **GetDrvHandle**

Call Format int WINAPI GetDrvHandle(HANDLE \* pHndl)

Return Value 0: Normal

1: Error

Arguments (I/O) HANDLE \*pHndl Pointer to the device driver handle

Processing Gets the device driver handle to communicate with the

device driver.

Example int ret;

HANDLE hndl;

ret = GetDrvHandle( &hndl );



An error occurs if the System Monitor/RAS Device Driver is not running.

#### CloseDrvHandle

Call Format BOOL WINAPI CloseDrvHandle(void)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments None

Processing Destroys the device driver handle created using the

GetDrvHandle function.

Example BOOL ret;

//Destroys the handle ret = CloseDrvHandle();

GetDrvVersion

Call Format BOOL WINAPI GetDrvVersion(int \*pMajor, int \*pMinor)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I/O) int \*pMajor Pointer to version information (Major, 0 to 99).

(I/O) int \*pMinor Pointer to version information (Minor, 0 to 99).

Processing Gets the driver's version information.

Example BOOL ret;

int Major, Minor;

ret = GetDrvVersion( &Major, &Minor );



### If the version is 1.10, then you will get

Major: 1 (decimal)
Minor: 10 (decimal).

### **GetMonitorSetup**

Call Format BOOL WINAPI GetMonitorSetup( int Selector, int \*pSetup )

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I)int Selector Parameters

MONITOR\_VOLT\_CPU CPU core voltage

MONITOR\_VOLT\_P33 +3.3 V
MONITOR\_VOLT\_P50 5.0 V
MONITOR\_VOLT\_P12 +12 V
MONITOR\_VOLT\_M12 -12 V
MONITOR\_VOLT\_M50 -5.0 V

MONITOR\_TEMP\_SYSTEM System temperature MONITOR\_TEMP\_CPU CPU temperature MONITOR\_TEMP\_OPT Option temperature

MONITOR\_FAN\_CPU CPU fan
MONITOR\_FAN\_POWER Power fan
MONITOR\_FAN\_OPT Option fan

(I/O) int \*pSetup Pointer to Data

0: Disabled

1:Enabled

Processing Gets the current monitoring status (enabled/disabled).

Example BOOL ret;

int Setup;

// Gets the CPU core voltage setup status.

ret = GetMonitorSetup( MONITOR\_VOLT\_CPU, &Setup );

#### **GetVoltParam**

Call Format BOOL WINAPI GetVoltParam

(int Selector, int \*pULimit, int \*pLLimit)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Selector Parameters

MONITOR\_VOLT\_CPU CPU core voltage

MONITOR\_VOLT\_P33 +3.3 V MONITOR\_VOLT\_P50 +5.0 V MONITOR\_VOLT\_P12 +12 V MONITOR\_VOLT\_M12 -12 V MONITOR\_VOLT\_M50 -5.0 V

(I/O) int \*pULimit Pointer to upper-limit voltage value (Unit: mV) (I/O) int \*pLLimit Pointer to lower-limit voltage value (Unit: mV)

Processing Gets the voltage monitoring parameter.

Example BOOL ret;

int ULimit, LLimit;

// Get the upper and lower-limit values of the CPU core

//voltage.

ret = GetVoltParam( MONITOR\_VOLT\_CPU, &ULimit, &LLimit );



Since the data taken from this function is shown in mV units, the following conversion is needed for use in (Volt) units:

Data in Volt unit = Data in mV unit/1000

#### **GetCurrentVolt**

Call Format BOOL WINAPI GetCurrentVolt( int Selector, int \*pData )

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Selector Parameters

MONITOR\_VOLT\_P33 +3.3 V MONITOR\_VOLT\_P50 +5.0 V MONITOR\_VOLT\_P12 +12 V MONITOR\_VOLT\_M12 -12 V MONITOR\_VOLT\_M50 -5.0 V

(I/O) int \*pData Pointer to the voltage value (Unit: mV)

Processing Gets the current voltage value.

Example BOOL ret;

int Data;

// Gets the CPU core voltage value.

ret = GetCurrentVolt( MONITOR\_VOLT\_CPU, &Data );



Since the data taken from this function is in mV units, the following conversion is needed for use in (Volt) units:

Data in Volt unit = Data in mV unit/1000

#### **GetFanParam**

Call Format BOOL WINAPI GetFanParam (int Selector, int \*pLLimit)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Selector Parameters

MONITOR\_FAN\_CPU CPU fan MONITOR\_FAN\_POWER Power fan MONITOR\_FAN\_OPT Option fan

(I/O)int\*pLLimit Pointer to the lower-limit fan rotation

speed (Unit: RPM)

(RPM: Revolutions Per Minute)

Processing Gets the fan monitoring parameter.

Example BOOL ret;

int LLimit;

// Gets the lower-limit CPU fan rotation speed.

ret = GetFanParam( MONITOR\_FAN\_CPU, &LLimit );

**GetCurrentFan** 

Call Format BOOL WINAPI GetCurrentFan(int Selector, int \*pData)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Selector Parameters

MONITOR\_FAN\_CPU CPU fan
MONITOR\_FAN\_POWER Power fan
MONITOR\_FAN\_OPT Option fan

(I/O) int \*pData Pointer to the fan rotation speed

(Unit: RPM)

(RPM: Revolutions Per Minute)

Processing Gets the current fan rotational speed.

Example BOOL ret;

int Data;

// Gets the CPU fan rotational speed.

ret = GetCurrentFan( MONITOR\_FAN\_CPU, &Data );

**GetTempParam** 

Call Format BOOL WINAPI GetTempParam(int Selector, int \*pULimit)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Selector Parameters

MONITOR\_TEMP\_SYSTEM System temperature MONITOR\_TEMP\_CPU CPU temperature MONITOR\_TEMP\_OPT Option temperature

(I/O)int\*pULimit Pointer to the upper-limit temperature

(Unit: Degrees Celsius)

Processing Gets the temperature monitoring parameter.

Example BOOL ret;

int ULimit:

// Gets the system temperature upper-limit value.

ret=GetTempParam(MONITOR\_TEMP\_SYSTEM, &ULimit);

**GetCurrentTemp** 

Call Format BOOL WINAPI GetCurrentTemp( int Selector, int \*pData )

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Selector Parameters

MONITOR\_TEMP\_SYSTEM System temperature MONITOR\_TEMP\_CPU CPU temperature

MONITOR\_TEMP\_OPT Option temperature

(I/O) int \*pData Pointer to the temperature

(Unit: Degrees Celsius)

Processing Gets the current temperature value.

Example BOOL ret;

int Data;

// Gets the system temperature value.

ret = GetCurrentTemp( MONITOR\_TEMP\_SYSTEM, &Data );

**GetWdtCounter** 

Call Format BOOL WINAPI GetWdtCounter (int \*pCounter)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I/O) int \*pCounter Gets to the watchdog timer's initial counter

value (5 to 255) (Unit: Seconds)

Processing Gets the current watchdog timer's initial counter value.

Example BOOL ret;

int Counter;

ret = GetWdtCounter( &Counter );

SetWdtMask

Call Format BOOL WINAPI SetWdtMask( int Selector, int Mask )

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Selector Setting Item

WARNING\_LAMP LAMP

WARNING\_ALARM ALARM

(I) int Mask Masking Information

MASK\_OFF Masking disabled MASK\_ON Masking enabled

Processing Sets masking for the warning output used when watchdog

timer time-out occurs.

Example BOOL ret;

// Enables masking for the lamp output.

ret = SetWdtMask( WARNING\_LAMP, MASK\_ON );

// Disables masking for the alarm output.

ret = SetWdtMask( WARNING\_ALARM, MASK\_OFF );

GetWdtMask

Call Format BOOL WINAPI GetWdtMask( int Selector, int \*pMask )

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Selector Setting Item

WARNING\_LAMP LAMP

WARNING\_ALARM ALARM

(I/O) int \*pMask Pointer to Masking Information

MASK\_OFF Masking disabled MASK\_ON Masking enabled

Processing Gets the masking information used for warning output when

watchdog timer time-out occurs.

Example BOOL ret;

int Mask;

// Gets the masking information for the LAMP.

ret = GetWdtMask( WARNING\_LAMP, &Mask );

// Gets the masking information for the alarm.

ret = GetWdtMask( WARNING\_ALARM, &Mask );

#### **StartWdt**

Call Format BOOL WINAPI StartWdt( void )

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments None

Processing Starts watchdog timer countdown.

Example BOOL ret;

ret = StartWdt();

StopWdt

Call Format BOOL WINAPI StopWdt( void )

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments None

Processing Stops watchdog timer countdown.

Example BOOL ret;

ret = StopWdt();

RestartWdt

Call Format BOOL WINAPI RestartWdt( void )

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments None

Processing Restarts watchdog timer countdown after resetting to the

initial value.

Example BOOL ret;

ret = RestartWdt();



RestartWdt can only be used after the StartWdt countdown has started.If RestartWdt is used after the timeout,it should be after ClearWdtTimeout has used to clear the timeout condition and after StartWdt has started the countdown.

### RunningWdt

Call Format BOOL WINAPI RunningWdt(int \*pRunFlag)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I/O) int \*pRunFlag Pointer to Watchdog Timer Operation Status

WATCHDOG\_STOP Stopped

WATCHDOG\_COUNTDOWN Count down in progress

Processing Gets the watchdog timer's operation status.

Example BOOL ret;

int RunFlag;

ret = RunningWdt( &RunFlag );

**SetWarningOut** 

Call Format BOOL WINAPI SetWarningOut(int Selector, int WarnOut)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Selector Setting Item

WARNING\_LAMP LAMP

WARNING\_ALARM ALARM

(I) int WarnOut Output Status

OUTPUT\_OFF Output OFF
OUTPUT\_ON Output ON

Processing Sets setting item warning information (LAMP or ALARM).

Example BOOL ret;

// Sets the LAMP output status to ON.

ret = SetWarningOut( WARNING\_LAMP, OUTPUT\_ON );

// Sets the ALARM output status to OFF.

ret = SetWarningOut( WARNING\_ALARM, OUTPUT\_OFF);

**GetWarningOut** 

Call Format BOOL WINAPI Get Warning Out (int Selector, int \*pWarnOut)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Selector Setting Item

WARNING\_LAMP LAMP WARNING\_ALARM ALARM

(I/O) int \*pWarnOut Pointer to Output Status

OUTPUT\_OFF Output OFF
OUTPUT\_ON Output ON

Processing Gets currently set item's warning status (LAMP or ALARM).

Example BOOL ret;

int WarnOut;

// Gets the LAMP output status.

ret = GetWarningOut( WARNING\_LAMP, &WarnOut );

// Gets the ALARM output status.

ret = GetWarningOut( WARNING\_ALARM, &WarnOut );

#### GetUniversalIn

Call Format BOOL WINAPI GetUniversalIn( int Selector, int \*pUniIn )

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Selector Designated Port

PORT\_UNI0 Universal Input 0 PORT\_UNI1 Universal Input 1

(I/O) int \*pUniIn Pointer to Input Status

INPUT\_OFF Input OFF INPUT\_ON Input ON

Processing Gets the input status of the designated port (Universal

Input 0, Universal Input 1).

Example BOOL ret;

int UniIn;

// Get the input status of Universal Input 0.
ret = GetUniversalIn( PORT\_UNIO, &UniIn );
// Get the input status of Universal Input 1.
ret = GetUniversalIn( PORT\_UNI1, &UniIn );

#### ClearUniversalIn

Call Format BOOL WINAPI Clear UniversalIn (int Selector)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Selector Designated Port

PORT\_UNI0 Universal Input 0 PORT\_UNI1 Universal Input 1

Processing Cancels the input status of the designated port (Universal

Input 0, Universal Input 1).

Example BOOL ret;

// Cancels the input status of Universal Input 0.

ret = ClearUniversalIn( PORT\_UNI0 );

// Cancels the input status of Universal Input 1.

ret = ClearUniversalIn( PORT\_UNI1 );

#### SetUniversalInMask

Call Format BOOL WINAPI SetUniversalInMask(int Selector, int Mask)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Selector Designated Port

PORT\_UNI0 Universal Input 0
PORT UNI1 Universal Input 1

(I) int Mask Masking Information

MASK\_OFF Masking disabled MASK ON Masking enabled

Processing Sets the masking information for the designated port

(Universal Input 0, Universal Input 1).

Example BOOL ret;

// Disable masking for Universal Input 0.

ret = SetUniversalInMask( PORT\_UNIO, MASK\_OFF );

// Enable masking for Universal Input 1.

ret = SetUniversalInMask( PORT\_UNI1, MASK\_ON );

#### GetUniversalInMask

Call Format BOOL WINAPI GetUniversalInMask(int Selector, int \*pMask)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Selector Designated Port

PORT\_UNI0 Universal Input 0 PORT\_UNI1 Universal Input 1

(I/O) int \*pMask Pointer to Masking Information

MASK\_OFF Masking disabled MASK\_ON Masking enabled

Processing Gets the masking information for the designatd port

(Universal Input 0, Universal Input 1).

Example BOOL ret;

int Mask;

// Gets the masking information for Universal input 0. ret = GetUniversalInMask( PORT\_UNIO, &Mask );

 $/\!/ Gets \ the \ masking \ information \ for \ Universal \ input \ 1.$ 

ret = GetUniversalInMask( PORT\_UNI1, &Mask );

**SetResetMask** 

Call Format BOOL WINAPI SetResetMask(int Mask)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Mask Masking Information

MASK\_OFF Masking disabled MASK\_ON Masking enabled

Processing Sets reset-masking.

Example BOOL ret;

// Disable reset-masking.

ret = SetResetMask( MASK\_OFF );

GetResetMask

Call Format BOOL WINAPI GetResetMask( int \*pMask )

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I/O) int \*pMask Pointer to Masking Information

MASK\_OFF Masking disabled

MASK\_ON Masking enabled

Processing Gets the current reset-masking information.

Example BOOL ret;

int Mask;

ret = GetResetMask( &Mask );

**SetIdeErr** 

Call Format BOOL WINAPI SetIdeErr( int IdeErr )

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int IdeErr Error Output Status

IDE\_ERROR\_OFF Error Output OFF IDE\_ERROR\_ON Error Output ON

Processing Sets the software control used to create IDE eror output.

Example BOOL ret;

// Sets IDE error output to OFF.

ret = SetIdeErr( IDE\_ERROR\_OFF );

**GetIdeErrHard** 

Call Format BOOL WINAPI GetIdeErrHard( int Selector, int \*pIdeErr )

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Selector Parameters

IDE\_ERROR\_1 IDE\_ERR1 IDE\_ERROR\_2 IDE\_ERR2

(I/O) int \*pIdeErr Pointer to error signal

IDE\_ERROR\_OFF Normal IDE\_ERROR\_ON Error

Processing Gets the current IDE error signal output by the hardware.

Example BOOL ret;

int IdeErr;

// Gets the IDE\_ERR1 signal

ret = GetIdeErrHard( IDE\_ERROR\_1, &IdeErr );

GetLightblowErr

Call Format BOOL WINAPI GetLightblowErr(int \*pLightErr)

TRUE: Normal FALSE: Error

Arguments (I/O) int \*pLightErr Error Information

BACKLIGHT\_OK OK BACKLIGH\_ERR NG

Processing Gets Backlight's current burnout error output.

Example BOOL ret;

int LightErr;

// Gets backlight's burnout condition.
ret = ::GetLightblowErr( &LightErr);

#### **GetEvent**

Call Format BOOL WINAPI GetEvent( int Selector, int \*pEvent )

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Selector Parameters

EVENT\_VOLT\_CPU CPU core voltage

EVENT\_VOLT\_P33 +3.3 V EVENT\_VOLT\_P50 +5.0 V EVENT\_VOLT\_P12 +12 V

EVENT\_VOLT\_M12 +12 V
EVENT\_VOLT\_M12 -12 V

EVENT\_VOLT\_M50 -5.0 V EVENT\_FAN\_CPU CPU FAN

EVENT\_FAN\_POWER POWER FAN

EVENT\_FAN\_OPT OPTION FAN

EVENT\_TEMP\_SYSTEM SYSTEM temperature

EVENT\_UNI\_IN0 Universal Input 0
EVENT\_UNI\_IN1 Universal Input 1

EVENT\_WDT\_TIMEOUT Watchdog Timeout

(I/O)int\*pEvent Pointer to Error Event Information

ERROR\_EVENT\_OFF Withouterrorevent ERROR EVENT ON Witherrorevent

EKKOK\_E VENT\_ON WILLIEHOLEVEN

Processing Checks the machine for voltage, fan, and temperature

errors, and the Universal Input information (event) and

Watchdog Timeout information.

Example BOOL ret;

int Event;

// Gets the error event information for the CPU core voltage.

ret = GetEvent( EVENT\_VOLT\_CPU, &Event );

#### ClearEvent

Call Format BOOL WINAPI ClearEvent( int Selector )

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Selector Parameters used for cancelling error events

EVENT\_VOLT\_CPU CPU core voltage

EVENT\_VOLT\_P33 +3.3 V

EVENT\_VOLT\_P50 +5.0 V

EVENT\_VOLT\_P12 +12 V

EVENT\_VOLT\_M12 -12 V

EVENT\_VOLT\_M50 -5.0 V

EVENT\_FAN\_CPU CPU FAN
EVENT\_FAN\_POWER POWER FAN

EVENT\_FAN\_OPT OPTION FAN

EVENT\_TEMP\_SYSTEM SYSTEM temperature

EVENT\_TEMP\_CPU\_OPT CPUor option temperature

EVENT\_UNI\_IN0 Universal input 0
EVENT\_UNI\_IN1 Universal input 1
EVENT\_WDT\_TIMEOUT Watchdog Timeout

Processing Cancels the error event.

Example BOOL ret;

// Cancels the CPU core voltage error event.
ret = ClearEvent( EVENT\_VOLT\_CPU );

#### **StartInsideBuzzer**

Call Format BOOL WINAPI StartInsideBuzzer (int hz, int ms)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int hz Buzzer frequency (Hz)

(I) int ms Buzzer length (ms)

Processing Starts the PL unit's internal buzzer, based on the designated

frequency and length.

Example BOOL ret;

int hz = 600; int ms = 1000;

// PL internal buzzer will sound at 600MHz for 1 second.

ret = StartInsideBuzzer ( hz, ms );



This feature cannot be used with a PL running WindowsNT 4.0 or Windows 2000, due to the use of Windows 98 functions.

#### StopInsideBuzzer

Call Format BOOL WINAPI StopInsideBuzzer (void)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments None.

Processing Stops the PL unit's internal buzzer.

Example BOOL ret;

// Stops PL internal buzzer.
ret = StopInsideBuzzer ();



This feature cannot be used with a PL running Windows NT or Windows 2000, due to the use of and Windows 98 functions.

#### ChkInsideBuzzer

Call Format BOOL WINAPI ChkInsideBuzzer (int \*BuzzerParam)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I/O) int \*BuzzerParam Pointer to Buzzer Condition

BUZZER\_ON Buzzer is ON

BUZZER\_OFF Buzzer is OFF

Processing Checks the buzzer's operation status.

Example BOOL ret;

int BuzzerParam;

// Checks buzzer status.

ret = ChkInsideBuzzer(&BuzzerParam);



This feature cannot be used with a PL running WindowsNT 4.0 or Windows 2000, due to the use of and Windows 98 functions.

#### **GetWdtTimeout**

Call Format BOOL WINAPI GetWdtTimeout(int \*pTimebuf)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I/O) int \*pTimebuf Pointer to Watchdog Timeout Status

TIMEOUT\_OK Not timeout

TIMEOUT\_ERROR Timeout

Processing Gets watchdog timeout status.

Example BOOL ret;

int Timebuf;

// Gets watchdog timeout status.
ret = GetWdtTimeout( &Timebuf );

#### ClearWdtTimeout

Call Format BOOL WINAPI ClearWdtTimeout( void )

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments None

Processing Clears the watchdog timeout status.

Example BOOL ret;

// Clears the watchdog timeout status.

ret = GetWdtTimeout();

#### **SetWarningDOUT**

Call Format BOOL WINAPI SetWarningDOUT(int WarningOut)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int WarningOut Output status

OUTPUT\_OFF Output OFF
OUTPUT ON Output ON

Processing Sets DOUT warning status of current setting item.

Example BOOL ret;

// Sets warning DOUT output status to OFF.
ret = SetWarningDOUT( OUTPUT\_OFF );

#### **GetWarningDOUT**

Call Format BOOL WINAPI GetWarningDOUT(int \*pWarningOut)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I/O) int \*pWarningOut Pointer to Output Status

OUTPUT\_OFF Output OFF
OUTPUT\_ON Output ON

Processing Gets DOUT warning status of current setting item.

Example BOOL ret;

int WarningOut;

// Gets DOUT Output status.

ret = GetWarningDOUT( &WarningOut );

// Sets the ALARM output status to OFF.

ret = ::SetWarningOut( WARNING\_ALARM, OUTPUT\_OFF );

#### **GetSmiDrvHandle**

Call Format int WINAPI GetSmiDrvHandle(void)

Return Value 0: Normal

1: Error

Arguments None

Processing Gets Software Mirroring Device Driver Handle.

Example int ret;

ret = GetSmiDrvHandle();



When the Software Mirroring Device Driver is not operating, an error occurs.

#### CloseSmiDrvHandle

Call Format BOOL WINAPI CloseSmiDrvHandle(void)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments None

Processing Destroys the device driver handle created using the

GetSmiDrvHandlefunction.

Example BOOL ret;

// Destroys the device driver handle created using the

GetSmiDrvHandlefunction.
ret = ClosetSmiDrvHandle();

**GetSmiAryStatus** 

Call Format BOOL WINAPI GetSmiAryStatus(int \*pStatus)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I/O) int \*pStatus Pointor to Software Mirroring Disk Status

ARYSTAT\_GOOD Good

ARYSTAT\_UNCOMFIG Unonfigured
ARYSTAT\_REBUILD Rebuilding
ARYSTAT\_REDUCE Reduced

ARYSTAT\_DEAD Dead

Processing Gets SoftMirror Status

Example BOOL ret;

int Status;

// Gets Software Mirroring Status.
ret = GetSmiAryStatus(&Status);

**GetSmiDevStatus** 

Call Format BOOL WINAPI GetSmiDevStatus(int Id, int \*pType, int \*pStatus)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Id Device ID

0 : Master HDD 1 : Slave HDD

(I/O) int \*pType Device Type

ATADEVICE ATA DEVICE
ATAPIDEVICE CD-ROM
NODEVICE No DEVICE

(I/O) int \*pStatus Device Status

DEVSTAT\_GOOD Good

DEVSTAT\_NOTEXIST No DEVICE DEVSTAT\_BROKEN BROKEN

Processing Gets Software Mirroring Device Status

Example BOOL ret;

int Id, Type, Status;
// Gets the device status

Id=0;

ret = GetSmiDevStatus(Id ,&Type ,&Status);

# A.7.5 Visual C++ Functions

| Function Name      | Description   |  |
|--------------------|---|--|
| GetDrvHandle       | Gets the driver handle                                  |  |
| CloseDrvHandle     | Destroys the driver handle                              |  |
| GetDrvVersion      | Gets the driver version                                 |  |
| GetMonitorSetup    | Gets the monitoring enabled/disabled setting            |  |
| GetVoltParam       | Gets the voltage monitoring parameter                   |  |
| GetCurrentVolt     | Gets the current voltage value                          |  |
| GetFanParam        | Gets the fan monitoring parameter                       |  |
| GetCurrentFan      | Gets the current fan value                              |  |
| GetTempParam       | Gets the temperature monitoring parameter               |  |
| GetCurrentTemp     | Gets the current temperature value                      |  |
| GetWdtCounter      | Gets the watchdog timer counter                         |  |
| SetWdtMask         | Sets warning masking in case of watchdog timer time-out |  |
| GetWdtMask         | Gets warning masking in case of watchdog timer time-out |  |
| StartWdt           | Starts the watchdog timer                               |  |
| StopWdt            | Stops the watchdog timer                                |  |
| RestartWdt         | Restarts the watchdog timer                             |  |
| RunningWdt         | Gets the watchdog timer operation status                |  |
| SetWarningOut      | Sets warning output                                     |  |
| GetWarningOut      | Gets warning output                                     |  |
| GetUniversalIn     | Gets universal input                                    |  |
| ClearUniversalIn   | Clears the universal input latched status               |  |
| SetUniversalInMask | Sets universal input masking                            |  |
| GetUniversalInMask | Gets universal input masking                            |  |
| SetResetMask       | Sets reset-masking                                      |  |
| GetResetMask       | Gets reset-masking                                      |  |
| SetIdeErr          | Sets software mirroring error                           |  |
| GetIdeErrHard      | Gets hardware mirroring error                           |  |
| GetLightblowErr    | Get BackLight Err status                                |  |
| GetEvent           | Gets the error event                                    |  |
| ClearEvent         | Clears the error event                                  |  |
| StartInsideBuzzer  | Starts PL unit's internal buzzer                        |  |
| StopInsideBuzzer   | Stops PL unit's internal buzzer                         |  |
| ChkInsideBuzzer    | Checks PL unit's internal buzzer                        |  |
| GetWdtTimeout      | Gets watchdog timeout status                            |  |
| ClearWdtTimeout    | Clears the watchdog timeout status                      |  |
| SetWarningDOUT     | Sets warning DOUT                                       |  |
| GetWarningDOUT     | Gets warning DOUT                                       |  |
| GetSmiDrvHandle    | Gets Software Mirroring driver handle                   |  |
| CloseSmiDrvHandle  | Gets Software Mirroring Status                          |  |
| GetSmiAryStatus    | Gets Software Mirroring feature Status                  |  |
| GetSmiDevStatus    | Gets Software Mirroring Device Status                   |  |

# A.7.6 Visual C++ Function Specifications (Details)

#### **GetDrvHandle**

Call Format int GetDrvHandle(void)

Return Value 0: Normal

1: Error

Arguments None

Processing Gets the device driver handle to communicate with the

device driver. The handle Getsed is stored into the

member variable m\_handle.

Example 1 CPL\_Ioctl m\_Ioc;

m\_Ioc.GetDrvHandle();

Example 2 int ret;

HANDLE hndl;

ret = ::GetDrvHandle( &hndl );



#### An error occurs if the System Monitor/RAS Device Driver is not running.

#### CloseDrvHandle

Call Format BOOL CloseDrvHandle(void)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments None

Processing Destroys the device driver handle created using the

GetDrvHandle function.

Example 1 CPL\_loctl m\_loc;

BOOL ret;

// Destroys the device driver handle.

ret = m\_Ioc.CloseDrvHandle();

Example 2 BOOL ret;

// Destroys the device driver handle.

ret = ::CloseDrvHandle();

#### GetDrvVersion

Call Format BOOL GetDrvVersion(int \*pMajor, int \*pMinor)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I/O) int \*pMajor Pointer to version information

(Major, 0 to 99).

(I/O) int \*pMinor Pointer to version information

(Minor, 0 to 99).

Processing Gets the driver's version information.

Example 1 CPL\_Ioctl m\_Ioc;

BOOL ret;

int Major, Minor;

ret = m\_Ioc.GetDrvVersion( &Major, &Minor );

Example 2 BOOL ret;

int Major, Minor;

ret = ::GetDrvVersion( &Major, &Minor );



If the version is 1.10, then you will get

Major: 1 (decimal)
Minor: 10 (decimal).

#### **GetMonitorSetup**

Call Format BOOL GetMonitorSetup(int Selector, int \*pSetup)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Selector Parameters

MONITOR\_VOLT\_CPU CPU core voltage

MONITOR\_VOLT\_P33 +3.3 V
MONITOR\_VOLT\_P50 +5.0 V
MONITOR\_VOLT\_P12 +12 V
MONITOR\_VOLT\_M12 -12 V
MONITOR\_VOLT\_M50 -5.0 V

MONITOR\_TEMP\_SYSTEM System temperature MONITOR\_TEMP\_CPU CPU temperature MONITOR\_TEMP\_OPT Option temperature

MONITOR\_FAN\_CPU CPU fan
MONITOR\_FAN\_POWER Power fan
MONITOR\_FAN\_OPT Option fan

(I/O) int \*pSetup Pointer to Getsed Data

0: Disabled 1: Enabled

Processing Gets the current monitoring enabled/disabled status.

Example 1 CPL\_Ioctl m\_Ioc;

BOOL ret; int Setup;

// Gets the CPU core voltage setup status.

ret=m\_Ioc.GetMonitorSetup(MONITOR\_VOLT\_CPU, &Setup);

Example 2 BOOL ret;

int Setup;

// Get the CPU core voltage setup status.

ret = ::GetMonitorSetup( MONITOR\_VOLT\_CPU, &Setup );

**GetVoltParam** 

Call Format BOOL GetVoltParam (int Selector, int \*pULimit, int \*pLLimit)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Selector Parameters

MONITOR\_VOLT\_CPU CPU core voltage

MONITOR\_VOLT\_P33 +3.3 V
MONITOR\_VOLT\_P50 +5.0 V
MONITOR\_VOLT\_P12 +12 V
MONITOR\_VOLT\_M12 -12 V
MONITOR\_VOLT\_M50 -5.0 V

(I/O) int \*pULimit Pointer to upper-limit voltage value (Unit: mV) (I/O) int \*pLLimit Pointer to lower-limit voltage value (Unit: mV)

Processing Gets the voltage monitoring parameter.

Example 1 CPL\_Ioctl m\_Ioc;

BOOL ret;

int ULimit, LLimit;

// Get the upper and lower-limit values of the CPU core voltage.
ret = m\_Ioc.GetVoltParam( MONITOR\_VOLT\_CPU,

&ULimit, &LLimit);

Example 2 BOOL ret;

int ULimit, LLimit;

// Get the upper and lower-limit values of the CPU core voltage.

ret = ::GetVoltParam( MONITOR\_VOLT\_CPU, &ULimit, &LLimit );



Since the data taken from this function is shown in mV units, the following conversion is needed for use in (Volt) units:

Data in Volt unit = Data in mV unit/1000

#### **GetCurrentVolt**

Call Format BOOL GetCurrentVolt( int Selector, int \*pData )

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Selector Parameters

MONITOR\_VOLT\_CPU CPU core voltage

MONITOR\_VOLT\_P33 +3.3 V
MONITOR\_VOLT\_P50 +5.0 V
MONITOR\_VOLT\_P12 +12 V
MONITOR\_VOLT\_M12 -12 V
MONITOR\_VOLT\_M50 -5.0 V

(I/O) int \*pData Pointer to the voltage value (Unit: mV)

Processing Gets the current voltage value.

Example 1 CPL\_Ioctl m\_Ioc;

BOOL ret; int Data;

// Get the CPU core voltage value.

ret=m\_Ioc.GetCurrentVolt(MONITOR\_VOLT\_CPU, &Data);

Example 2 BOOL ret;

int Data;

// Get the CPU core voltage value.

ret = ::GetCurrentVolt( MONITOR\_VOLT\_CPU, &Data );



Since the data taken from this function is shown in mV units, the following conversion is needed for use in (Volt) units:

Data in Volt unit = Data in mV unit/1000

GetFanParam

Call Format BOOL GetFanParam (int Selector, int \*pLLimit)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Selector Parameters

MONITOR\_FAN\_CPU CPU fan
MONITOR\_FAN\_POWER Power fan
MONITOR\_FAN\_OPT Option fan

(I/O) int \*pLLimit Pointer to the lower-limit fan rotation

speed (Unit: RPM)

(RPM: Revolutions Per Minute)

Processing Gets the fan monitoring parameter.

Example 1 CPL\_Ioctl m\_Ioc;

BOOL ret; int LLimit;

// Get the lower-limit CPU fan rotational speed.

ret=m\_Ioc.GetFanParam(MONITOR\_FAN\_CPU,&LLimit);

Example 2 BOOL ret;

int LLimit;

// Get the lower-limit CPU fan rotation speed.

ret=::GetFanParam(MONITOR\_FAN\_CPU,&LLimit);

**GetCurrentFan** 

Call Format BOOL GetCurrentFan(int Selector, int \*pData)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Selector Parameters

MONITOR\_FAN\_CPU CPU fan MONITOR\_FAN\_POWER Power fan MONITOR\_FAN\_OPT Option fan

(I/O) int \*pData Pointer to the fan rotation speed

(Unit: RPM)

(RPM: Revolutions Per Minute)

Processing Gets the current fan rotation speed.

Example 1 CPL\_Ioctl m\_Ioc;

BOOL ret; int Data;

// Get the CPU fan rotational speed.

ret = m\_Ioc.GetCurrentFan( MONITOR\_FAN\_CPU, &Data );

Example 2 BOOL ret;

int Data;

// Get the CPU fan rotational speed.

ret = ::GetCurrentFan( MONITOR\_FAN\_CPU, &Data );

**GetTempParam** 

Call Format BOOL GetTempParam(int Selector, int \*pULimit)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Selector Parameters

MONITOR\_TEMP\_SYSTEM System temperature MONITOR\_TEMP\_CPU CPU temperature MONITOR\_TEMP\_OPT Option temperature

(I/O)int\*pULimit Pointer to the upper-limit temperature

(Unit: Degrees Celsius)

Processing Gets the temperature monitoring parameter.

Example 1 CPL\_Ioctl m\_Ioc;

BOOL ret; int ULimit;

// Get the system temperature upper-limit value.

ret = m\_Ioc.GetTempParam( MONITOR\_TEMP\_SYSTEM,

&ULimit);

Example 2 BOOL ret;

int ULimit;

ret=::GetTempParam(MONITOR\_TEMP\_SYSTEM, &ULimit);

**GetCurrentTemp** 

Call Format BOOL GetCurrentTemp(int Selector, int \*pData)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Selector Parameters

MONITOR\_TEMP\_SYSTEM System temperature MONITOR\_TEMP\_CPU CPU temperature MONITOR\_TEMP\_OPT Option temperature

(I/O) int \*pData Pointer to the temperature (Unit: Degrees Celsius)

Processing Gets the current temperature value.

Example 1 CPL\_Ioctl m\_Ioc;

BOOL ret; int Data;

// Gets the system temperature value.

ret = m\_Ioc.GetCurrentTemp( MONITOR\_TEMP\_SYSTEM, &Data );

Example 2 BOOL ret;

int Data;

// Gets the system temperature value.

ret = ::GetCurrentTemp(MONITOR\_TEMP\_SYSTEM, &Data);

**GetWdtCounter** 

Call Format BOOL GetWdtCounter(int \*pCounter)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I/O) int \*pCounter Pointer to the watchdog timer's initial

counter value (Unit: Seconds)

Processing Gets the current watchdog timer's initial counter value.

Example 1 CPL\_Ioctl m\_Ioc;

BOOL ret; int Counter;

ret = m\_Ioc.GetWdtCounter( &Counter );

Example 2 BOOL ret;

int Counter;

ret = ::GetWdtCounter( &Counter );

**SetWdtMask** 

Call Format BOOL SetWdtMask( int Selector, int Mask )

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Selector Setting Item

WARNING\_LAMP LAMP

WARNING\_ALARM ALARM

(I) int Mask Masking Information

MASK\_OFF Masking disabled MASK ON Masking enabled

Processing Sets masking for the warning that is output when watchdog

timer time-out occurs.

Example 1 CPL\_Ioctl m\_Ioc;

BOOL ret;

// Enable masking for LAMP output.

ret = m\_Ioc.SetWdtMask( WARNING\_LAMP, MASK\_ON );

// Disable masking for ALARM output.

ret = m\_Ioc.SetWdtMask( WARNING\_ALARM, MASK\_OFF);

Example 2 BOOL ret;

// Enable masking for LAMP output.

ret = ::SetWdtMask( WARNING\_LAMP, MASK\_ON );

// Disable masking for ALARM output.

ret = ::SetWdtMask( WARNING\_ALARM, MASK\_OFF );

GetWdtMask

Call Format BOOL GetWdtMask( int Selector, int \*pMask )

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Selector Setting Item

WARNING\_LAMP LAMP

WARNING ALARM ALARM

(I/O) int \*pMask Pointer to Masking Information

MASK\_OFF Masking disabled MASK\_ON Masking enabled

Processing Gets the masking information for warning output that is

created when a watchdog timer time-out occurs.

Example 1 CPL\_Ioctl m\_Ioc;

BOOL ret; int Mask;

// Gets the LAMP masking information.

ret = m\_Ioc.GetWdtMask( WARNING\_LAMP, &Mask );

// Get the ALARM masking information.

ret = m\_Ioc.GetWdtMask( WARNING\_ALARM, &Mask );

Example 2 BOOL ret;

int Mask;

// Gets the LAMP0 masking information.

ret = ::GetWdtMask( WARNING\_LAMP, &Mask );

// Get the ALARM masking information.

ret = ::GetWdtMask( WARNING\_ALARM, &Mask );

**StartWdt** 

Call Format BOOL StartWdt( void )

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments None

Processing Starts watchdog timer countdown.

Example 1 CPL\_Ioctl m\_Ioc;

BOOL ret;

ret = m\_Ioc.StartWdt();

Example 2 BOOL ret;

ret = ::StartWdt();

StopWdt

Call Format BOOL StopWdt(void)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments None

Processing Stops watchdog timer countdown.

Example 1 CPL\_Ioctl m\_Ioc;

BOOL ret;

ret = m\_Ioc.StopWdt();

Example 2 BOOL ret;

ret = ::StopWdt();

RestartWdt

Call Format BOOL RestartWdt( void )

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments None

Processing Restarts watchdog timer countdown after resetting to the

initial value.

Example 1 CPL\_Ioctl m\_Ioc;

BOOL ret;

m\_Ioc.RestartWdt();

Example 2 BOOL ret;

ret = ::RestartWdt();



RestartWdt can only be used after the StartWdt countdown has started.If RestartWdt is used after the timeout,it should be after ClearWdtTimeout has used to clear the timeout condition and after StartWdt has started the countdown.

RunningWdt

Call Format BOOL RunningWdt(int \*pRunFlag)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I/O) int \*pRunFlag Pointer to Watchdog Timer Operation Status

WATCHDOG\_STOP Stopped

WATCHDOG\_COUNTDOWN Countdown in progress

Processing Gets the watchdog timer's operation status.

Example 1 CPL\_Ioctl m\_Ioc;

BOOL ret; int RunFlag;

ret = m\_Ioc.RunningWdt(&RunFlag);

Example 2 BOOL ret;

int RunFlag;

ret = ::RunningWdt(&RunFlag);

**SetWarningOut** 

Call Format BOOL SetWarningOut(int Selector, int WarnOut)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Selector Setting Item

WARNING\_LAMP LAMP WARNING\_ALARM ALARM

(I) int WarnOut Output Status

OUTPUT\_OFF Output OFF
OUTPUT\_ON Output ON

Processing Sets the warning information for the set item (lamp or alarm).

Example 1 CPL\_Ioctl m\_Ioc;

BOOL ret;

// Sets the LAMP output status to ON.

ret = m\_Ioc.SetWarningOut( WARNING\_LAMP, OUTPUT\_ON );

// Sets the ALARMoutput status to OFF.

ret = m\_Ioc.SetWarningOut( WARNING\_ALARM, OUTPUT\_OFF );

Example 2 BOOL ret;

// Sets the LAMP output status to ON.

ret = ::SetWarningOut( WARNING\_LAMP, OUTPUT\_ON );

// Sets the ALARM output status to OFF.

ret = ::SetWarningOut( WARNING\_ALARM, OUTPUT\_OFF );

**GetWarningOut** 

Call Format BOOL GetWarningOut(int Selector, int \*pWarnOut)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Selector Settting Item

WARNING\_LAMP LAMP

WARNING\_ALARM ALARM

(I/O) int \*pWarnOut Pointer to Output Status

OUTPUT\_OFF Output OFF
OUTPUT\_ON Output ON

Processing Gets the warning status of the current set item (LAMP or ALARM).

Example 1 CPL\_Ioctl m\_Ioc;

BOOL ret; int WarnOut;

// Gets the LAMP output status.

ret = m\_Ioc.GetWarningOut( WARNING\_LAMP, &WarnOut );

// Gets the ALARM output status.

ret = m\_Ioc.GetWarningOut( WARNING\_ALARM, &WarnOut );

Example 2 BOOL ret;

int WarnOut;

// Gets the LAMP output status.

ret = ::GetWarningOut( WARNING\_LAMP, &WarnOut );

// Gets the ALARM output status.

ret = ::GetWarningOut( WARNING\_ALARM, &WarnOut );

GetUniversalIn

Call Format BOOL GetUniversalIn(int Selector, int \*pUniIn)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Selector Designated Port

PORT\_UNI0 Universal Input 0

PORT\_UNI1 Universal Input 1

(I/O) int \*pUniIn Pointer to Input Status

INPUT\_OFF Input OFF INPUT\_ON Input ON

Processing Gets the input status of the designated port (Universal

Input 0, Universal Input 1).

Example1 CPL\_Ioctl m\_Ioc;

BOOL ret; int UniIn;

// Gets the input status of Universal Input 0.

ret = m\_Ioc.GetUniversalIn(PORT\_UNIO, &UniIn);

// Gets the input status of Universal Input 1.

ret = m\_Ioc.GetUniversalIn( PORT\_UNI1, &UniIn );

Example 2 BOOL ret;

int UniIn:

// Gets the input status of Universal Input 0.

ret = ::GetUniversalIn( PORT\_UNI0, &UniIn );

// Gets the input status of Universal Input 1.

ret = ::GetUniversalIn( PORT\_UNI1, &UniIn );

#### ClearUniversalIn

Call Format BOOL Clear UniversalIn (int Selector)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Selector Designated Port

PORT\_UNI0 Universal Input 0 PORT\_UNI1 Universal Input 1

Processing Clears the input status of the designated port (Universal

Input 0, Universal Input 1).

Example 1 CPL\_Ioctl m\_Ioc;

BOOL ret;

 $/\!/\, Cancels \ the \ output \ of \ Universal \ Input \ 0.$ 

ret = m\_Ioc.ClearUniversalIn( PORT\_UNI0 );

// Cancels the output of Universal Input 1.

ret = m\_Ioc.ClearUniversalIn( PORT\_UNI1 );

Example 2 BOOL ret;

// Cancels the output of Universal Input 0.

ret = ::ClearUniversalIn( PORT\_UNI0 );

// Cancels the output of Universal Input 1.

ret = ::ClearUniversalIn( PORT\_UNI1 );

#### SetUniversalInMask

Call Format BOOL SetUniversalInMask(int Selector, int Mask)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Selector Designated Port

PORT\_UNI0 Universal Input 0 PORT\_UNI1 Universal Input 1

(I/O) int Mask Masking Information

MASK\_OFF Masking disabled MASK\_ON Masking enabled

Processing Sets the masking information for the designated port

(Universal Input 0, Universal Input 1).

Example 1 CPL\_Ioctl m\_Ioc;

BOOL ret;

// Disable masking for Universal Input 0.

ret = m\_Ioc.SetUniversalInMask( PORT\_UNIO, MASK\_OFF );

// Enable masking for Universal Input 1.

ret = m\_loc.SetUniversalInMask( PORT\_UNI1, MASK\_ON );

Example 2 BOOL ret;

// Disable masking for Universal Input 0.

ret = ::SetUniversalInMask( PORT\_UNIO, MASK\_OFF );

// Enable masking for Universal Input 1.

ret = ::SetUniversalInMask( PORT\_UNI1, MASK\_ON );

#### GetUniversalInMask

Call Format BOOL GetUniversalInMask(int Selector, int \*pMask)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Selector Designated Port

PORT\_UNIO Universal Input 0

PORT\_UNI1 Universal Input 1

(I/O) int \*pMask Pointer to Masking Information

MASK\_OFF Masking disabled MASK\_ON Masking enabled

Processing Gets the masking information for the designated port

(Universal Input 0, Universal Input 1).

Example 1 CPL\_Ioctl m\_Ioc;

BOOL ret; int Mask;

// Gets the masking information for Universal input 0.

ret = m\_Ioc.GetUniversalInMask(PORT\_UNIO, &Mask);

// Gets the masking information for Universal input 1.

ret = m\_Ioc.GetUniversalInMask(PORT\_UNI1, &Mask);

Example 2 BOOL ret;

int Mask;

// Gets the masking information for Universal input 0.

ret = ::GetUniversalInMask( PORT\_UNIO, &Mask );

// Gets the masking information for Universal input 1.

ret = ::GetUniversalInMask( PORT\_UNI1, &Mask );

**SetResetMask** 

Call Format BOOL SetResetMask(int Mask)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Mask Masking Information

MASK\_OFF Masking disabled MASK\_ON Masking enabled

Processing Sets reset-masking.
Example 1 CPL\_Ioctl m\_Ioc;

BOOL ret;

// Disable reset-masking.

ret = m\_Ioc.SetResetMask( MASK\_OFF );

Example 2 BOOL ret;

// Disable reset-masking.

ret = ::SetResetMask( MASK\_OFF );

GetResetMask

Call Format BOOL GetResetMask( int \*pMask )

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I/O) int \*pMask Pointer to Masking Information

MASK\_OFF Masking disabled MASK\_ON Masking enabled

Processing Gets the current reset-masking information.

Example 1 CPL\_Ioctl m\_Ioc;

BOOL ret; int Mask;

ret = m\_Ioc.GetResetMask( &Mask );

Example 2 BOOL ret;

int Mask;

ret = ::GetResetMask( &Mask );

**SetIdeErr** 

Call Format BOOL SetIdeErr( int IdeErr )

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int IdeErr **Error Output Information** 

> IDE\_ERROR\_OFF **Error Output OFF** IDE\_ERROR\_ON Error Output ON

**Processing** Uses software control to set IDE error output.

Example 1 CPL\_Ioctl m\_Ioc;

BOOL ret;

ret = m\_Ioc.SetIdeErr( IDE\_ERROR\_OFF );

Example 2 BOOL ret;

ret = ::SetIdeErr( IDE\_ERROR\_OFF );

**GetIdeErrHard** 

Call Format BOOL GetIdeErrHard( int Selector, int \*pIdeErr )

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Selector **Parameters** 

> IDE\_ERROR\_1 IDE\_ERR1

> IDE ERROR 2 IDE ERR2

(I/O) int \*pIdeErr Pointer to Output Status

> Normal IDE\_ERROR\_OFF IDE\_ERROR\_ON Error

**Processing** Gets hardware's current IDE error signal.

Example 1 CPL\_Ioctl m\_Ioc;

> BOOL ret; int IdeErr;

// Gets the IDE\_ERR1 signal status

ret = m\_Ioc.GetIdeErrHard( IDE\_ERROR\_1, &IdeErr );

Example 2 BOOL ret;

int IdeErr;

// Gets the IDE\_ERR1 signal status

ret = ::GetIdeErrHard( IDE\_ERROR\_1, &IdeErr );

GetLightblowErr

Call Format BOOL GetLightblowErr(int \*pLightErr)

TRUE: Normal FALSE: Error

Arguments (I/O) int \*pLightErr Error Information

BACKLIGHT\_OK OK BACKLIGH\_ERR NG

Processing Gets Backlight's current burnout error output.

Example 1 CPL\_Ioctl m\_Ioc;

BOOL ret; int LightErr;

// Gets backlight's burnout condition.

ret=m\_Ioc.GetLightblowErr(&LightErr);

Example 2 BOOL ret;

int LightErr;

// Gets backlight's burnout condition.
ret=::GetLightblowErr(&LightErr);

| GetEvent     |  |                       |                           |  |
|--------------|--|-----------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Call Format  | BOOL GetEvent( int Selector, int *pEvent)  |                       |                           |  |
| Return Value | TRUE: Normal   |                       |                           |  |
|              | FALSE: Error   |                       |                           |  |
| Arguments    | (I) int Selector   | Parameters            |                           |  |
|              | E  | VENT_VOLT_CPU         | CPU core voltage          |  |
|              | E  | VENT_VOLT_P33         | +3.3 V                    |  |
|              | E  | VENT_VOLT_P50         | +5.0 V                    |  |
|              | E  | VENT_VOLT_P12         | +12 V                     |  |
|              | E  | VENT_VOLT_M12         | -12 V                     |  |
|              | E  | VENT_VOLT_M50         | -5.0 V                    |  |
|              | E  | VENT_FAN_CPU          | CPU fan                   |  |
|              | E  | VENT_FAN_POWER        | Power fan                 |  |
|              | E  | VENT_FAN_OPT          | Option fan                |  |
|              | E  | VENT_TEMP_SYSTEM      | System temperature        |  |
|              | E  | VENT_TEMP_CPU_OPT     | CPU or option temperature |  |
|              | E  | VENT_UNI_IN0          | Universal input 0         |  |
|              | E  | VENT_UNI_IN1          | Universal input 1         |  |
|              | E  | VENT_WDT_TIMEOUT      | Watchdog Timeout          |  |
|              | (I/O) int *pEvent Pointer to Error Event Information   |                       |                           |  |
|              |  | ERROR_EVENT_OFF       | Without error event       |  |
|              |  | ERROR_EVENT_ON        | With error event          |  |
| Processing   | Checks the machine for voltage, fan, and temperature errors, and the Universal Input information (event) and Watchdog Timeout error. |                       |                           |  |
| Example 1    | e 1 CPL_Ioctl m_Ioc;   |                       |                           |  |
|              | BOOL ret;  |                       |                           |  |
|              | int Event;   |                       |                           |  |
|              | // Gets the error event information for the CPU core voltage.  |                       |                           |  |
|              |  | etEvent( EVENT_VOLT_C | C                         |  |
| Example 2    | BOOL ret;  |                       |                           |  |
| *            | *  |                       |                           |  |

 $/\!/$  Gets the error event information for the CPU core voltage.

ret = ::GetEvent( EVENT\_VOLT\_CPU, &Event );

int Event;

#### ClearEvent

Call Format BOOL ClearEvent(int Selector)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Selector Designated Parameters for ClearEvent

EVENT\_VOLT\_CPU CPU core voltage
EVENT\_VOLT\_P33 +3.3 V
EVENT\_VOLT\_P50 +5.0 V
EVENT\_VOLT\_P12 +12 V
EVENT\_VOLT\_M12 -12 V

EVENT\_VOLT\_M50 -5.0 V
EVENT\_FAN\_CPU CPU fan

EVENT\_FAN\_POWER Power fan EVENT\_FAN\_OPT Option fan

EVENT\_TEMP\_SYSTEM System temperature EVENT\_TEMP\_CPU\_OPT CPU or option temperature

EVENT\_UNI\_IN0 Universal input 0
EVENT\_UNI\_IN1 Universal input 1
EVENT\_WDT\_TIMEOUT Watchdog Timeout

Processing Cancels the error event.

Example 1 CPL\_Ioctl m\_Ioc;

BOOL ret;

 $/\!/$  Cancels the error event for the CPU core voltage.

ret = m\_Ioc.ClearEvent( EVENT\_VOLT\_CPU );

Example 2 BOOL ret;

// Cancels the error event for the CPU core voltage.

ret = ::ClearEvent( EVENT\_VOLT\_CPU );

#### **StartInsideBuzzer**

Call Format BOOL StartInsideBuzzer (int hz, int ms)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int hz Buzzer frequency (Hz)

(I) int ms Buzzer length (ms)

Processing Starts the PL unit's internal buzzer, based on the designated

frequency and length.

Example 1 BOOL ret;

int hz = 600; int ms = 1000;

// PL internal buzzer will sound at 600MHz for 1 second.

ret = m\_Ioc.StartInsideBuzzer ( hz, ms );

Example 2 BOOL ret;

int hz = 600; int ms = 1000;

// PL internal buzzer will sound at 600MHz for 1 second.

ret = ::StartInsideBuzzer (hz, ms);



This feature cannot be used with a PL running WindowsNT® 4.0 or Windows® 2000 due to the use of Windows® 98 functions.

#### **StopInsideBuzzer**

Call Format BOOL StopInsideBuzzer (void)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments None.

Processing Stops the PL unit's internal buzzer.

Example 1 CPL\_Ioctl m\_loc;

BOOL ret;

// Stops PL internal buzzer.

ret = m\_Ioc.StopInsideBuzzer();

Example 2 BOOL ret;

//Stops PL internal buzzer.
ret = ::StopInsideBuzzer();



This feature cannot be used with a PL running WindowsNT® 4.0 or Windows® 2000 due to the use of Windows® 98 functions.

#### ChkInsideBuzzer

Call Format BOOL ChkInsideBuzzer (int \*BuzzerParam)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I/O) int \*BuzzerParam Buzzer Status Pointer

BUZZER\_ON Buzzer is ON

BUZZER\_OFF Buzzer is OFF

Processing Checks the buzzer's operation status.

Example 1 CPL\_Ioctl m\_loc;

BOOL ret;

int BuzzerParam;

// Checks buzzer status.

ret = m\_Ioc.ChkInsideBuzzer(&BuzzerParam);

Example 2 BOOL ret;

// Checks buzzer status.

ret = ::ChkInsideBuzzer(&BuzzerParam);



This feature cannot be used with a PL unit running WindowsNT® 4.0 or Windows® 2000, due to the use of Windows® 98 functions.

## GetWdtTimeout

Call Format BOOL GetWdtTimeout(int \*pTimebuf)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I/O) int \*pTimebuf Pointer to Watchdog Status

TIMEOUT\_OK Not timeout
TIMEOUT ERROR Now timeout

Processing Gets watchdog timeout status.

Example 1 CPL\_Ioctl m\_Ioc;

BOOL ret; int Timebuf;

// Gets watchdog timeout status.

ret = Gm\_Ioc.GetWdtTimeout( &Timebuf );

Example 2 BOOL ret;

int Timebuf;

// Gets watchdog timeout status.
ret = ::GetWdtTimeout( &Timebuf );

## ClearWdtTimeout

Call Format BOOL ClearWdtTimeout(void)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments None

Processing Clears the watchdog timeout status.

Example 1 CPL\_Ioctl m\_Ioc;

BOOL ret;

// Clears the watchdog timeout status.

ret = m\_Ioc.GetWdtTimeout();

Example 2 BOOL ret;

// Clears the watchdog timeout status.

ret = ::GetWdtTimeout();

## **SetWarningDOUT**

Call Format BOOL SetWarningDOUT(int WarningOut)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int WarningOut Output status

OUTPUT\_OFF Output OFF

OUTPUT\_ON Output ON

Processing Sets alarm status of DOUT.

Example 1 CPL\_Ioctl m\_Ioc;

BOOL ret;

// Sets DOUT output status to OFF.

ret = m\_Ioc.SetWarningDOUT( OUTPUT\_OFF );

Example 2 BOOL ret;

// Sets DOUT output status to OFF.

ret = ::SetWarningDOUT( OUTPUT\_OFF );

**GetWarningDOUT** 

Call Format BOOL GetWarningDOUT(int \*pWarningOUT)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I/O) int \*pWarningOut Pointer to Output Status

OUTPUT\_OFF Output OFF
OUTPUT\_ON Output ON

OUTPUT\_ON Outp

Processing Gets alarm status of DOUT.

Example 1 CPL\_Ioctl m\_Ioc;

BOOL ret;

int WarningOut;

// Gets alarm status of DOUT.

ret = m\_Ioc.GetWarningDOUT( &WarningOut );

Example 2 BOOL ret;

int WarningOut;

// Gets alarm status of DOUT.

ret = ::GetWarningDOUT( &WarningOut );

## **GetSmiDrvHandle**

Call Format int GetSmiDrvHandle(void)

Return Value 0: Normal

1:Error

Arguments NONE

Processing Gets device driver handle for communication with Software

Mirroring device driver.

Example 1 CPL\_SmiIoctl m\_SmiIoc;

BOOL ret;

// Gets Software Mirroring driver handle.

ret=m\_SmiIoc.GetSmiDrvHandle();

Example 2 BOOL ret;

// Gets Software Mirroring driver handle.

ret=::GetSmiDrvHandle();



When the Software Mirroring Driver is not loaded, an error is returned.

## CloseSmiDrvHandle

Call Format BOOLCloseSmiDrvHandle(void)

Return Value True: Normal

False: Error

Arguments NONE

Processing Destroys handle created in GetSmiDrvHandle.

Example 1 CPL\_SmiIoctl m\_SmiIoc;

BOOL ret;

// Destroys Software Mirroring driver handle.

ret=m\_SmiIoc.CloseSmiDrvHandle();

Example 2 BOOL ret;

// Destroys Software Mirroring driver handle.

ret=::CloseSmiDrvHandle();

## **GetSmiAryStatus**

Call Format BOOL GetSmiAryStatus(int \*pStatus)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I/O) int \*pStatus Pointer to Mirroring Status

ARYSTAT\_GOOD Good

ARYSTAT\_UNCONFIG Unconfigured
ARYSTAT\_REBUILD Rebuilding
ARYSTAT\_REDUCE Reduced
ARYSTAT DEAD Dead

Processing Gets Software Mirroring status.

Example 1 CPL\_SmiIoctl m\_Smiloc;

BOOL ret; int Status;

// Gets Software Mirroring status.

ret=m\_Smiloc.GetSmiAryStatus(&Status);

Example 2 BOOL ret;

int Status;

// Gets Software Mirroring status.
ret = ::GetSmiAryStatus(&Status);

#### **GetSmiDevStatus**

Call Format BOOL GetSmiDevStatus(int Id ,int \*pType ,int \*pStatus)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int Id Device ID

0 : Master HDD 1 : Slave HDD

(I/O int\* pType Device Type

ATADEVICE ATA DEVICE
ATAPIDEVICE CD-ROM

NODEVICE No DEVICE

(I/O) int\* pStatus Device Status

DEVSTAT\_GOOD Good

DEVSTAT\_NOTEXIST No DEVICE DEVSTAT\_BROKEN BROKEN

Processing Gets Device Status of software mirroring.

Example 1 CPL\_SmiIoctl m\_SmiIoc;

BOOL ret;

int Id, Type, Status;
// Gets device status.

Id = 0;

ret = m\_SmiIoc.GetSmiDevStatus(ID,&Type,&Status);

Example 2 BOOL ret;

int Id, Type, Status;
// Gets device status.

Id = 0;

ret = ::GetSmiDevStatus(ID,&Type,&Status);

# A.7.7 Visual Basic Functions

| Function Name      | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| Initloct           | Creates a CPL_loctl object                                   |
| Endloct            | Destroys a CPL_loctl object                                  |
| GetDrvHandle       | Gets the driver handle                                       |
| CloseDrvHandle     | Destroys the driver handle                                   |
| GetDrvVersion      | Gets the driver version                                      |
| GetMonitorSetup    | Gets the enabled/disabled monitor settings                   |
| GetVoltParam       | Gets the voltage monitoring parameters                       |
| GetCurrentVolt     | Gets the current value of the voltage                        |
| GetFanParam        | Gets the parameters for monitoring the FAN                   |
| GetCurrentFan      | Gets the current value of the FAN                            |
| GetTempParam       | Gets the parameters for monitoring the temperature           |
| GetCurrentTemp     | Gets the current value of the temperature                    |
| GetWdtCounter      | Gets the watchdog timer counter                              |
| SetWdtMask         | Sets the watchdog timer counter time-out status warning mask |
| GetWdtMask         | Gets the watchdog timer counter time-out status warning mask |
| StartWdt           | Starts the watchdog timer                                    |
| StopWdt            | Stops the watchdog timer                                     |
| RestartWdt         | Restarts the watchdog timer                                  |
| RunningWdt         | Gets the watchdog status                                     |
| SetWarningOut      | Sets the warning output                                      |
| GetWarningOut      | Gets the warning output                                      |
| GetUniversalIn     | Gets the universal input                                     |
| ClearUniversalIn   | Clears the universal input latch                             |
| SetUniversalInMask | Sets the universal input mask                                |
| GetUniversalInMask | Gets the universal input mask                                |
| SetResetMask       | Sets the reset mask  |
| GetResetMask       | Gets the reset mask  |
| SetIdeErr          | Sets the mirroring error (software error)                    |
| GetldeErrHard      | Gets the mirroring error (hardware error)                    |
| GetEvent           | Gets an error event  |
| ClearEvent         | Clears an error event  |
| StartInsideBuzzer  | Starts PL internal buzzer                                    |
| StopInsideBuzzer   | Stops PL internal buzzer                                     |
| ChkInsideBuzzer    | Checks PL internal buzzer                                    |
| GetWdtTimeout      | Gets the time-out status of the watchdog timer               |
| ClearWdtTimeout    | Clear the time-out status of the watchdog timer              |
| SetWarningDOUT     | Sets the warning output DOUT                                 |
| GetWarningDOUT     | Gets the warning output DOUT                                 |
| GetSmiDrvHandle    | Gets Software Mirroring driver handle                        |
| CloseSmiDrvhandle  | Destroys Software Mirroring driver handle                    |
| GetSmiAryStatus    | Gets status of Software Mirroring Array                      |
| GetSmiDevStatus    | Gets status of Software Mirroring Device                     |

## A.7.8 Visual Basic Function Specifications (Details)

**InitIoctl** 

Call format Declare Sub InitIoctl Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll" ()

Return value None Argument None

Processing Creates a CPL\_Ioctl object. The created object will not

be released until the "EndIoctl" function is called.

Example InitIoctl()

**EndIoctl** 

Call format Declare Sub EndIoctl Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll" ()

Return value None Argument None

Processing Destroys the object created with the "InitIoctl" function.

Example EndIoctl()

**GetDrvHandle** 

Call format Declare Function GetDrvHandle Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll"

(ByRef hndl As Long) As Long

Return value 0: Normal

1: Error

Argument hndl As Long Device driver handle (pass by reference)

Processing Gets the device driver handle to exchange information

with the device driver.

Example Dim ret As Long

Dim hndl As Long

ret = GetDrvHandle(hndl)



An error will result if the system monitor/RAS device driver is not operating.

CloseDrvHandle

Call format Declare Function CloseDrvHandle Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll"() As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument None

Processing Destroys the handle acquired with the "GetDrvHandle" function.

Example Dim ret As Long

// Destroy handle

ret = CloseDrvHandle()

## **GetDrvVersion**

Call format Declare Function GetDrv Version Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll"

(ByRef Major As Long, ByRef Minor As Long) As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument Major As Long Version data (Major, 0 to 99) (pass by reference)

Minor As Long Version data (Major, 0 to 99) (pass by reference)

Processing Gets the driver version.

Example Dim ret As Long

Dim Major As Long Dim Minor As Long

ret = GetDrvVersion(Major, Minor)



When the version is 1.10,

Major:1 (Decimal) Minor:10 (Decimal)

## **GetMonitorSetup**

Call format Declare Function GetMonitorSetup Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll"

(ByVal Selector As Long, ByRef Setup As Long) As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument Selector As Long Parameters (pass by value)

MONITOR\_VOLT\_CPU CPU Core voltage

MONITOR\_VOLT\_P33 +3.3V MONITOR\_VOLT\_P50 +5.0V MONITOR\_VOLT\_P12 +12V MONITOR\_VOLT\_M12 -12V MONITOR\_VOLT\_M50 -5.0V

MONITOR\_TEMP\_SYSTEM SYSTEM Temp.

MONITOR\_TEMP\_CPU CPU Temp.

MONITOR\_TEMP\_OPT OPTION Temp.

MONITOR\_FAN\_CPU CPU FAN
MONITOR FAN POWER POWER FAN

MONITOR\_FAN\_OPT OPTION FAN

Setup As Long Get data (pass by reference)

0:Disable 1:Enable

Processing Gets the current enabled/disabled monitor status.

Example Dim ret As Long

Dim Setup As Long

// Get the setup status of the CPU core voltage

ret = GetMonitorSetup(MONITOR\_VOLT\_CPU, Setup)

**GetVoltParam** 

Call format Declare Function GetVoltParam Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll"

(ByVal Selector As Long, ByRef ULimit As Long, ByRef

LLimit As Long) As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument Selector As Long Parameters (pass by value)

MONITOR\_VOLT\_CPU CPU Core voltage

MONITOR\_VOLT\_P33 +3.3V MONITOR\_VOLT\_P50 +5.0V MONITOR\_VOLT\_P12 +12V MONITOR\_VOLT\_M12 -12V MONITOR\_VOLT\_M50 -5.0V

Ulimit As Long Voltage value upper limit (unit: mV)

(pass by reference)

LLimitAsLong Voltage value lower limit (unit: mV)

(pass by reference)

Processing Gets the voltag monitoring parameter.

Example Dim ret As Long

Dim ULimit As Long
Dim LLimit As Long

// Get the upper/lower limit of the CPU core voltage value ret=GetVoltParam(MONITOR\_VOLT\_CPU,ULimit,LLimit)



Since the data received from this function is in mV units, the following conversion is needed for use in (Volt) units:

Data in Volt unit = Data in mV unit/1000

**GetCurrentVolt** 

Call format Declare Function GetCurrentVolt Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll"

(By Val Selector As Long, By Ref Data As Long) As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument Selector As Long Parameters (pass by value)

> CPU Core voltage MONITOR\_VOLT\_CPU

MONITOR\_VOLT\_P33 +3.3VMONITOR VOLT P50 +5.0VMONITOR\_VOLT\_P12 +12VMONITOR\_VOLT\_M12 -12V MONITOR\_VOLT\_M50 -5.0V

Data As Long Voltage value (unit: mV) (pass by reference)

**Processing** Gets the current voltage value.

Example Dim ret As Long

Dim Data As Long

// Get the CPU core voltage value.

ret = GetCurrentVolt(MONITOR\_VOLT\_CPU, Data)

Since the data received from this function is in mV units, the following conversion is needed for use in (Volt) units:

Data in Volt unit = Data in mV unit/1000

## **GetFanParam**

Call format Declare Function GetFanParam Lib "PL Ioc.dll"

(ByVal Selector As Long, ByRef LLimit As Long) As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument Selector As Long Parameters (pass by value)

> MONITOR FAN CPU **CPU FAN** MONITOR\_FAN\_POWER POWER FAN

> MONITOR\_FAN\_OPT **OPTION FAN**

**LLimitAsLong** CPU FAN revolution lower limit value

> (unit: RPM) (pass by value) (RPM: revolutions per minute)

**Processing** Gets the parameter for monitoring the FAN.

Example Dim ret As Long

Dim LLimit As Long

// Get the CPU FAN lower limit rpm value

ret = GetFanParam( MONITOR\_FAN\_CPU, LLimit )

**GetCurrentFan** 

Call format Declare Function GetCurrentFan Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll"

(ByVal Selector As Long, ByRef Data As Long) As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument Selector As Long Parameters (pass by value)

MONITOR\_FAN\_CPU CPU FAN
MONITOR\_FAN\_POWER POWER FAN
MONITOR\_FAN\_OPT OPTION FAN

Data As Long CPU FAN revolution lower limit value

(unit: RPM) (pass by reference) (RPM: revolutions per minute)

Processing Gets the current FAN rpm.

Example Dim ret As Long

Dim Data As Long

// Get the number of revolutions of the CPU FAN ret = GetCurrentFan( MONITOR\_FAN\_CPU, Data )

**GetTempParam** 

Call format Declare Function GetTempParam Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll"

(By Val Selector As Long, By Ref ULimit As Long) As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument Selector As Long Get parameter (pass by value)

MONITOR\_TEMP\_SYSTEM SYSTEM temp.

MONITOR\_TEMP\_CPU CPU temp.

MONITOR TEMP OPT OPTION temp.

Ulimit As Long Temperature upper limit (unit: °C)

(pass by reference)

Processing Gets the parameter for monitoring the temperature.

Example Dim ret As Long

Dim ULimit As Long

// Gets the upper limit of SYSTEM temperature

ret=GetTempParam(MONITOR\_TEMP\_SYSTEM, ULimit)

**GetCurrentTemp** 

Call format Declare Function GetCurrentTemp Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll"

(ByVal Selector As Long, ByRef Data As Long) As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument Selector As Long Parameters (pass by value)

MONITOR\_TEMP\_SYSTEM SYSTEM temp.

MONITOR\_TEMP\_CPU CPU temp.

MONITOR\_TEMP\_OPT OPTION temp.

Data As Long Temperature value (unit: °C)

(pass by reference)

Processing Gets the current temperature value.

Example Dim ret As Long

Dim Data As Long

// Get the current value of SYSTEM temperature

ret = GetCurrentTemp( MONITOR\_TEMP\_SYSTEM, Data )

**GetWdtCounter** 

Call format Declare Function GetWdtCounter Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll"

(ByVal Counter As Long) As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument Counter As Long The initial counter value of the watchdog timer

(pass by value) (unit: second)

Processing Gets the initial counter value of the current watchdog timer.

Example Dim ret As Long

Dim Counter As Long

ret = GetWdtCounter(Counter)

SetWdtMask

Call format Declare Function SetWdtMask Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll"

(ByVal Selector As Long, ByVal Mask As Long) As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument Selector As Long Setup items (pass by value)

> WARNING\_LAMP LAMP WARNING\_ALARM ALARM

Mask As Long Mask data (pass by value)

> MASK OFF Release mask

MASK ON Mask

Processing Sets the warning mask to be output when a watchdog timer

time-out occurs.

Example Dim ret As Long

// Mask the LAMP output

ret = SetWdtMask( WARNING LAMP, MASK ON )

// Release the mask for the ALARM output

ret = SetWdtMask( WARNING\_ALARM, MASK\_OFF )

GetWdtMask

Call format Declare Function GetWdtMask Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll"

(ByVal Selector As Long, ByRef Mask As Long) As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument Selector As Long Setup items (pass by reference)

> WARNING LAMP LAMP

WARNING ALARM ALARM

Mask As Long (pass by reference)

> MASK\_OFF Release the mask

MASK\_ON Mask

**Processing** Gets the WDT timeout warning output mask data.

Example Dim ret As Long

Dim Mask As Long

// Gets LAMP mask data

ret = GetWdtMask( WARNING\_LAMP, Mask )

// Gets ALARM mask data

ret = GetWdtMask( WARNING ALARM, Mask )

## **StartWdt**

Call format Declare Function StartWdt Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll" () As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument None

Processing Stops the WDT countdown.

Example Dim ret As Long

ret = StartWdt()

## StopWdt

Call format Declare Function StopWdt Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll" () As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument None

Processing Stops the WDT countdown.

Example Dim ret As Long

ret = StopWdt()

## RestartWdt

Call format Declare Function RestartWdt Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll" () As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument None

Processing Resets the initial value of the watchdog timer to the default

value, and restarts the countdown.

Example Dim ret As Long

ret = RestartWdt()



RestartWdt can only be used after the StartWdt countdown has started.If RestartWdt is used after the timeout,it should be after ClearWdtTimeout has used to clear the timeout condition and after StartWdt has started the countdown.

RunningWdt

Call format Declare Function Running Wdt Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll"

(ByRef RunFlag As Long) As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument RunFlag As Long Operating status of the watchdog timer

(pass by reference)

WATCHDOG\_STOP Stopped

WATCHDOG\_COUNTDOWN Counting down

Processing Gets the operating status of the watchdog timer.

Example Dim ret As Long

Dim RunFlag As Long

ret = RunningWdt(RunFlag)

**SetWarningOut** 

Call format Declare Function SetWarningOut Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll"

(ByVal Selector As Long, ByVal WarnOut As Long) As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument Selector As Long Setting items (pass by value)

WARNING\_LAMP
WARNING\_ALARM ALARM

WarnOut As Long Output condition (pass by value)

OUTPUT\_OFF Output OFF
OUTPUT\_ON Output ON

Processing Sets warning data for the setup items (LAMP and ALARM).

Example Dim ret As Long

// Set the output status of the LAMP to ON

ret = SetWarningOut( WARNING\_LAMP, OUTPUT\_ON )

// Set the output status of the ALARM to OFF

ret = SetWarningOut( WARNING\_ALARM, OUTPUT\_OFF)

**GetWarningOut** 

Call format Declare Function GetWarningOut Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll"

(ByVal Selector As Long, ByRef WarnOut As Long) As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument Selector As Long Setting items (pass by value)

WARNING\_LAMP LAMP WARNING\_ALARM ALARM

WarnOut As Long Output condition (pass by reference)

OUTPUT\_OFF Output OFF
OUTPUT\_ON Output ON

Processing Gets the current warning status of the setup items

(LAMP and ALARM).

Example Dim ret As Long

Dim WarnOut As Long

// Gets the output status of the LAMP

ret = GetWarningOut( WARNING\_LAMP, WarnOut )

// Get the output status of the ALARM

ret = GetWarningOut( WARNING\_ALARM, WarnOut )

GetUniversalIn

Call format Declare Function GetUniversalIn Lib "PL Ioc.dll"

(ByVal Selector As Long, ByRef UniIn As Long) As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument Selector As Long Designated port (pass by value)

PORT\_UNIO Universal Input 0
PORT\_UNI1 Universal Input 1
Input status (pass by reference)

UniIn As Long Input status (pass by reference)

INPUT\_OFF No input INPUT\_ON Input

Processing Gets the input status of the designated port

(Universal Input 0 and Universal Input 1).

Example Dim ret As Long

Dim UniIn As Long

// Get the input status of the Universal Input 0
ret = GetUniversalIn( PORT\_UNIO, UniIn )
// Get the input status of the Universal Input 1
ret = GetUniversalIn( PORT\_UNI1, UniIn )

## ClearUniversalIn

Call format Declare Function Clear Universal In Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll"

(ByVal Selector As Long) As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument Selector As Long Designated port (pass by value)

PORT\_UNI0 Universal Input 0
PORT\_UNI1 Universal Input 1

Processing Clears the input status of the designated port

(Universal Input 0 and Universal Input 1).

Example Dim ret As Long

// Clear the input status of Universal Input 0
ret = ClearUniversalIn( PORT\_UNI0 )
// Clear the input status of Universal Input 1
ret = ClearUniversalIn( PORT\_UNI1 )

## **SetUniversalInMask**

Call format Declare Function SetUniversalInMask Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll"

(ByVal Selector As Long, ByVal Mask As Long) As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument Selector As Long Designated port (pass by value)

PORT\_UNI0 Universal Input 0
PORT\_UNI1 Universal Input 1

Mask As Long Mask data (pass by value)

MASK\_OFF Clear mask

MASK\_ON Mask

Processing Sets the masking information of the designated ports

(Universal Input 0 and Universal Input 1).

Example Dim ret As Long

// Release the masking for Universal Input 0

ret = SetUniversalInMask( PORT\_UNI0, MASK\_OFF )

// Mask Universal Input 1

ret = SetUniversalInMask( PORT\_UNI1, MASK\_ON )

#### GetUniversalInMask

Call format Declare Function GetUniversalInMask Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll"

(ByVal Selector As Long, ByRef Mask As Long) As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument Selector As Long Designated port (pass by value)

PORT\_UNI0 Universal Input 0
PORT\_UNI1 Universal Input 1

Mask As Long Mask data (pass by reference)

MASK OFF Release mask

MASK ON Mask

Processing Gets the masking information of the subject ports

(Universal Input 0 and Universal Input 1).

Example Dim ret As Long

Dim Mask As Long

// Get the masking information for Universal Input 0
ret = GetUniversalInMask( PORT\_UNIO, Mask )
// Get the masking information for Universal Input 1
ret = GetUniversalInMask( PORT\_UNI1, Mask )

## **SetResetMask**

Call format Declare Function SetResetMask Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll"

(ByVal Mask As Long) As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument Mask As Long Mask data (pass by value)

MASK\_OFF Release mask

MASK\_ON Mask

Processing Sets the reset mask.

Example Dim ret As Long

// Releases the reset mask

ret = SetResetMask( MASK OFF )

GetResetMask

Call format Declare Function GetResetMask Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll"

(ByRef Mask As Long) As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument Mask As Long Mask data (pass by reference)

MASK\_OFF Release mask

MASK\_ON Mask

Processing Gets the current reset mask information.

Example Dim ret As Long

Dim Mask As Long

ret = GetResetMask( Mask )

**SetIdeErr** 

Call format Declare Function SetIdeErr Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll"

(ByVal IdeErr As Long) As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument IdeErr As Long Error output data (pass by reference)

IDE\_ERROR\_OFF Disables error output IDE\_ERROR\_ON Enables error output

Processing Uses software control to set the IDE error output.

Example Dim ret As Long

// Set the system to disable the IDE error output

ret = SetIdeErr( IDE\_ERROR\_OFF )

**GetIdeErrHard** 

Call format Declare Function GetIdeErrHard Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll"

(By Val Selector As Long, ByRef IdeErr As Long) As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument Selector As Long Get parameter (pass by value)

IDE\_ERROR\_1 IDE\_ERR1 IDE\_ERROR\_2 IDE\_ERR2

IdeErr As Long Error signal (pass by reference)

IDE\_ERROR\_OFF Normal IDE\_ERROR\_ON Error

Processing Gets the current IDE error signal output by the hardware.

Example Dim ret As Long

Dim IdeErr As Long

// Gets the IDE ERR1 signal

ret = GetIdeErrHard( IDE\_ERROR\_1, IdeErr )

GetLightblowErr

Call format Declare Function GetLightblowErr Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll"

(ByRef LightblowErr As Long) As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument LightblowErr As Long Error data (pass by reference)

BACKLIGHT\_OK Normal BACKLIGHT\_ERR Error

Processing Gets the current backlight error information.

Example Dim ret As Long

Dim LightblowErr As Long

// Gets the backlight error information. ret = GetLightblowErr(LightblowErr)

## **GetEvent**

Call format Declare Function GetEvent Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll"

(ByVal Selector As Long, ByRef Event As Long) As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument Selector As Long Parameters (pass by value)

EVENT\_VOLT\_CPU CPU core voltage

EVENT\_VOLT\_P33 +3.3V EVENT\_VOLT\_P50 +5.0V EVENT\_VOLT\_P12 +12V EVENT\_VOLT\_M12 -12V EVENT\_VOLT\_M50 -5.0V

EVENT\_FAN\_CPU CPU FAN
EVENT\_FAN\_POWER POWER FAN

EVENT\_FAN\_OPT OPTION FAN EVENT\_TEMP\_SYSTEM SYSTEM temp.

EVENT\_UNI\_IN0 Universal Input 0
EVENT\_UNI\_IN1 Universal Input 1
EVENT\_WDT\_TIMEOUT Wetchdog Timeout

EVENT\_WDT\_TIMEOUT Watchdog Timeout

Event As Long Error event data (pass by reference)

ERROR\_EVENT\_OFF No error event ERROR\_EVENT\_ON Error event

Processing Checks for the irregularities in the machine voltage, FAN,

and temperature, Universal Input function (event) data, and

WatchDog Timeout data.

Example Dim ret As Long

Dim Event As Long

// Gets the error event data of the CPU core voltage

ret = GetEvent( EVENT\_VOLT\_CPU, Event )

ClearEvent

Call format Declare Function Clear Event Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll"

(ByVal Selector As Long) As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument Selector As Long Designated error event cancel parameters

(pass by value)

EVENT\_VOLT\_CPU CPU core voltage

EVENT\_VOLT\_P33 +3.3V EVENT\_VOLT\_P50 +5.0V EVENT\_VOLT\_P12 +12V EVENT\_VOLT\_M12 -12V EVENT\_VOLT\_M50 -5.0V

EVENT\_FAN\_CPU CPU FAN

EVENT\_FAN\_POWER POWER FAN EVENT\_FAN\_OPT OPTION FAN

EVENT\_TEMP\_SYSTEM System temp.

EVENT\_TEMP\_CPU\_OPT CPU or OPTION temp.

EVENT\_UNI\_IN0 Universal Input0
EVENT\_UNI\_IN1 Universal Input1
EVENT\_WDT\_TIMEOUT Watchdog Timeout

Processing Cancels the error event.

Example Dim ret As Long

// Cancels the error event.

ret = ClearEvent( EVENT\_VOLT\_CPU )

## StartInsideBuzzer

Call format Declare Function StartInsideBuzzer Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll"

(ByVal hz As Long, ByVal ms As Long) As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument hz As Long Buzzer frequency (pass by value)

ms As Long Buzzer sound period (pass by value)

Processing Triggers the internal buzzer to sound at the specified

frequency and for the specified period.

Example 1 Dim ret As Long

Dim hz As Long Dim ms As Long

// Sound the buzzer for 1 second at 600 Hz

hz = 600ms = 1000

ret = StartInsideBuzzer( hz, ms)



This feature cannot be used with a PL running WindowsNT® 4.0 or Windows® 2000 due to the use of Windows® 98 functions.

## StopInsideBuzzer

Call format Declare Function StopInsideBuzzer Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll" () As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument None

Processing Stops the internal buzzer.

Example Dim ret As Long

// Stops the internal Buzzer.
ret = StopInsideBuzzer()



This feature cannot be used with a PL running WindowsNT $^{\circ}$  4.0 or Windows $^{\circ}$  2000 due to the use of Windows $^{\circ}$  98 functions.

ChkInsideBuzzer

Call format Declare Function ChkInsideBuzzer Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll"

(ByRef buff As Long) As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument BuzzerParam As Long Buzzer status (pass by reference)

BUZZER\_ON Buzzer is ON
BUZZER\_OFF Buzzer is OFF

Processing Checks for the ON/OFF status of the internal buzzer.

Example Dim ret As Long

Dim BuzzerParam As Long
// Checks the buzzer status

ret = ChkInsideBuzzer( BuzzerParam )



This feature cannot be used with a PL running WindowsNT® 4.0 or Windows® 2000 due to the use of Windows® 98 functions.

## GetWdtTimeout

Call format Declare Function GetWdtTimeout Lib "L\_Ioc.dll"

(ByRef Timebuf As Long) As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument Timebuf As Long WDT status (pass by reference)

Processing Gets the watchdog timeout status.

Example Dim ret As Long

Dim Timebuf As Long

// Gets the timeout status of the watchdog.

ret = GetWdtTimeout( Timebuf )

## ClearWdtTimeout

Call format Declare Function ClearWdtTimeout Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll () As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument None

Processing Clears the timeout status of the watchdog.

Example Dim ret As Long

// Clear the timeout status of the watchdog.

ret = ClearWdtTimeout()

## **SetWarningDOUT**

Call format Declare Function SetWarningDOUT Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll"

(ByVal WarningOut As Long) As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument WarningOut As Long Output status (pass by value)

OUTPUT\_OFF Output OFF
OUTPUT\_ON Output ON

Processing Sets the warning status of the current setup item (DOUT).

Example Dim ret As Long

// Set the output status of DOUT to OFF.
ret = SetWarningDOUT( OUTPUT\_OFF )

## GetWarningDOUT

Call format Declare Function GetWarningDOUT Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll"

(ByRef WarningOut As Long) As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument WarningOut As Long Output status (pass by reference)

OUTPUT\_OFF Output OFF
OUTPUT\_ON Output ON

Processing Gets the warning status of the current setup item (DOUT).

Example 1 Dim ret As Long

Dim WarningOut As Long

ret = GetWarningDOUT( WarningOut )

#### **GetSmiDrvHandle**

Call format Declare Function GetSmiDrvHandle Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll" () As Long

Return value 0: Normal

1: Error

Argument None

Processing Gets the device driver handle to exchange information with

the software mirroring device driver.

Example 1 Dim ret As Long

ret = GetSmiDrvHandle()



An error will occur if the software mirroring device driver is not running.

#### CloseSmiDrvHandle

Call format Declare Function CloseSmiDrvHandle Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll" () As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument None

Processing Destroys the handle acquired with the "GetSmiDrvHandle" function.

Example Dim ret As Long

// Destroys the handle.

ret = CloseSmiDrvHandle()

## **GetSmiAryStatus**

Call format Declare Function GetSmiAryStatus Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll"

(ByRef Status As Long) As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument Status As Long Software mirroring status (pass by reference)

ARYSTAT\_GOOD Normal

ARYSTAT\_UNCONFIG Not configured
ARYSTAT\_REBUILD Being reduced
ARYSTAT\_REDUCE Being reduced

ARYSTAT\_DEAD Mirror status destroyed

Processing Gets the status of the software mirroring feature.

Example Dim ret As Long

Dim Status As Long

// Get the status of the software mirroring feature.

ret = GetSmiAryStatus(Status)

#### **GetSmiDevStatus**

Call format Declare Function GetSmiDevStatus Lib "PL\_Ioc.dll"

(ByVal Id As Long, ByRef Type As Long, ByRef Status As

Long) As Long

Return value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Argument Id As Long Device ID (pass by value)

0 : Master HDD 1 : Slave HDD

Type As Long Device type (pass by reference)

ATADEVICE ATA type device

ATAPIDEVICE CD-ROM NODEVICE No device

Status As Long Device status (pass by reference)

DEVSTAT\_GOOD Normal

DEVSTAT\_NOTEXIST Not connected DEVSTAT\_BROKEN Device failure

Processing Gets the device status of the software mirroring feature.

Example Dim ret As Long

Dim Id As Long
Dim Type As Long
Dim Status As Long

// Gets the device status of the software mirroring feature.

Id = 0

ret = GetSmiDevStatus( Id, Type, Status )

# Memo

# A.8 Backlight Control API-DLL

# A.8.1 Operation Environment

The following information explains the Dynamic Link Libraries used by the backlight control feature on a PL-5900 Series unit.

API-DLLs provide the interface for applications to access the System Monitor/RAS feature (System Monitor/RAS Device Driver). Applications can use DLLs to access the following feature.

1. Backlight Control ON/OFF

# **■** Compatible Operating Systems

The API-DLLs contained on the PL unit's CD-ROM are compatible with the following OS types.

- Microsoft® Windows®98 Second Edition
- Microsoft® WindowsNT®4.0 (Windows Service Pack 3 or higher)
- Microsoft® Windows®2000

Each OS must use its corresponding Backlight Control Device.

# **■** Compatible Languages

- Microsoft® Visual C
- Microsoft® Visual C++
- Microsoft® Visual Basic

# **♦** Required Files

The following files are required when using DLLs. Each language requires its own set of files.

## • Visual C

| File Name    | Description                                |
|--------------|--|
| PL_BLIocif.h | Driver interface definition "include" file |
| PL_BLIoc.LIB | Library definition file                    |
| PL_BLIoc.dll | Dynamic link library file                  |

## • Visual C++

| File Name     | Description                                  |
|---------------|--|
| PL_BLIocif.h  | Driver interface definition "include" file   |
| PL_BLIocall.h | CPL_BLIocall class definition "include" file |
| PL_BLIoctl.h  | CPL_BLIoctl class definition "include" file  |
| PL_BLIoc.LIB  | Library definition file                      |
| PL_BLIoc.dll  | Dynamic Link library file                    |

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;#include header files should be "included" in the following order.

#include PL\_BLIocif.h

#include PL\_BLIoctl.h

PL\_BLIocall.h is automatically included, and does not need to be directly designated.

## • Visual Basic

| File Name    | Description                      |
|--------------|----------------------------------|
| PL_BLIoc.bas | Driver interface definition file |
| PL_BLIoc.LIB | Library definition file          |
| PL_BLIoc.dll | Dynamic link library file        |

# **■** Dynamic Link Library (DLL)

In order for an application to use PL\_BLIoc.dll, it should be copied to the following folder.

| OS   | Location          |
|--|-------------------|
| Windows <sup>®</sup> 98                              | C:\Windows\System |
| WindowsNT <sup>®</sup> 4.0/Windows <sup>®</sup> 2000 | C:\Winnt\System32 |

## A.8.2 Class Contents

## **■** CPL\_BLIoctl Class

This class is used to set the parameters for device driver access using CPL\_BLIoctl class.

| Key Word | Type   | Variable Name | Description          |
|----------|--------|---------------|----------------------|
| public   | HANDLE | m_Drvhandle   | Device driver handle |

# **■** CPL\_BLIocal Class

This uses the parameters set in CPL\_BLIoctl, and calls up DeviceIoControl (Driver Access function).

However, since this class succeeds CPL\_BLIoctl, it cannot be used directly.

| Key Word     | Туре                   | Variable Name | Description            |
|--------------|------------------------|---------------|------------------------|
| public       | HANDLE                 | m_h           | Device driver handle   |
| public       | LONG                   | m_long        | Control code for       |
| public       | LONG                   |               | action to perform      |
| public       | void *                 | m_ibp         | Input data buffer      |
| public       | voia                   |               | address                |
| public       | ULONG                  | m_ibsize      | Input data buffer size |
| public       | public void *          |               | Output data buffer     |
| public       | voia                   | m_obp         | address                |
| public ULONG |                        | m obcizo      | Output data buffer     |
| public       | ULUNG                  | m_obsize      | size                   |
| nublic       | public DWORD m_retsize |               | Address for actual     |
| public       |                        |               | no. of output bytes    |
| nublic       | LPOVERLAPPED           | m outn        | Address of overlap     |
| public       | LFUVERLAPPED           | m_ovlp        | design                 |

## A.8.3 Visual C Functions

| Function Name   | Description                         |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|
| InitBLIoct      | Creates the CPL_BLIoctl object      |
| EndBLloct       | Destroys the CPL_BLloctl object     |
| GetBLDrvHandle  | Gets the driver handle              |
| GetBLDrvVersion | Gets the driver version             |
| SetBLControl    | Sets the backlight control values   |
| GetBLControl    | Gets the backlight control settings |

# A.8.4 Visual C Function Specifications (Details)

## **InitBLIoctl**

Call Format void WINAPI InitBLIoctl( void )

Return Value None Arguments None

Processing Creates a CPL\_BLIoctl object. The object once created is not

destroyed until the EndBLIoctl function is called.

Example InitBLIoctl();

## **EndBLIoctl**

Call Format void WINAPI EndBLIoctl( void )

Return Value None Arguments None

Processing Destroys the object created using the InitBLIoctl function.

Example EndBLIoctl();

## **GetBLDrvHandle**

Call Format int WINAPI GetBLDrvHandle( HANDLE \* pHndl )

Return Value 0: Normal

1: Error

Arguments (I/O) HANDLE \*pHndl Pointer to the device driver handle

Processing Gets the device driver handle to communicate with the

device driver.

Example int ret;

HANDLE hndl;

ret = GetBLDrvHandle( &hndl );



An error will occur if the Backlight Control Device Driver is not running.

## **GetBLDrvVersion**

Call Format BOOL WINAPI GetBLDrvVersion

(int \*pMajor, int \*pMinor)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I/O) int \*pMajor Pointer to version information (Major, 0 to 99).

(I/O)int \*pMinor Pointer to version information (Minor, 0 to 99).

Processing Gets the driver's version information.

Example BOOL ret;

int Major, Minor;

ret = GetBLDrvVersion( &Major, &Minor );



If the version is 1.10, then you will get

Major: 1 (decimal)
Minor: 10 (decimal).

**SetBLControl** 

Call Format BOOL WINAPI SetBLControl (int BLFlag)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int BLF flag Setting Parameters

BACKLIGHT\_OFF Backlight OFF
BACKLIGHT\_ON Backlight ON

Processing Sets the backlight ON/OFF.

Example BOOL ret;

// Turns the backlight control ON.

ret = SetBLControl( BACKLIGHT\_ON );

**GetBLControl** 

Call Format BOOL WINAPI GetBLControl (int pBLFlag)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I/O) int \*pBLFlag Pointer to backlight condition

BACKLIGHT\_OFF Backlight OFF BACKLIGHT\_ON Backlight ON

Processing Gets the backlight control (settings) condition.

Example BOOL ret;

int BLFlag;

// Gets the backlight control (settings) condition.

ret = GetBLControl( &BLFlag );

## A.8.5 Visual C++ Functions

| Function Name   | Description                         |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|
| GetBLDrvHandle  | Gets the driver handle              |
| GetBLDrvVersion | Gets the driver version             |
| SetBLControl    | Sets the backlight control values   |
| GetBLControl    | Gets the backlight control settings |

# A.8.6 Visual C++ Function Specifications (Details)

## **GetBLDrvHandle**

Call Format int GetBLDrvHandle( void )

Return Value 0: Normal

1: Error

Arguments None

Processing Gets the device driver handle to communicate with the

device driver. The handle obtained is stored in the member

variable m\_handle.

Example 1 CPL\_BLIoctl m\_BLIoc;

m\_BLIoc.GetBLDrvHandle();

Example 2 int ret;

HANDLE hndl;

ret = ::GetBLDrvHandle( &hndl );



An error will occur if the Backlight Control Device Driver is not running.

#### **GetBLDrvVersion**

Call Format BOOL GetBLDrvVersion( int \*pMajor, int \*pMinor )

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I/O) int \*pMajor Pointer to version information (Major, 0 to 99).

(I/O)int \*pMinor Pointer to version information (Minor, 0 to 99).

Processing Gets the driver's version information.

Example 1 CPL\_BLIoctl m\_BLIoc;

BOOL ret;

int Major, Minor;

ret = m\_BLIoc.GetBLDrvVersion( &Major, &Minor );

Example 2 BOOL ret;

int Major, Minor;

ret = ::GetBLDrvVersion( &Major, &Minor );



If the version is 1.10, then you will get

Major: 1 (decimal)
Minor: 10 (decimal).

#### **SetBLControl**

Call Format BOOL SetBLControl (int BLFlag)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I) int BLFlag Setting Parameters

BACKLIGHT\_OFF Backlight OFF

BACKLIGHT\_ON Backlight ON

Processing Sets the backlight ON/OFF.

Example 1 CPL\_BLIoc m\_BLIoc;

BOOL ret:

// Turns the backlight control ON.

ret = m\_BLIoc.SetBLControl( BACKLIGHT\_ON )

Example 2 BOOL ret

// Turns the backlight control ON.

ret = ::SetBLControl( BACKLIGHT\_ON );

## GetBLControl

Call Format BOOL GetBLControl (int \*pBLFlag)

Return Value TRUE: Normal

FALSE: Error

Arguments (I/O) int \*pBLFlag Pointer to backlight condition

BACKLIGHT\_OFF Backlight OFF

BACKLIGHT\_ON Backlight ON

Processing Gets the backlight control (settings) status.

Example 1 CPL\_BLIoc m\_BLIoc;

BOOL ret; int BLFlag;

// Gets the backlight control condition.

 $ret = m_BLIoc.GetBLControl(\&BLFlag);$ 

Example 2 BOOL ret;

int BLFlag;

// Turns the backlight control ON.
ret = ::GetBLControl( &BLFlag );

## A.8.7 Visual Basic Functions

| Function Name   | Description                         |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|
| InitBLIoctl     | Creates the CPL_loctl object        |
| EndBLloct       | Destroys the CPL_loctl object       |
| GetBLDrvHandle  | Gets the driver handle              |
| GetBLDrvVersion | Gets the driver version             |
| SetBLControl    | Sets the backlight control values   |
| GetBLControl    | Gets the backlight control settings |

# A.8.8 Visual Basic Function Specifications (Details)

**InitBLIoctl** 

Call Format Declare Sub InitBLIoctl Lib "PL\_BLIoc.dll" ()

Return Value None Arguments None

Processing Creates a CPL\_BLIoctl object. The object once created is not

destroyed until the EndBLIoctl function is called.

Example Call InitBLIoctl

**EndBLIoctl** 

Call Format Declare Sub EndBLIoctl Lib "PL\_BLIoc.dll" ()

Return Value None Arguments None

Processing Destroys the object created using the InitBLIoctl function.

Example Call EndBLIoctl

**GetBLDrvHandle** 

Call Format Declare Function GetBLDrvHandle Lib "PL\_BLIoc.dll"

(ByRef hndl As Long) As Long

Return Value 0: Normal

1: Error

Arguments hndl As Long Pointer to device driver handle (pass by reference)

Processing Gets the device driver handle to communicate with the

device driver.

Example Dim ret As Long

Dim hndl As Long

ret = GetBLDrvHandle( hndl )



Note: An error will occur if the Backlight Control Device Driver is not running.

## **GetBLDrvVersion**

Call Format Declare Function GetBLDrvVersion Lib "PL\_BLIoc.dll"

(ByRef Major As Long, ByRef Minor As Long) As Long

Return Value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Arguments Major As Long Pointer to version information (Major, 0 to 99)

(pass by reference)

Minor As Long Pointer to version information (Minor, 0 to 99)

(pass by reference)

Processing Gets the driver's version information.

Example Dim ret As Long

Dim Major As Long Dim Minor As Long

ret = GetBLDrvVersion(Major, Minor)



## If the version is 1.10, then you will get

Major: 1 (decimal)
Minor: 10 (decimal).

## **SetBLControl**

Call Format Declare Function SetBLControl Lib "PL BLIoc.dll"

(ByVal BLFlag As Long) As Long

Return Value Other than 0: Normal

0: Error

Arguments BLFlag As Long Setting Parameters (pass by value)

BACKLIGHT\_OFF Backlight OFF BACKLIGHT\_ON Backlight ON

Processing Sets the backlight ON/OFF.

Example Dim ret As Long;

// Turns the backlight control ON.

ret = SetBLControl( BACKLIGHT\_ON )